St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

VOL. XXXII. ST. LOUIS, MONDAY, MAY 26, 1884. NO. 284.

ANOTHER BIG CUT

IN

SHOES!

TO CLOSE OUT THE STOCK OF THE

MOUND CITY SHOE STORE.

READ THESE FIGURES CAREFULLY.

	Former Mound City Prices.	Now Bankrupt Prices.
Infants' Shoes,	$1 25,	$ 50
Ladies' French Kid Button, from	$8 50 to 7 50,	5 50
Ladies' French Kid, E. C. Burt's make	6 50,	5 00
Ladies' French Kid,	5 50,	4 00
Ladies' Fine Straight Goat,	6 50,	4 00
Ladies' Fine Cur. Kid,	5 00,	3 00
Ladies' Fine Cur. Kid,	4 50,	2 50
Misses' French Kid Button,	4 50,	2 50
Misses' Cur. Kid Button,	3 50,	2.00
Misses' Goat Kid Button,	3 00,	1 50
Children's Goat Kid Button,	2 50,	1 50
Children's Goat Kid Button, from	$4 to 2 00,	1 00
Children's Spring Heels,	2 00,	75
Men's Hand-made Button and Congress,	8 50,	6 00
Men's Hand-made Lace,	8 50,	5 50
Men's Low Shoes,	7 00,	4 50
Men's Hand-made Low Shoes,	7 50,	5 00
Boys' Lace and Button,	3 50,	1 50
Ladies' Black Satin Slippers,	5 00,	2 50
Youths' Calf Lace Shoes,	2 75,	1 00
Youths' Calf Low Ties,	2 75,	1 00
Misses' Goat Button,	3 00,	1 50
Children's Heel Shoes,	2 00,	1 00
Men's Embroidered Slippers,	4 00,	1 50
Children's Slippers,	1 75,	75
Ladies' Newport Button,	3 00,	1 50

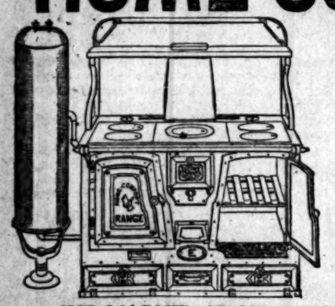
Complete Stock of Ladies' Low Shoes and Slippers too Numerous to Mention.

Another such a chance may not occur for years, so be here in Time MONDAY MORNING.

JOEL SWOPE, for the Assignee.

411 NORTH FOURTH ST.,

"HOME COMFORT"



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Are the best because they are made in all sizes, of best material, are more convenient, more easily managed, consume less fuel, heat quicker, retain heat longer, bake better, heat more water, will last longer and give better satisfaction than any Range or Stove made.

WROUGHT IRON LAUNDRY STOVES.

The most perplexing days to house keepers are washing and ironing days. Realizing this and sympathizing with the good housewife, we have perfected the above Laundry Stove, and believe it will mitigate the troubles mentioned, and lessen the number of "Blue Mondays."

ALL GOODS FULLY WARRANTED.

SIMMONS HARDWARE CO.

Sole and Exclusive Agents in and for the City of St. Louis.

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WROUGHT IRON RANGE COMPANY, 1901 Washington Ave. ST. LOUIS, MO.

CATALOGUES NOW READY.

CHARTER OAK RANGES

AND TINNERS' STOCK OF ALL KINDS.

FOR SALE BY

EXCELSIOR MANUFACTURING CO.

SUMMER RESORTS.

THE WENTWORTH.

NEWCASTLE, N. H.

Railroad Station, Portsmouth, N. H.

OPEN JUNE 26. Accommodations for 600 guests. Has more attractions than any other seaside resort on the Atlantic coast. House contains every modern appliance, spacious rooms, *best of beds*, large elevators, halls for music and dancing, fine orchestra of 20 pieces; has bowling and billiard rooms, excellent boating, fishing and bathing, steam yacht for excursions, sail and row boats, and coaching and livery stable newly furnished with the best stock, harnesses and carriages. An elegant Tally Ho coach with London made harnesses and splendid team of six bays; the finest turnout in the country. Electric lights illuminate the grounds. Telegraph station in house. New York and Boston stock reports received hourly. The Wentworth is reached by the Eastern Railroad in one hour and fifty minutes from Boston. Four hours' ride from Fayban House by way of White Mountain Notch and North Conway. The Sea Shore Express with elegant Pullman cars, leaving Boston at 3:15 p. m., and Portsmouth at 7:20 a. m., will make the run between Boston and Portsmouth in one hour and thirty-five minutes. Coaches of the hotel are always in waiting at Portsmouth.

GEORGE F. THOMPSON, Manager.

MANHATTAN BEACH HOTEL

WILL OPEN MAY 29 AND THE

ORIENTAL HOTEL

JUNE 24. The Boulevard Manhattan will be completed in time for the opening of the Oriental, and guests can drive direct from New York to the hotel via the bridge, Brooklyn and Prospect Park. Stabling for horses on the property. All information can be had by addressing

HENRY McKINNIE, Manager, 115 Broadway, N. Y., room 35.

TARRANT'S

LONG AND FAVORABLY KNOWN AS AN INVALUABLE FAMILY REMEDY

SELTZER

FOR CONSTIPATION, DYSPEPSIA, RHEUMATIC AND GOUTY AFFECTIONS. DURING COLD WEATHER IT MAY BE TAKEN IN HOT WATER ONE HOUR BEFORE MEALS WITH MOST BENEFICIAL RESULTS.

APERIENT.

THE "BIG FOUR" PEERLESS PAPILLON REMEDIES

SKIN CURE,

CATARRH CURE,

COUGH CURE,

BLOOD CURE,

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

LATEST EDITION.

GATHERING DELEGATES.

Arrivals at Chicago in Anticipation of the June Convention.

Arthur's Manipulation of the Federal Machine—Southern Delegates Who Favor the Present Incumbent—The Hotel Accommodations—A Look at the Hall Where the Convention is to Meet.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

CHICAGO, May 25.—Every fellow who registers at a Chicago hotel now is a confidence man in the eyes of the clerk until he proves himself otherwise. He is questioned with as much manifest apprehension concerning the duration of his stay as though he were an Aunt Jemima from Scandalville, who had dropped in on her city kinsfolk with a big bandbox and a fat carpet bag. If he doesn't know exactly how many days he will be in town, the atmosphere of the rotunda immediately becomes very chilly and continues so until he has some definite information to give on the point in question. If he only wants to stay one day or even two days, he is assigned a room with great alacrity. If his estimate reaches three or more days, the clerk tells him that the prospects are dubious, and the chances are that he cannot be accommodated with a room for that period. The explanation of it all is that hotel accommodations are at a great premium for the week preceding the Republican Convention, and a very large number of rooms have been under engagement ever since the time when the place of holding the convention was fixed. Such rooms as are not actually engaged are reserved by the hotel men, in most cases, on the same plan that some theatrical managers "reserve" every seat in their houses when they are about to present a superior attraction. If a man once gets possession of a room without any stipulation as to time of occupancy, there may be some trouble about ejecting him or assigning him sleeping partners, and hence all their circumspection about the reception of guests at this time. Any of the leading hotels will guarantee a cot during convention week to any one willing to pay from $3 50 to $5 per day, but a man who wants a room all to himself may as well save his breath as to ask for it, unless he is willing to pay the hotel as much as the room would yield on the cot basis. During the past three days the four or five principal hotels have provided themselves with several thousand of these exasperating articles of furniture, and great will the harvest be if they have occasion to use all of their stock. Notwithstanding all this, there seems to be no good reason to expect that any one will have no alternative but that of sleeping on a cot or walking the streets all night. On the contrary, there are indications that good beds at reasonable prices will be readily found by all convention visitors who are willing to ride a half mile or a mile from the City Hall to be accommodated. If any large number of visitors make up their minds to do this, there will be no uncomfortable crowding at any of the high-priced hotels. Good rooms in large numbers can be procured yet in the residence districts at one dollar and even less per day.

The number of delegates already on the ground is very small indeed, and those who are here explain that they came early merely in order to attend to private business before their duties should begin. It is confidently expected, however, that the influx will set in by to-morrow evening, and that by Wednesday the stream will be a steady one.

THE WORK OF PREPARING THE CONVENTION HALL is progressing very rapidly, and very little remains to be done. Some idea of the preparations of the undertaking may be gained from the statement that the fitting up of the hall will cost about $15,000. It so happens that three great events are to happen here in quick succession, namely, the great May festival, which opens on Tuesday afternoon; the Republican National Convention, which takes place a week thereafter, and the Democratic National Convention, which takes place close upon the heels of the Republican gathering. As the three will occupy the same hall, an arrangement has been made under which each enterprise will bear one-third of the cost of preparation. The place selected is the Exposition Building, which is situated on the lake front, and is specially well adapted for festival and convention purposes. It is the same building that Garfield was nominated in, although the same portion of it will not be used as was made to serve on that occasion. It is 800 feet, or nearly three blocks long, and is of a curious style of architecture. It is as though a large number of gigantic horse shoes were stood upon end at intervals of thirty or forty feet, their heels resting on the ground and their arches sustaining the roof of the structure. By this means an auditorium 800 feet long, 150 feet wide and 90 feet high is created, without so much as a single pillar or rod to obstruct the view from one end to the other. The width is increased by low-roofed extensions 45 feet wide on either side of these supporting arches, making altogether a room 800x340 feet. Of course the human voice would be absolutely lost in such an immense auditorium as this, and the Committee of Arrangements determined to cut the building in two, and to wall in only so much of it as lies inside the upright horse-shoes. This has been done, and the effect is to make a room nearly twice as long as the grand Merchants' Exchange Hall of St. Louis, fifty per cent wider and of the same height. A whole forest of lumber has been used in making these alterations. A false floor has been put in the entire hall. About sixty feet from the north end is

THE SPEAKERS' PLATFORM,

semi-circular in shape, while back of it rise fifteen or twenty tiers of seats in amphitheatrical form. In front of the speakers' platform the floor maintains a level for about 125 feet, then makes a gradual rise for another 125 feet, like the modern theater dress circle, and then rises in an amphitheater which duplicates that at the north end of the hall. Running along either side of the hall, at a height of about thirty feet from the floor, is a gallery, containing eight or ten rows of seats, and on the floor immediately under it these tiers are duplicated. In every part of this great space chairs have been placed with mathematical arrangement, the number being just 9,000. By this arrangement that vast number of people can be comfortably seated, every one of whom will have an absolutely unobstructed view of every part of the hall, and the picture presented by such a multitude under this arrangement will doubtless be a grand one. It will be seen that the people in the north amphitheater will be nearly a block and a half distant from those in the south amphitheater, and at first thought the proposition would seem preposterous that the human voice could be understood through so great a space. The acoustic arrangements, however, have been carefully looked to, and by the erection of immense sounding boards over each amphitheater and along the sides of the hall, after the style of sound reflectors which are erected over latter-day pulpits, the most admirable results have been secured. Tests were made to-day, and a man speaking in an ordinary tone in one amphitheater could be distinctly understood in the other. Every seat in the house is numbered, and every portion is reached by a separate entrance and a separate stairway. The entrances and exits are some twenty in number, and the aisles, of which there are many, are of extraordinary breadth. A space immediately in front of the speaker's platform will be reserved for 300 special correspondents of the daily newspapers of the country.

THE LEVEL PART OF THE HALL

and a portion of the rising section will be appropriated to the 840 delegates and the 500 alternates. On the reporters' platform there will be accommodations for 200 distinguished guests of the convention, and the other 7,000 seats will be filled by spectators, to be admitted only by tickets. The decorations are to be very elaborate, and will be made under direction of an artist brought here from Cincinnati for the work. Flags, bunting, flowers and pictures will be used in the work. The ceiling of the entire building has been painted a sky-blue and the girders a bright red, the effect being very pretty indeed. Every part of the building is very light by reason of the fact that the upper half of the side walls are of glass. The location of each delegation will be indicated by an elegant silk banner, one foot by three in dimensions, borne upon a brass standard which will be screwed firmly to the floor. Every State will be represented by a handsome silk banner bearing its coat of arms. On the platform will be displayed large portraits of Washington, Lincoln and Garfield. In fact, the lakeside people are determined to outshine all who ever undertook to entertain a national convention. Special care has been taken to guard against fire. The paint is all fire-proof, and this feature alone cost $4,400. A large Babcock engine is stationed in the building, and only a few yards north of the structure are an engine company, a hook and ladder company, and a Babcock company. The large space under the north amphitheater has been divided off into fifteen or twenty apartments by pine partitions. One large apartment is being fitted up to accommodate fifty-six telegraph operators. The smaller apartments will be used first by the stars who participate in the May Festival, and afterward by the convention committees. Artists for Harper's and Frank Leslie's weeklies are already here making sketches of the building and its surroundings, and there is a very large demand for admission to the hall, even at this early day.

The Strength of the Favorites.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

CHICAGO, May 26.—The advance guard of delegates and politicians to attend the Republican Presidential Convention, which meets here June 5, are already on the ground and anxious inquiries are made for hotel accommodations. Collector Robertson of New York is expected Thursday, and will, with his friends, be quartered at the Palmer House. A portion of the New York delegation is booked to arrive Saturday. The main body of politicians from New York and Brooklyn, headed by Johnny O'Brien, Barney Biglin, Michael Dody, A. S. Dutcher and Mr. Roosevelt, the young reformer, will arrive Sunday, by which time it is expected that the hotel will be crowded and the various factions busily at work in the interest of their favorites. To-day a meeting of the sub-committee of which John C. New is chairman, is to be held and arrangements made for the distribution of tickets and seating of delegates. Ample facilities, it is understood, will be provided for representatives of the press and the delegates will be comfortably cared for. Thus far among such politicians as have reached here the names of Galusha A. Grow of Pennsylvania appears to be most prominently mentioned for permanent chairman. It is generally conceded that thus far Blaine and Arthur are in the lead in the contest for the nomination and the other aspirants are regarded as "dark horses" in the race. One of the Republican organs here says that Blaine will start in with 320 votes and Arthur with about 290. Ohio will send a large delegation of active workers in the interest of Blaine. The other candidates will come with parts of States, representing, in the aggregate, a strength of from half a dozen to half a hundred votes each. The

FRIENDS OF THE DARK HORSES,

however, hoped by remaining steadfast to their choice, to attract the co-operation of delegates pledged to one or the other of the two leaders in case neither can develop sufficient strength to pull through. Sherman's friends are busy, and will leave nothing undone to destroy Blaine, but it is hardly probable that Sherman will capture any of the Blaine men. Logan's supporters are indulging the hope that if Blaine breaks down they will secure the support of his delegates. The Hawley and Gresham men hope for a similar support from the Arthur delegates should the latter not be able to carry the present White House occupant to victory. Arthur, of course, will have the support of the Government officials of high and low degree. In this connection the following list of Southern delegates, all of whom are for Arthur, will be found interesting. The positions they also hold indicate how the Federal machinery is being used by the President:

ALABAMA—C. C. Sheats, Deputy Collector of Internal Revenue; F. H. Threat, Inspector of the Custom House; Paul Strobach, United States Marshal; A. A. Mabson, Ticket Agent; A. W. McCullough, Clerk United States Court; Isaac Heyman, Postmaster, Opelika; William Youngblood, Postmaster, Union Springs; J. S. Carson, Postmaster, Dug; W. W. Stephens, Postmaster, Hanoiville; R. A. Mosley, Postmaster, Talladega.

ARKANSAS—Henry M. Cooper, Collector Internal Revenue; M. W. Gibbs, Register Land Office, Little Rock; T. H. Johnson, Deputy Collector Internal Revenue; A. A. Tufts, Register United States Land Office.

FLORIDA—Dennis Eagan, Collector Internal Revenue; Joseph L. Lee, Deputy Collector Customs; J. D. Cole, United States Commissioner; A. C. Lightbourne, Railway Mail Agent.

GEORGIA—A. E. Buck, Clerk United States Court; W. A. Pledger, Surveyor of Customs; W. H. Johnson, Collector Internal Revenue; W. D. Moore, Clerk to Collector Internal Revenue; W. D. Wilson, Deputy Collector Internal Revenue; C. W. Arnold, Postmaster of Albany; A. W. Wilson, United States Commissioner, Savannah; W. W. Brown, United States Commissioner, Macon; L. M. Pleasants, Collector of Internal Revenue; Elbert Head, son of Postmaster, and Deputy; Madison Davis, Chief Clerk Third Assistant Postmaster General.

KENTUCKY—Walter Evans, commissioner of internal revenue; J. Z. Moore, U. S. commissioner; A. B. Hipp, postmaster at Lebanon; D. Tolly, storekeeper at a distillery; W. C. Goodloe, U. S. Commissioner; G. M. Thomas, U. S. District Attorney.

LOUISIANA—A. J. Dumont, Naval Officer; P. B. S. Pinchback, Surveyor; A. S. Badger, Collector; R. F. Gineliard, Examiner in Custom House; P. F. Herwig, Assistant U. S. Treasurer; Geo. Denny, Collector of Internal Revenue; L. A. Martin, Deputy Surveyor of Customs; A. H. Leonard, U. S. District Attorney; W. B. Merchant, Postmaster at New Orleans; Frank Morey, Inspector of Internal Revenue, Wm. Harper, Deputy Collector of Customs.

MISSISSIPPI—B. K. Bruce, register treasury; James Hill, Collector Internal Revenue; T. S. Burton, Deputy Collector Internal Revenue; J. W. Bourne, Collector Internal Revenue; C. A. Simpson, Deputy Collector Customs; J. M. Bynum, Postmaster at Antioch; W. H. Kennon, Postmaster at Columbus; F. Granberry, Postmaster at Midway; J. A. Galbraith, inspector Mail Depredations.

NORTH CAROLINA—J. H. Harris, Deputy Collector Internal Revenue; J. B. Hill, U. S. Marshal; E. A. White, Collector Internal Revenue; John H. Leary, Deputy Collector Internal Revenue; I. J. Young, Collector Internal Revenue; Hugh Humphrey, Deputy Collector Internal Revenue; F. R. Keogh, U. S. Marshal; E. J. Pennypacker, Collector Customs, Wilmington; G. L. Mabson, Inspector Customs, Wilmington; H. C. Cowles, clerk United States Court; Lafyette Greene, United States Commissioner; J. B. Eaves, Gauger Internal Revenue.

SOUTH CAROLINA—E. M. Brayton, Collector Internal Revenue; E. T. Blodget, Deputy Collector Internal Revenue; W. A. Taft, United States Storekeeper; Samuel Lee, Timber Agent; E. H. Deas, clerk in Pension Office, Washington, D. C.; T. B. Johnson, Collector Customs; R. W. Boone, Postmaster; C. M. Wider, Postmaster; W. S. Thompson, Postmaster.

TENNESSEE—J. C. Napier, Clerk Internal Revenue; T. F. Cassets, Surveyor, Memphis; J. W. Brown, Treasury Agent; B. W. Buford, United States Storekeeper; W. M. Elam, Agent Quartermaster-General; H. L. W. Cheatham, Deputy Collector Internal Revenue; A. M. Hughes, Collector Internal Revenue; Richard Harris, Postmaster; J. A. Watkins, Postmaster; J. C. Chumlea, Postmaster; A. M. Hughes, jr., Clerk in Post Office Department.

TEXAS—Richard Allen, United States Storekeeper; Webster Flannigan, United States Commissioner; A. G. Malloy, Collector Customs; J. W. Renfrew, Postmaster.

VIRGINIA—Contested, but all delegates are office holders and for Arthur.

MARYLAND—All claimed by the Arthur men; mostly office holders.

United States Marshal Jones, who has just returned from a visit to Washington, when asked what he thought of the situation, said: "Oh, I think it is conceded by all that Blaine is the man at present."

"What about Arthur?"

"Well, in spite of the public manifestations about him, I never heard it mentioned either in New York, Washington or on the trains, who would present his name."

Chairman New on the Ground.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

CHICAGO, May 26.—Hon. John C. New arrived last night from Indianapolis, and as he is chairman of the Sub-Committee of the National Republican Committee, the Local Committee on Arrangements abdicated this morning in his favor. As soon as he could escape from his political callers at the Palmer House, he was taken in charge by a couple of members of the local committee and the Exposition Hall was visited, where, with a laudable pride, the Chicagoans exhibited to him the arrangements, which showed how well they had done their duty. On the stage Theodore Thomas and an orchestra of about 150 performers were engaged in a rehearsal. The great Theodore was cased in a thick bobtailed coat that was buttoned up to his chin, which was surmounted by a muffler, while on his head was a close-fitting, soft felt hat. He had evidently heard the alarming reports of the frigidity of the Chicago climate, and had not yet discovered their inaccuracy. As he waived his baton over the aggregation of wind and string artists in overcoats and plug hats, he looked more like the manager of a whaling excursion than director of a musical festival. His thin, sharp voice, as it ejaculated in German a word of instruction or disapproval of some particular note in the great volume of sound from time to time, was altogether a surprise, as one would expect a man of his physique to possess a cello rather than a first violin organ of speech. The ladies who did the harp work in the orchestra were all in full street costume. Notwithstanding all this lack of familiarity and notwithstanding the tick-a-tuck of a large number of tack hammers which were at work on the decorations in all parts of

THE GREAT HALL,

the effect of the music was probably much finer than it will be at to-morrow's matinee for there was nothing in the vast space to deaden its resonance. The Committee on Arrangements for the nonce forgot about the nomination for the Presidency, and Mr. New, in response to several questions as to whether this feature and that suited him, made numerous utterly irrelevant answers. After a while, however, the politicians settled down to the work of inspection, and after this partition had been ordered back a few yards, and that platform had been ordered enlarged 50 per cent, the work was finally approved. Accompanying the committee was Mr. W. H. Smith, the Western agent of the Associated Press, who was looking after the arrangements for his reporters, with the eye of a man who has been to all the conventions for a quarter of a century and knows where the snags are to be struck. He will have a large force of stenographers, who will relieve each other at very brief intervals, retiring one by one to a commodious room back of the amphitheater, where they will dictate their reports to type-writers, who, in turn, will pass them over to

THE TELEGRAPHIC ARMY,

a few yards away. By this means all possibility of manuscript blunders will be avoided. Mr. New is densely ignorant as to all matters pertaining to the strength of the respective candidates; in fact he is not sure he knows who the candidates are. A man from New Zealand is far preferable as a subject for a political interview to him. But when you come to talk about accommodations for special correspondents in the convention hall, he is entirely at home. "You have no conception," said he, "of the remarkable assurance displayed by some of the newspapers. Why, little far away weeklies that never received a special dispatch in their lives, and never expect to receive one, if they can only know of it in time to head it off, have written to me for from four to six seats at the correspondents' tables. Of course we want to accomodate all working correspondents, but in order to be able to do it we will have to rule out all newspaper men who are not actually sending away special telegraphic reports. Four of the Chicago papers have applied for twenty seats each, and allowing the other ten Chicago papers five seats each, it will only take one hundred and thirty of the three hundred tickets to provide for Chicago. This leaves one hundred and seventy for the other newspapers of the United States, for which the other papers will be duly grateful." The only other member of the sub-committe of the National Committee now here is Mr. Martin of Kansas, but a large number of committee men and delegates are expected to-night.

THE HEADQUARTERS OF THE NATIONAL COMMITTEE are located at 127 Dearborn street, but the callers there are very few. Curiously enough no arrangements have been made by which the State delegations are to make any report of their arrival, consequently the only way of determining what delegates have arrived is to visit the various hotels and compare the lists of delegates with the names on the register. Had the chairman or any member of the respective delegations been requested by circular to send prompt notice of their arrival to the committee headquarters, a great deal of confusion, uncertainty and trouble could have been avoided.

BOTTLED INFORMATION.

The Bargain With Garfield Regarding the Appointment of Stanley Matthews.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 26.—Several weeks ago Ex-Senator Thomas C. Platt made a statement to a Washington gentleman of what he would be willing to testify before a properly organized investigating committee concerning Stanley Matthews' appointment to the Supreme Court. He gave an interesting story of a meeting in his law office in 1880 where $300,000 was subscribed toward carrying Indiana, conditioned upon a written agreement given by Garfield that if he was elected he would appoint Stanley Matthews Justice of the Supreme Court. This agreement was held by Whitelaw Reid, and a copy was given to Mr. Platt. It is said that Mr. Platt is now willing to give up the copy of this agreement, and tell the story connected with it. Mr. Springer at one time thought he might be able to develop the fact in this case, but the resolution under which he is working gives him no authority, and a majority of the committee, it is understood, are opposed to asking for an extension of their powers. Now it is understood there is a movement upon the Senate side looking toward an investigation of this subject. The subject will come up probably after the June convention.

TILDEN'S PHYSICAL CONDITION.

Another Rumor That Places the Gramercy Park Statesman on the Shelf.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, May 26.—Information was received late yesterday afternoon that ex-Gov. Tilden had suffered a very decided change for the worse in the condition of his health, which was causing great apprehension in the circle of his intimate friends. The immediate cause of this alarming change was not stated. In view of the general interest felt all over the country in the health of Mr. Tilden, as the probable standard-bearer of one of the great parties in the next Presidential campaign, every rumor concerning him becomes of paramount importance. Mr. Tilden, it is well known, has been suffering for some time with partial paralysis; but through all he has preserved a mind astonishingly clear and astute. No immediate danger, therefore, was apprehended, so long as the retired statesman rested and remained from active political business excitement it was thought he would hardly suffer any sudden prostration; and it is said that Mr. Tilden has been a very obedient and cautious patient, refraining until lately from all excitement likely to aggravate his bodily troubles. Inquiry at Mr. Tilden's house in Gramercy Square elicited the response that he was not at home, as he had gone to his country house.

OVERTAKEN AT MARSHALL.

A Kansas City Man's Wife Who Needed Searching For.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

MARSHALL, Mo., May 25.—B. F. Bugman, a saloonkeeper from Kansas City, arrived here yesterday in search of his wife, who, he claims, came here Thursday at the solicitation of a sporting man in this city. He made known his grievances to the police and, after continued search during the day, found her last night at 11 o'clock at the Tremont House, registered as Anna Stevens. She was in company with another woman when found, and positively refused to make any statement. At the earnest solicitation of her husband to return home, she finally agreed to do so and both left for Kansas City this morning.

Methodist Protestant Convention.

BALTIMORE, May 26.—In the Methodist Protestant Convention this morning, Rev. L. B. Applegate reported that the annual conferences failed to cover the expenses of the delegates to the Ecumenical Council in London. Only those who paid their own expenses attended. Adrian, Mich., was selected for holding the next general convention. A resolution that two editors be selected for the Methodist Protestant and Recorder, at a salary of $1,500 each, was referred to the publishing committee. A resolution was adopted that the journal of the convention be published and sold to purchasers instead of assessing the conferences.

Presbyterian General Assembly.

SARATOGA, May 26.—In the Presbyterian General Assembly during the morning session a resolution was adopted for continuing the correspondence with the South Assembly by letter. A fraternal letter from the Methodist General Conference was read. The response of the Assembly was also read. The recommendation of the committee on reduced representation was adopted. The narrative on the state of the religion of the church and the necrological report was read. The Assembly next year meets at Cincinnati.

The Reading Railway Employes.

PHILADELPHIA, May 26.—It is officially stated that the employes of the Reading Coal and Iron Company will be paid cash; the miners and other employes have been paid in thirty day certificates. The scrip is only issued for the April and May bills and not for regular employes. This averts the threatened trouble.

Shoving the Queer.

A man described as about 35 years old, 5 feet 9 inches high, heavy limbed, light hair, mustache and goatee, wore a blue shirt and white tie, attempted to pass a counterfeit dollar on a boy attending a corner of Seventh street and Washing-

FOR THE SECOND PLACE.

Bill Morrison Thought of for Tilden's Running Mate.

A Democratic Presidential Ticket That Would Suit the Tariff Reformers—Attorney Bliss Wanted to Let Dorsey Go—The McKinley and McLean Election Contests—Congress.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 26.—It is reported to-day that a strong effort is to be made to place Morrison on the Democratic ticket for second place, with Tilden. The tariff reform element of the party would be pretty well satisfied with this, as they think the chances are that Tilden would die before his term had far advanced, and would leave them with their most illustrious representative in the Presidential chair. Mr. Hurd is quoted to-day as saying that no more tariff legislation would be undertaken at this session beyond the motion to place lumber, salt and a few other articles on the free list, under the suspension of the rules.

M'KINLEY MUST GO.

It is expected that a vote will be reached on the Wallace-McKinley case to-morrow. It is understood that Robertson, Mills and Hurd, Democrats, are to speak for McKinley. The general belief, however, is that he will be unseated. It is expected that about fifteen Democrats will vote for him, but not enough to prevent the majority unseating him.

M'LEAN BEFORE THE ELECTIONS COMMITTEE.

McLean to-day appeared before the House Elections Committee, asking that it act upon his memorial for a recount of the ballots. The matter was informally discussed by the committee, and finally referred to the sub-committee in charge of the McLean case, of which Converse is chairman. No action has been taken as yet by the sub-committee.

A DISTINGUISHED PARTY.

A distinguished party left Washington at noon for Annapolis. It included the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House, members of the Senate and the House Committees on Naval Affairs and Appropriations, Admiral Porter, Lieut.-Gen. Sheridan, the Ministers of England, Russia, Germany and France, and the Maryland members of Congress.

ATTORNEY BLISS' CROOKEDNESS.

W. W. Ker, one of the counsel for the prosecution in the Star Route cases, was examined by Springer's committee to-day in reference to the quashing of the two indictments because the defendants were indicted by their initials. Mr. Ker said he wanted the full names, but Geo. Bliss told him it was impossible to get them. There were also indictments for perjury against one Charles H. Dickson, who is now holding a confidential position in the department of the Interior. He swore falsely as to the value of property. The indictments are still standing. The Attorney-General wanted Ker to examine the witnesses privately and prepare a brief for Bliss, but Bliss told Ker to never mind, that he would look after them, so Ker had nothing to do with the witnesses. When Walsh and Moore were spoken of as witnesses, Bliss discredited them and said they were not worth having anything to do with. Merrick, who had previously been appointed one of counsel, afterward found out both men were valuable witnesses, and was very angry neither had been subpœnaed. "Only about the middle of the first trial," continued witness, "the other counsel and myself were at the Post Office Department. I was waiting outside of one room for Merrick. He came, and as we walked toward the door, he said, in an excited manner, 'What do you suppose Bliss wants? He wants us to let Dorsey go.' I suggested he might have thrown that out as expedient. 'Oh!' he replied, 'he wants to let Dorsey go He also wanted me to go to the Attorney-General and say that three lawyers were too many in the case, and to advise the Attorney-General to dismiss you and let himself and me remain.' I told him to go and tell the Attorney-General I was anxious to get out of the cases. Merrick replied that he would go out if I left. He said he wanted me to stay and help him watch Bliss. The Attorney-General was not told of this interview until I told him myself. When I did tell him he got up, walked the floor and accused me of dereliction."

THE RIVER AND HARBOR BILL.

The river and harbor bill is being taken up in the House this week. It is agreed that Melbourne of Texas is to occupy the chair, which is a point in favor of the bill. It is understood that there is to be a pretty hot fight against the bill by the various local interests, especially those opposed to the Hennepin canal. There will be a desperate effort to strike out the section making an appropriation for this work. The friends of this measure, however, say if it is stricken out they will defeat the entire bill.

THE HOUSE.

The Senate amendments were concurred in in the bill amending the act creating the Northern Judicial District of Texas. The Senate amendments to the Agricultural bill were non-concurred in.

Bills were introduced and referred as follows:

By Mr. Herbert—Abolishing license taxes on dealers in tobacco.

By Mr. Hewitt (New York)—Punishing by fine and imprisonment any official of a National bank who shall obtain from the bank with which he is connected any loan for his own benefit, or for the benefit of any company of which he is a member, by which loss shall occur to the bank.

By Mr. Jordan—To develop the resources of Alaska and open overland communication therewith.

By Mr. Money—Granting pensions to all honorably discharged soldiers of the rebellion when they reach the age of 45.

The Senate amendment was concurred in in the bill providing for the muster of certain officers and men for volunteer forces.

The contested election case of Wallace vs McKinley was then taken up.

Will Return To-Night.

ANNAPOLIS, MD., May 26.—The President and distinguished party visited the Naval Academy at 2 o'clock this afternoon, and will return to Washington to-night.

[illegible] CARS OF STRAWBERRIES.

Stabbed to the Heart—Wheat Crops Damaged—Illinois Items.

CAIRO, ILL., May 26.—The strawberry crop is not as good as last year but it is larger. Forty cars were loaded between this place and Centralia yesterday. Over $500,000 worth of berries will be shipped from this section, mostly to Chicago.

BLOOMINGTON, ILL., May 26.—Ralph Hill, a 9-year-old son of Mrs. W. P. Hill, a widow, was wounded in the face and head by the accidental discharge of a shotgun, yesterday.

DECATUR, ILL., May 26.—Roach, Cann & McReynolds' tile works were destroyed by fire yesterday morning. Loss, $6,000; insurance, $2,000.

QUINCY, ILL., May 26.—Gen. Beh. Prentiss, Missouri delegate at large to the Chicago convention, was here yesterday. He said he was for the strongest man. He expressed friendliness for Arthur and looked on him as a dark horse.

SPRINGFIELD, ILL., May 26.—Horace Enos and John Camp, his hired man, were plowing about fourteen miles from here Saturday afternoon. Enos charged Camp with being lazy. Camp assaulted Enos with a rail and Enos defended himself with a knife. In the fight Enos stabbed Camp in the heart.

MARSHALL, ILL., May 25.—Burglars stole from the pockets of J. H. Miller, whose house they had broken into, $130 in money Saturday. Other houses were burglarized for smaller amounts.

CLINTON, ILL., May 26.—Memorial services were held by the G. A. R. in the First M. E. Church yesterday.

ROCKFORD, ILL., May 26.—The G. L. Nevins Post, G. A. R., attended the Centennial Church last evening, where memorial services were held.

MARINE, ILL., May 26.—The heading out of cheat has damaged the wheat crop very seriously in Madison County. The acreage of corn will be large. Planting will not be finished before July 1. Fruits will be had in abundance.

SPRINGFIELD, ILL., May 26.—At the dedication of the hall of the Jefferson Club Saturday night ex-Governor John M. Palmer made the opening speech, advocating the nomination of Tilden. Every allusion to Tilden was greeted with cheers.

JUMPED THE TRACK.

A Passenger Train on the Cairo Division of the Wabash.

CAIRO, May 26.—A passenger train on the Wabash Railroad which left here at 4 o'clock this morning, consisting of an engine, baggage car, and one passenger coach, jumped the track near Grand Chain and turned over, scalding Engineer Fisher. Several passengers were hurt. Mr. Wesner was badly injured.

The Bridal Bulletin.

The following marriage licenses were issued today: Jacob Schwab, Chicago, Ill., to Mary Toohey, St. Louis; Frank Tillman, 2206 S. Third, to Clara Kramse, 2206 S. Third; Adolph Duba, House's Spring, Mo., to Francis Horacek, 1417 Picker street; Henry Schillig, 3551 S. Broadway, to Katie Roth, 2543 Bismarck street; John J. Dickover, Custar City, Dakota, to Annie A. Meek, 2731 Thomas street; William Rieschmann, Perrety County, Ill., to Ricka Wealfmeyer, Compton and Jefferson avenues; Edmond Keane, 732 [illegible] avenue, to Mary Ann Healy, 732 [illegible] avenue; Ferdinand Wiggs, [illegible] to Maggie Bracken, 2115 North Eighteenth street; John P. Schwab, jr., 4008 North Twenty-second street, to Emma Pabitzky, 213 Mallinckrodt street; William Lang, 10 North Seventh street, to Marguerite E. Cooper, 8 North Seventh street; Charles Brown, St. Louis, to Margaret Pendergast, 1423 Clinton street; Fretz Huber, 908 Webster street, to Amanda Sunken, 908 Webster street.

Richard Heinder, 913 Garrison avenue, to Ella Adams, 1110 Franklin; Matthew Bapperl, 1012 Emmet, to Barbara Wise, 1541 Jackson; Ferdinand Kayser, 1900 Palm, to Alwina Dewender, 1900 Palm.

A TERRIBLE DEED.

A Deaf and Dumb Girl Assaulted by Two Scoundrels in Belleville.

Mamie Kilpatrick, a young lady 23 years of age, was the victim of a most brutal assault shortly after midnight Saturday in Belleville, perpetrated by two well-dressed young men whom the police expect to capture before night. The following is the story of the outrage as related by Mrs. Woods, the young lady's mother, to the police yesterday morning: "Myself and daughter, Carrie, attended a wedding Saturday night, leaving our house on Charles and Second South street in charge of Mamie. About 12 o'clock Mamie was standing at the front door, waiting for us to return, when she noticed two young men approaching her. Thinking they were neighbors returning from the wedding she was not alarmed till one of the men caught her by the arm. She struggled and screamed, but was no match in strength for her two assailants, who dragged her to the alleyway, a short distance from the house. The men were unnecessarily rough in their treatment, and marks of their violence are visible on her arms and her body. The young lady reached home just as myself and daughter Carrie returned from the wedding. She related the story to me and I seized a revolver and ran towards the alley, meeting a young man whom I thought was one of her assailants. The young man dropped on his knees as soon as I pointed the revolver at his head and begged me not to shoot as he was not one of the parties. He explained that he had just met two young men running down Second street whom he thought he could overtake and capture. I allowed him to go after he promised to come to me to-day and tell me who the men were." The young lady is confined to bed to-day from the effects of the injuries she sustained. The police are in possession of excellent descriptions of the young men and at noon were confident of having them in Jail in an hour. The young man whom Mrs. Woods had on his knees is undoubtedly one of the parties to the crime. Mrs. Woods visited Squire Guentz office this morning to swear out warrants for the arrest of two well known young men whom she is almost confident perpetrated the outrage, but acting on advice of her attorney, the complaint was withheld till more convincing proof is secured.

THE LINDELL HOTEL CASE.

Answers of Charles and John A. Scudder to W. C. Howard's Petition.

Two answers have been filed in the suit of W. C. Howard against Charles Scudder and others in the Lindell Hotel case. One of them is by John A. Scudder, in which he denies in toto the allegations made by the plaintiff with reference to himself and also with reference to the Lindell Hotel Association. He avers that he is not and has not been a director of the Association. Never approached plaintiff on the subject of buying the stock. He also denies the statement that misrepresentations were made to Howard to induce him to buy the stock, and that frauds were practiced upon him. The answer asserts that large sums were appropriated and retained to Howard's own use which rightfully belonged to the Lindell Hotel Association.

In the answer of Charles Scudder the transaction between the parties is narrated, it avers that the defendant did approach the plaintiff with the purpose of selling him fifty shares of stock in the Lindell Hotel Association, which belonged solely to him, and that the sale was made for the sum of $35,000. The charges of misrepresentation, fraud and deceit are denied, and it is stated that Howard was apprised of the exact condition of the business and examined the books himself. He was also apprised of all the incumbrances on the association. The purchase was therefore made with a full knowledge of the facts. It states also that Howard was elected a director and president of the association and that having taken possession of the stock, and exercising his privileges as such, he appropriated to his own use a sum of money amounting to not less than $3,300. This was done, it is averred, illegally and fraudulently, and greatly depreciated the value of the stock. It is stated also that the notes and shares pledged to the States Savings Association was so done with the knowledge and consent of the plaintiff, and for additional security of the notes of the association held by the new Lindell Hotel Company and the banks a deed of trust was given on the furniture and personal property for a debt amounting to $71,000, and that the property was and is insured, as required by the deed, in the sum of $75,000.

Methodist Episcopal Conference.

PHILADELPHIA, May 26.—The Methodist Episcopal Conference this morning amended the report from the committee to redistrict the General Conference districts so that the present number of twelve was increased to thirteen. There was an acrimonious debate on the proposition of the report. The committee on co-operation in church works, which provides that at each general conference every minister shall be asked a series of questions and that his answers shall be published in the Church Manual, was rejected by a large vote. The report of the committee was adopted with the following amendment:

Resolved, That a commission be appointed to consider the subject of consolidating and unifying the benevolent societies and devise a plan and report to the next general conference.

Warmer Weather.

"The delightfully cool weather will pass away tomorrow under the influence of a steadily rising temperature," said Sergeant Weber to-day. The barometer is high in the central portion of the Missouri Valley and lowest in the extreme southwest and in the eastern portion of the Ohio Valley. Cloudy weather prevails in the Ohio Valley and the Lake Region, and clear and fair in the Mississippi Valley and throughout the West."

An Important Change.

In accordance with a recommendation of the local office, the Signal Department at Washington has issued an order that on the first day of each month all stations shall add to the morning reports the mean temperature and total precipitation for the preceding month. This information will be tabulated in Washington so that by the 3d of each month those two important facts may be known regarding the entire area of the United States.

Mexican Central Coupons.

BOSTON, May 26.—Vice-President Ward says of the statement that the Mexican Central Railroad Company will fund the July coupons that no action whatever has been taken. His opinion is they will not be funded.

Tilden Abbott Indicted.

BOSTON, May 26.—Tilden G. Abbott, late cashier of the Union Market National Bank of Watertown, was to-day indicted for forgery and embezzlement.

EAST ST. LOUIS.

A special meeting of the City Council is called for to-morrow morning.

James Pierson was jailed this morning for running a coal wagon without a license and was fined $3 and costs.

Pat Murphy, a suspicious-looking character, was caught behind the counter in Mayor Winton's drug store last evening and placed under arrest. He was fined $5 and costs this afternoon.

A special meeting of Catholic Knights of America, branch No. 126, will be held at the Herald office this evening to make arrangements for celebrating the fourth anniversary of the branch.

The grinder and bar mills at the Little Rolling Mills shut down this morning, throwing about 100 men out of employment. It is expected both departments will resume work in about a week.

The police this morning inaugurated a war against all suspicious looking characters and all who cannot give a good account of themselves are locked up. At noon all the cells in the police station were crowded. The police hope in this manner to capture the parties who robbed the City Clerk's safe.

A member of the police force and a prominent citizen settled a dispute by a pugilistic encounter last evening. Officer Kinney interfered before either was much injured, and placed them under arrest. They will be tried before Squire Draggon this afternoon.

A two-story frame house situated on Dutch Hill, owned and occupied by Wm. Long, took fire early yesterday morning and was completely destroyed. The origin of the fire is unknown. The loss is estimated at $2,000, with $1,000 insurance in a St. Louis agency.

CITY PERSONALS.

Col. Wm. R. Stubblefield the master mason, has returned from a three weeks visit to the northern part of the State.

Dr. L. D. Wetherill of New York, Supreme Medical Examiner of the Knights and Ladies of Honor, accompanied by his wife, is stopping a few days at the Southern.

HE'S A FLIRT, HE IS.

The President's Son and His Last Sweetheart.

The Death of Miss Crowley, Daughter of the Ex-Congressman of Lockport, N. Y.—Alan Arthur the Cause of Her Death.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, May 26.—The news of the death at Lockport, N. Y., of the daughter of Ex-Congressman Dick Crowley, received this evening, has shocked society people here, where she has been such a favorite. Nearly a year ago she was engaged to Allan Arthur, the President's son. He broke the engagement without any apparent reason. The young lady never recovered from the mortification attendant upon that occasion. During the last year she has rapidly declined, consumption set in, and as early as last fall the physicians could give no hope. Miss Crowley was a tall, stylish blonde, who was much admired during her stay in Washington. When her father was in Congress the family lived at the Arlington Hotel. There were a number of young ladies at the hotel at the time, including the Misses Raney, daughters of Congressman Raney of Boston; Miss Dwight, daughter of Congressman Dwight; Miss Camden, daughter of Senator Camden, and Miss Annie Farwell, daughter of the millionaire Congressman from Chicago. These young ladies formed a society among themselves, and were objects of a great deal of social attention. The wealthy Senator Fair gave a famous dinner in their honor, upon which he lavished great sums in the way of display. The Crowleys were then very intimate at the White House, and were as intimate with the President as if they were members of his own family. They were constantly being entertained by him, and were his most frequent companions at dinner. The young ladies of the Arlington Hotel were also frequently

ENTERTAINED AT THE WHITE HOUSE.

The result of this intimacy was to bring Allan Arthur and Miss Crowley very much together. Young Arthur frequently got up theater parties, to which all the young ladies would be invited. Parties were constantly being made up for excursions in various directions. After a time Allan Arthur singled out Miss Crowley as the especial object of his attentions and they became engaged. Miss Crowley then occupied the post of honor among her young lady friends, as she had captured the President's son. No one foresaw any obstacle to the match, as President Arthur and Mr. Crowley had been friends upon the most intimate footing. Suddenly the engagement was broken off without a word of warning. It was at that time that Crowley resigned his post as special counsel for the prosecution of the South Carolina election cases and had his memorable break with Arthur, leaving the White House in a towering rage, vowing that he would never speak to the President again. Various reasons were given for the break at the time, various political excuses made, but the real reason was the peremptory breaking off of the engagement between Allan Arthur and Miss Crowley. It was understood by those who were in the secret at the time that it was the President who ordered the breaking of the engagement, upon the plea that his son was too young to be bound matrimonially; that he should not consider the subject of matrimony until he had at least

FINISHED HIS COLLEGE CAREER.

This excuse was not considered a good one, because the President had really encouraged the intimacy of the young people; was familiar with the fact of his son's devotion to Miss Crowley, and should have interfered earlier or not at all. Mr. Crowley believed that he broke off the engagement upon the ground of his offering to take a more ambitious match for his son. After Crowley left the White House he refused to give any explanation to his friends for his break with Arthur. In his pride he has even gone so far as to deny that there was any rupture, but Mrs. Crowley has not been so reticent. Mothers are apt to be unreasonable when they think their children have been injured. Mrs. Crowley has been unsparing in her denunciation of Arthur. As her daughter's health declined she became intensified. She has repeatedly said that if her daughter died she should hold the Arthur family responsible for her death. Last fall the President took pains to seek for a reconciliation with Crowley. This succeeded in a measure, but Mrs. Crowley never has forgotten the Arthurs, and has never entered the White House since the engagement was broken. Mr. Crowley's reconciliation with the President was a very perfunctory one. Their intimacy never was resumed. As his daughter's health grew worse during the winter Crowley stopped giving even the appearance of being on friendly terms with Arthur. It is said that Miss Crowley has always been delicate, and that under the most favorable circumstances could never have been very strong. The Crowleys were here until this spring, when they went home with their daughter, carrying with them the bitter consciousness that her life was only a question of a few months.

JEFFERSON CITY.

Decision in the Hays Murder Case—Other Important Supreme Court Opinions.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

JEFFERSON CITY, MO., May 26.—Articles of incorporation of the new town of Minden, in Barton County, were filed to-day.

The Alcoma Land and Cattle Company, Kansas City, capital $300,000, also filed incorporation papers.

SUPREME COURT DECISIONS—OPINION BY HOUGH, C. J.

Needles, respondent, vs. Burk, appellant, Johnson Circuit; reversed and remanded.

BY HENRY, JUDGE.

Cooper, respondent, vs. Johnson et al., appellants, Henry Circuit; affirmed.

Hampton, respondent, vs. Helms, appellant, Ralls Circuit; affirmed.

Valleau, respondent, vs. Newton County, appellant; affirmed.

State, appellant, vs. E. Sebastian, respondent, St. Francois Circuit; reversed and remanded. In this case the court below sustained a demurrer to the information on the ground that a hatchet is not a deadly weapon named in the statue.

BY NORTON, JUDGE

State defendant in error vs. George Cave, plaintiff in error Bates Circuit; affirmed. Cave was indicted, tried and convicted of perjury and sentenced to seven years in the penitentiary.

Thomas Gardner appellant vs. Leonard Matthews et al., respondents, Court of Appeals; affirmed.

State ex rel. Ellison, Collector, appellant vs. Riland respondent, Ozark Circuit. This suit was instituted to recover and enforce the lien of the State for back taxes for the years 1873-4-5. The Court below sustained a demurrer to the petition on the ground that the action was barred by the statute of limitations. This court held that the court erred in sustaining the demurrer; judgment reversed and cause remanded, all concurring.

BY RAY, JUDGE.

Carter, respondent, vs. Davis et al., appellants, Jasper Circuit; revised and remanded.

Fulkerson, appellant, vs. Mitchell, Johnson Circuit; affirmed.

BY SHERWOOD, JUDGE.

O'Shea, et al., respondents, vs. Paine, appellant, Jackson Circuit; affirmed.

State of Missouri, respondent, vs. John Hayes, appellant, Court of Appeals; reversed and remanded; Norton and Ray concurring; Chief Justice Hough concurs in the result; Judge Henry dissenting. The opinion is lengthy and cites many decisions.

Hayes was indicted for murder in the first degree and on trial was convicted. The Court holds that there was abundant testimony to support the conviction. The instructions given covered every phase of the case arising on the facts adduced in evidence. The point on which the reversal is based is the question of jurisdiction. During the pendency of the trial an affidavit for change of venue was filed. Judge Laughlin called in Judge C. H. Barton to try the case, who entered upon its hearing on January 30, 1882. By consent the case was laid over to Wednesday, February 8. On the 3d of February the opinion of the Supreme Court in the case against Kring was promulgated, and Judge Laughlin, believing himself to be acting in conformity with that opinion, set aside the order making Judge Barton the special judge to try the case, and thereafter Judge Laughlin took control of the cause. The Court holds that Judge Laughlin had no jurisdiction to try the defendant after he had ordered the case before Judge Barton, and for that reason the judgment should be reversed and the cause remanded.

BY PHILLIPS, COMMISSIONER.

Hatten et al., D. E., vs. Kemp, P. E., Linn Circuit; reversed and remanded.

School District No. 1, appellants, vs. John F. Rhodes, county clerk of Wayne County, respondent; affirmed.

Towne, appellant, vs. Bowers, respondent, Caldwell Circuit; affirmed.

BY MARTIN, COMMISSIONER.

Henderson, administrator, respondent, vs. St. Louis, Kansas City and Northern Railway, appellant, Ray Circuit; affirmed.

Wirr Plow Company, P. E., vs. Porter, D. E., Putnam Circuit; reversed and remanded.

Fletcher, appellant, vs. J. G. Wear, administrator of Donnelly, deceased, respondent, Jefferson Circuit, affirmed.

BY COMMISSIONER RYLAND:

Moore, respondent, vs. Hannibal and St. Louis Railway, appellant, Daviess Circuit; affirmed.

Jacob Showles, P. E., Freeman, D. E., Jackson Circuit; reversed and remanded.

Botkin, appellant, vs. McIntyre, respondent, Andrew Circuit; affirmed.

Gaines et al., D. E., vs. Fender, P. E., Macon Circuit; affirmed.

MINOR PROCEEDINGS.

Sallie C. Foner vs. St. Louis city; motion for rehearing overruled.

A mandamus case was filed in the Supreme Court this morning to compel the Auditor of St. Louis, A. J. Smith, to allow the accounts of the Janitor of the Criminal Court for services rendered from last December up to the present. A motion was also filed to have the case advanced on the docket, which was taken under consideration by the Court. Adjourned to next Monday.

TREASURER BROWN OF CASS COUNTY

brought in $28,500 county and township compromise bonds for registration by the State Auditor. He reports Cass County solid for Marmaduke for Governor, and Walker for Auditor. The Cole County Democrat is the name of a new paper soon to be published in this city. Ex-Mayor Edwards will be its editor.

CHARGES AGAINST GRANT

The Ex-President Implicated in the Ward Swindle.

An Autograph Letter From the General—The Penn Bank of Pittsburg Suspends the Second Time—How a Funny Man Caused a Run—Fish Released on Bond.

PITTSBURG, PA., May 26.—The Penn Bank closed its doors again at 12 o'clock to-day, and posted the following notice on the door: "Mr. Riddle, the President and chief executive officer of this bank, having become suddenly and seriously ill, and unable to communicate with the Board of Directors, it is deemed proper to close the bank, under existing circumstances, until he sufficiently recovers to be present, and attend to the adjustments of its affairs.

"BY ORDER OF THE BOARD."

Police officers were placed in charge, and refuse to permit an audience with any of the board. There is great excitement.

THE NEWS OF THE SECOND SUSPENSION

spread rapidly and created intense excitement and surprise, owing to the fact that everybody had faith in the bank's ability to pay all claims against it. The immediate cause of the suspension is at present unknown, and nothing definite can be learned, as the directors positively refuse to be interviewed. Large crowds have been flocking to the bank, and the pavement in front is filled with anxious depositors and persons attracted through curiosity. President Riddle appeared in usual health at 10 o'clock this morning, but half an hour later was prostrated with hemorrhage of the lungs, and since then has had three repetitions thereof. It is now confined to Duquesne club-rooms unconscious, with only slight hopes of recovery. The close friends of Mr. Riddle are unable to give an explanation of this sudden turn in his affairs. It is said, however, that there has been a heavy run on the bank this morning, principally by checks, and that $260,000 was drawn in this way through the Clearing House.

LATER.

The crash was brought about by the Clearing House throwing out checks to the amount of $365,000. According to the statement of the directors the bank had raised $931,000 to pay liabilities amounting to $918,000. It is said there were 300,000 certified checks out which are not included in this, and which had to be paid. The banks which have loaned the suspended institution funds to tide them over are amply secured.

The cause of Riddle's illness is an overdose of morphine or chloroform, taken this morning. The physicians are endeavoring to relieve him of the medicine.

The Funny Man's Work.

NORWALK, CONN., May 26.—A stupid local paper published a long article last Friday stating that there was a steady run on one of the oldest banks in this city. Excited depositors started a run, which took $30,000 from the Norwalk Savings bank before the alleged joker explained that he referred to a gravel bank.

Fish Produced a Bond.

NEW YORK, May 26.—Fish, president of the Marine Bank, arrested yesterday, appeared in the United States Commissioner's office this morning, and pleaded not guilty to misapplying for his own use moneys belonging to a United States bank. The court fixed his bond at $30,000, and Fish produced bondsmen for that amount.

The West Side Bank.

NEW YORK, May 26.—The West Side Bank officers claim they will shortly resume. Nothing is known of the whereabouts of the defaulting teller, Hinckley.

John C. Eno.

NEW YORK, May 26.—John C. Eno was not arrested up to 2:30 this afternoon.

Serious Charges Against Gen. Grant.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, May 26.—The ex-President of the Marine Bank, James D. Fish, was arrested at the Mystic Flats, Broadway and Thirty-ninth streets last night on a warrant issued by United States Commissioner Shields. The warrant followed an affidavit by National Bank Examiner Scriba, who swears that Fish misappropriated $1,141,000 belonging to the bank between March 1 and May 6. The misappropriation consisted in a series of credits to Grant & Ward in sums ranging from $25,000 to $162,000, which were entered in the bank's books as loans to fictitious persons, secured by fictitious collateral.

THE AFFIDAVIT

alleges: "James D. Fish, as President, caused to be paid out money belonging to the National Banking Association, to, or upon the written orders of Grant & Ward, and for the benefit of himself and said Ferdinand Ward, further sums in excess of all credits to said firm amounting to $766,403. At the time of said overdrafts he, James D. Fish, well knew that the firm of Grant & Ward was then unable to repay the sum so overdrawn, and the firm was then indebted to said bank to an amount exceeding $1,684,000, the total indebtedness thus augmented being six times the capital stock of said banking association."

GEN. GRANT IMPLICATED.

Mr. Fish made the following remarkable statement to a reporter yesterday, concerning his connection with the firm of Grant & Ward. It will be seen that Fish clearly and explicitly states that he has letters in his possession, written by Gen. Grant, stating that the "Government contracts"—on which Ferdinand Ward was guaranteeing profits—were veritable and genuine Government contracts, and that the transactions were all right and proper. What Mr. Fish said was this; "Now, as regards this Government contract business, I want to say that up to the day of the suspension of the Marine Bank I had not the remotest idea that the contracts were not genuine, and I had good reason for believing them to be genuine. I have allowed all that has been said against my reputation and character because of the transactions to go on without contradiction, by advice of my counsel and against my will. I have in my possession documentary evidence sufficient to fully vindicate me in every particular, and that evidence is of no less value and importance because it is contained in autograph leterst from Gen. Grant to me on the subject. On July 5, 1882, I wrote a letter to Gen. Grant in which I asked him, along with many other things, especially about these Government contracts—using that very term; 'Government contracts.' In reply to that letter I received

TWO LETTERS FROM GEN. GRANT,

one an autograph letter, that is, a letter written body and all solely by Gen. Grant, and a second letter written by George E. Spencer, the cashier of the firm of Grant & Ward, and signed by Gen. Grant himself. In these letters he states that all these transactions are all right and straight, and that the profits are genuine. When these facts and various other facts which are in my possession, and which are in black and white, are known, my vindication will be complete. Gen. Grant's letters are photographed. A word in regard to the suit against Ferdinand Ward by J. Nelson Tappan.

THE ORIGINAL ACTION,

which was brought under the direction of J. Nelson Tappan, was directed against me together with Ward. But certain parties came to me, friends of mine, and I found means to show these letters of Gen. Grant's and certain other evidence of fair dealing in these matters to the counsel of Tappan, and they immediately destroyed the papers that had been made against me, and brought the suit against Ward only, on which he is now confined in Ludlow Street Jail. These letters were photographed. Copies of them are in the hands of Francis N. Bangs and others, and the universal opinion is that they furnish a complete vindication of my conduct in these matters."

The Striking Spinners.

FALL RIVER, May 25.—The spinners at the Union Mills returned to work at reduced wages this morning. Some of the Border City Mills strikers also returned. One mill is running full, and others nearly full. At Wampanoag the Chace and the Slade Mills strikers offered to return, if taken back in a body. The manufacturers refused to turn out the competent knobsticks. Only a few more spinners are needed in these three mills.

Burned This Morning.

READING, MASS., May 26.—The Mayall Rubber Factory burned this morning. Loss, $30,000.

TALES OF SORROW.

Nearly Forty Cases of Divorce in the Courts To-Day.

Sixty-Six Unhappy Unions to be Passed on To-Day and To-Morrow—Stories of Domestic Woe Told by Husbands and Wives—Some Specimen Cases.

Several of the Judges of the Circuit Court wore a wearied and tired appearance yesterday, and slipped up to the wool sack this morning with a woful expression of countenance. They were not exactly sick, although that impression became very general. The fact was that nearly seventy divorce cases will have to be handled by the tribunals before to-morrow's setting sun gilds the little round brass button on the top of the Court House flag staff. No less than thirty-three cases were pasted on to-day, among them being the following which were attended to by Judge Horner:

THE PETROLAS

are named respectively Angelo and Angela, despite which celestial nomenclature, the match was not made in heaven. In the soft tongue of sunny Italy Petrola means coal oil, and following the precedents laid down in the books the explosion occurred during last October. Angela was timid and nervous to such an extent that she could not remain alone during the absence of her husband, and he so fondly misconstrued this fearfulness of hers that he bounced a gentleman whom he found sitting up with her, incontinently. She applied some liquid syllables that sounded like a quotation from "Sonnambula" to him, but which were charged with evil meaning, and shortly afterward he filed suit for divorce. The Court took the case under advisement to-day.

THE TOETTCHERS,

Ferdinand and Helene, were married in Germany in 1873, where the bride, he alleges, was subsequently convicted of perjury in one the Criminal Courts of the Empire. He accordingly asks that the laws protecting cegis be thrown about him, that he may not be compelled to Toettcher ever again any more. Judge Horner will think about it.

THE GRIFFINS.

Patrick Griffin married his wife, Mary, in January, 1879, and on the 13th of February, 1884, got up a sparring exhibition at his house. He was so disgusted at her failure to stand up against him for more than one round, that he took to the flowing bowl, and his wife wants a divorce, and the custody of her child. The Court will wait awhile before granting her request.

THE BURGHEIMS.

Idella and Louis Burgheim were wedded in Chicago in 1879. There was a difference of religious faith between the two, which it was understood was not to be interfered with subsequently. This understanding was not lived up to by Louis, who thrashed Idella with a guitar and other instruments of torture, as a means of converting her. He has not succeeded up to the present time, and from the fact that Judge Horner granted her a divorce to-day it is not probable that he will.

THE MOELLERS.

Bernardine Moeller married Leo Moeller in 1874, and lived with him for six months. He skipped out and for nine long and weary years she has waited for him to come back to her, like Mariana in "The Moated Grange," and he has failed to come. One child, now a boy of nine, she retained as a memorial, and the custody of her boy, with the restoration of her maiden name, is what she asks of the court. She got them.

THE HORNBACKS.

The Hornbacks, Annie and John, were wedded on the 29th of August, 1881, and lived together till November, 1882, when he took the cars for East St. Louis, and has not yet returned. Besides deserting her he repeatedly wanted to kill her before he left, carted off the furniture and drove her out of her house, for all which unreasonable and unloverlike conduct she prays for legal relief from the bonds of matrimony at present existing. She told this story to Judge Horner this morning and he liberated her.

THE JOHNSONS.

Hester Johnson bloomed as a bride on the 23d of March, 1882, and lived along peaceably enough with her liege lord, William, until he got too playful with a razor and attempted, on one or two occasions, to make an angel of her. He said she was too good to live, but there was a difference of opinion in the family on that subject. Judge Horner thought that any man who was mean enough to settle family disputes with a razor had no right to have a wife under his protecting wing. He told Hester she was free to try it again.

THE MEISNERS.

This was the first of a batch of cases handled by Judge Barclay. Mrs. Lena Meisner was called and testified that she and her husband, David Meisner, were married on the 2d of March, 1873, in this city, and lived together until the 19th of October, 1881, when he, without assigning any cause, left her and went to Little Rock, Ark., since which time he has failed to support her. A sworn answer of the defendant was filed, in which he states that he left St. Louis as a traveling salesman and for business purposes, but as neither he nor his attorneys put in appearance, Judge Barclay heard the testimony of her side of the case and took it under advisement.

THE LEPORINS.

Waldemar Leporin and his wife Anna emigrated to this country in 1882. Before leaving their native country they had sworn to love each other for life in the little hamlet of Neudietendorf, in the dukedom of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha. On the 26th of February, 1882, Waldemar and his wife took up their abode in St. Louis, and resolved to live happily in their new made home. But alas! for the frailty of woman, Waldemar's hopes were soon to be blighted. He went to Poplar Bluff, Mo., shortly after his arrival here, for the purpose of buying a farm, and during his absence it appears that Anna was wooed by one Charles Merkel, to whose winning ways and deceitful arts she fell a prey. Waldemar wrote to her and urged her to come to him, as he had purchased a nice little home in Poplar Pluff, but she preferred to remain with Charley and refused to accede to his wishes. He accordingly returned here and she, getting possession of some of his money, embarked in the saloon business at 311 Christy avenue with Merkel. She absolutely refused to have anything to do with her husband; said she was Mrs. Merkel and didn't intend to live with him any more. Mr. Leporin, who could not speak English, told his story to the court through Mr. Leo Rassieur. Judge Barclay thought that, inasmuch as Mrs. Leporin did not care to come into court, she must be in the wrong and accordingly granted Waldemar a decree of divorce.

THE HOOLIHANS.

"He said he only married me for my property and wished that I had died long ago," said Mrs. Jennie Hoolihans. "He would come home in a beastly state of intoxication, choke and beat me and call me vile names. Finally he deserted me more than a year ago." "John Hoolihans," called the Deputy Sheriff. John did not answer and Judge Barclay cut the ties that bound him and his wife together.

THE WEBSTERS.

"What led to your separation?" asked Judge Barclay, of Mrs. Adele Webster.

"I don't know, your Honor. My husband just quietly left me nine years ago, and has not been to see me since. He gave no reason for deserting me. He is here in St. Louis now."

The parties, Adele and John Webster, were married in 1872 and lived together for about two years, when he deserted her and she went to live with her parents on Jefferson avenue. There were no children born of the marriage, so Judge Barclay granted her a decree with leave to resume her maiden name, Adele Longuemare.

THE WEIGELS.

Johanna Weigel tells the following story of her married life with Henry Weigel: "I was married on the 19th of December, 1881, and lived with my husband until February, 1883, when he left me. He was always more or less quarrelsome and constantly abused me with vile names. He wouldn't work or do anything toward supporting the family. He gave $30 once for household expenses, and said if he had to pay to live at home he would go down town to board, as it was cheaper. On February 6, 1883, he left home and has not been there since." Judge Barclay granted her a divorce.

THE GEIGERS.

Peter Geiger's career as a benedict was replete with stirring and thrilling events. Mrs. Geiger evidently believed that a day of strife was better than a century of rest, and so, shortly after her marriage with Peter in January, 1879, she concluded to break the dull monotony of their lives and vex Peter's soul to its utmost. Mrs. Geiger was naturally gifted with a good tongue and a choice vocabulary of epithets which she practiced daily on her husband. She did this to work herself up merrily so that she could apparently at least have some slight provocation for her further actions. Two months after they were married she invited him to a set-to, in which he was knocked out in three rounds. After that he wouldn't fight with her. So one hot morning in August of the same year, just as he was getting out of bed, she shied a cup of hot coffee at him, causing him to hustle around a trifle livelier than he would otherwise have done. Then she battered him about the head and face until he was compelled to go out to the shop and work for recreation. When tired of this amusement she concluded to "do him up," with the neighbors, take the children and skip off with them. First she told the neighbors that he was a "bad man" and a "dirty dog" and was not true to her. Then she took $345 of his money and with her little child went off on a spree which lasted seven months. Upon returning he opened his heart and forgave her. But this did not satisfy the indomitable spirit of Mary Geiger. She went to the Four Courts on the first of September 1883, swore out a warrant against him and had him arrested. When he returned home that evening, after having furnished bond for his appearance, the cradle was

ST. MAUR'S SCHEME.

A Swindle That Netted the Operator Nearly $20,000.

John D. St. Maur, Chief Clerk in the Land Department of the Wabash, Caught in a Series of Forgeries—Detectives Shadowing the Criminal at His Wife's Death Bed.

Mr. John D. St. Maur, a trusted employe of the Wabash and the chief clerk in the Law Department, has just been discovered to be a swindler to the amount of $15,000 or $20,000. The manner in which this peculiar swindle was worked speaks as strongly for St. Maur's ingenuity as for the credulity of the men who advanced him the money. He got up a system of forged assignments of money supposed to be due by the Wabash Company to people who had furnished ties, piles or other material against which liens would lie. The form of these fictitious papers may be understood by the following copy of one of them:

SHENANDOAH, IOWA, May 12.

"I hereby assign to John D. St. Maur my claim for $1,500, due June 1st, for ties furnished to the Wabash road at Shenandoah April 12th to May 12th.

A. B. STONE."

Across the face of this was written in a different hand:

"Duplicate. Original on file in Treasurer's of fice. T. O'LEARY,

"Cashier W., St. L. & P. R. R."

Of course there was no such person as A. B. Stone, and no delivery of ties was ever made at Shenandoah, Iowa. But Mr. O'Leary was known to be the cashier of the Wabash, and while his name was a palpable forgery, none of the people to whom these assignats were offered by St. Maur thought of questioning the genuineness of the signatures. He began the issue of these fraudulent documents about a year ago, it is believed, with small amounts, and the people who bought them, getting their money so regularly, were lured on to greater and greater amounts until the present large sum was reached. His

METHOD OF PROCEEDING

was to tell his victim that he had bought the assignment at a couple of hundred dollars under its face value and that he would sell it for a slight advance on what he had paid, thus dividing the profits between the purchasers. At the same time he cautioned the buyers about saying anything about the transaction, lest the matter should come to Mr. Blodgett's ears, who, he was afraid, would not approve of an employe speculating upon the liabilities of the company which employed him, and to whose affairs he had such intimate access. This explanation appeared so reasonable that about a dozen men bit eagerly at the bait, and are now getting ready to divide a loss of $15,000 and perhaps $20,000 among themselves. His first ventures were for

VERY SMALL SUMS,

one hundred and two hundred dollars each. When settlement time came he floated new false assignats and took up the old ones. Among the parties victimized are Messrs. Dickey, Shaw, Trissler, Blake, Miller and Mackey. At least these gentlemen are exhibiting a great deal of uneasiness about the case, and have been watching St. Maur's movements most closely. Mr. Trissler will be remembered as the gentleman who had the mortgage on Chester Krum's books. Mr. Blake and Mr. Dickey have also been largely interested in lending money professionally. There are about a dozen others who have been calling at the Wabash general offices and manifesting a keen anxiety to know more about Mr. St. Maur's movements than anybody could tell them. How much of the paper has been floated has not been developed.

Not a word was known about anything being wrong at the Wabash office until Mr. Blodgett came back from Chicago on Saturday. He found St. Maur not at his desk, and when he asked about him was told that St. Maur's wife was dying. St. Maur himself came in a few moments after and repeated this statement, saying he was going home. Shortly after he left

A COUPLE OF GENTLEMEN

called on Mr. Blodgett and produced several of the false assignats, and asked if they were good. At a glance Mr. Blodgett saw they

WERE CROOKED,

and so informed the inquirer. As soon as they left the office, Mr. Blodgett and Mr. Burnett took a carriage and rode out to St. Maur's boarding house, 1443 St. Ange avenue, to see if his wife were really dying, or if that was a subterfuge to gain time to escape. They found that the lady really was on her death-bed in the very last stages of consumption, with but a day or two of life before her, and the criminal husband was ministering to her wants with a love and a devotion which commanded their respect and sympathy in spite of his crime. Assured that escape was not intended, they returned to the office and told those who were waiting for St. Maur at the office where to find him. They at once went out to the house to interview the criminal. He met them at the door, and took them into the parlor. In response to their questions, he stated that if they would let him stay beside the bed of his dead wife until she died, which could not be more than two or three days, he would tell them all. To this they agreed. He at once admitted the forgeries, stated their amounts, showed his entire situation. He has but nine dollars and some cents left of all the thousands, and stated that as soon as all was over he was ready for the worst they could do to him, and would submit cheerfully. They

LEFT HIM

to resume his vigil beside the death-bed, and he thanked them with the utmost gratitude for the favor they showed, saying that for the first time since he began the stealing he felt free. Those who know him say that they have no doubt that as soon as his wife dies he will follow her into eternity. He is a determined, bright, educated and unscrupulous man, and his one religion was her love for the lady for whome he stole the money, and who he surely will not survive. The house is surrounded by private detectives. St. Maur's character was supposed to be excellent. He is well connected, but his family are poor, and there is no one to pay any of this money for him.

ST. MAUR ARRESTED.

St. Maur, at 8 o'clock, was brought into the Four Courts by the detectives and locked up. The police report the swindle to amount to $50,000.

PROBABLE MURDER.

A Negro Stabs One Man and Fractures Another's Skull.

At noon to-day. Bedford Northington, a cupolo tender, Frank Harris, a sand screener, and Wm. Morgan, a laborer at Shickle, Harrison and Valle's Foundry, Twelfth and Papin, became involved in a row about Northington's wife. The fuss started between Northington and Harris and Morgan interfered in the latter's behalf. Harris started at Northington with his knife, but Northington struck his assailant with a piece of iron and stopped him and then rushed in on Harris and caught the weapon. Morgan then struck Northington with a large club. Northington then seized the club and knocked Morgan down. A friend of Northington's named George Loflin separated the men and was stabbed for his good office by Harris. A stone and iron battle ensued between the above named parties when the other hands quelled the trouble. During the fight Morgan threw a hose nozzle at Northington. The latter caught it and returned and fractured Morgan's skull with the same weapon. Harris received an ugly cut in the head. Worthington was arrested.

GOBBLED BY THE POOL.

The Missouri Lead and Oil Company Bought for $350,000 and Extinguished.

Commercial circles will be rather surprised to hear that the Missouri Lead and Oil Company's plant and business has been bought by the Western Lead Corroders' Association, better known as the "White Lead Pool," and that it will be ultimately taken out of the business, the plant distributed, and the trade marks discontinued. The St. Louis members of the pool are the Collier Lead and Oil Company, the St. Louis Lead and Oil Company and the Southern Lead and Oil Company, and they have paid $350,000 to have this rival discontinued, thus stopping the production of about 4,000 tons a year of white lead in St. Louis. The total production in this city has been about 24,000 tons, and thus the extinguishment of this plant will decrease production 16⅔ per cent. The Missouri Lead and Oil Company has been doing a very profitable business at its stand on Main and Almond streets, and its trade marks are said to have acquired a great value. Mr. W. H. Thompson, the president of the Bank of Commerce, was president, and Messrs. Moriarty, and McAlister were intimately associated in its management. It was making a good deal of money, and nothing but the high price offered by the pool could have induced the owners to sell. Of the purchase money $62,000 was in cash for the plant, the rest to be paid in a day or two if a stock arrangement, whereby stock in the pooled White Lead Works may be given for the balance falls through. Outsiders estimate the total value of the plant, stock and good will at about $300,000, and the $350,000 additional paid is really a bonus to the owners to get out of business. A well-posted oil dealer stated to a POST-DISPATCH reporter that if the public had any idea that the works were for sale they could have formed a company to buy and continue them in four hours. The company saw fit, however, to accept the pool offer, thereby closing up a great industry, and throwing a great many men out of employment.

Education For Profit.

Shorthand, type-writing, book-keeping, business writing and correspondence are taught at Bryant & Stratton's College, Broadway, corner Market.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

Good Bargains in Improved and Unimproved Real Estate.

A sale of real estate by the Public Administrator, took place this afternoon at the east door of the Court House. The first sale was that of a seven-room house and a lot 25x100 feet, on South Tenth street en account of the Davis E. Reese estate to Mayer C. Holthaus, for $2,600. The second sale was on account of the Ruth H. Mulford estate of a two-story brick and a lot 16.01½x71¼ feet No. 304 Clark avenue to Geo. M. Keely for $1,500. The third on account of the John Schuetz estate, a one-story brick with lot 35x120 at 2140 Adams street to John O'Leary for $1,880. The fourth a lot 30x100 feet at 3102 Sheridan avenue of the Catherine Fitzsimmons estate to John P. Rubeling, $1,850. The fifth sale was that of a lot at 2646 Hickory street, 25x130 feet, subject to homestead rights of women and children on account of the Joseph Genties estate for $700. Mrs. Lewis reports a sale of the Blair mansion in Osceola street a week ago to James Luke and Wm. Bartle for $8,100. The estate covers 100 acres and is considered one of the best bargains made this season. All the sales were for cash.

SPECIAL COMMISSIONER'S SALE.

Mr. E. B. Wolff, special commissioner, sold at the Court House this noon a piece of ground on the northwest corner of Clark avenue and Broadway, 67x135 feet, to Aloys Menne, for $22,850. The sale was made in pursuance of a judgment and order in the partition suit of Jos. and L. G. Heime vs. G. A. Cox and others, and it is considered a fine bargain. There were 150 people at the sale and bidding was slow, the first bid being $10,000.

RICHMOND Straight Cut Cigarettes contain the brightest gold-leaf tobacco grown in Virginia.

A LOT of black satin parasols, lined and trimmed with four-inch pure Spanish lace, natural handles, $2 25. Handsome and much finer parasols, all prices up to $7 75. These goods are all marked at about half the prices of other houses.

T. F. MOLONEY,
618 Franklin avenue.

ABOUT TOWN.

A WHITE male floater was found this morning at the foot of Kansas street, Carondelet.

A DOLMAN cloak valued at $5 was stolen at Lindell Park, yesterday, from Mrs. Hennesley of 1408 Biddle street.

ON Saturday, till-tappers stole $2 80 from Mrs. Shasacker's store, No. 1816 North Grand avenue.

HENRY SCHWOEDE, a farmer residing near the Fair Grounds had his chicken house relieved of twenty-three chickens last night.

Sent Back to Jail.

Judge Treat this morning issued an order remanding back to the prison at Fort Leavenworth the soldier Wm. Haupt, who was brought here to testify in the cases against Margaret and Henry Meyer charged with buying soldier clothes. Haupt had been court-martialed and convicted of selling his own clothes to Meyer, and then stealing an officer's to make his own "kit" complete.

RICHMOND Straight Cut Cigarettes are the purest and best made. Get the genuine.

BLANK BOOKS!
Levison & Blythe Stationery Co.,
213 and 215 N. Third St.

WM. A. RUTLEDGE. W. M. HORTON.

RUTLEDGE & HORTON

REAL ESTATE AND FINANCIAL AGENTS.
No. 707 Olive st. St. Louis, Mo.

E. S. ROWSE,
Successor to Budd & Wade,
Financial correspondent for Eastern capitalists. Money loaned in any amount on city property at lowest rates.
612 OLIVE STREET.

MONEY.

Wall Street.

WALL STREET, N. Y., May 26.—Stocks opened weak and declined ¼ to 2¼. Jersey Central dropped from 52¾ to 50¾; Lackawanna 93½; Northwestern 124; Illinois 114; New York Central 106; Western Union 1. Before 10:30 a recovery of ¼ to 1¼ took place in Union Pacific. Missouri Pacific sold up to 40 and 67¾.

NEW YORK, May 26.—Money 6 per annum; prime paper 5@6; bar silver 111; exchange dull at 483½@484¼ long, 486¾ @487¾ short; Governments weaker; States quiet; railways weaker. Stocks—Lackawanna dropped to 90¾, others followed. Lackawanna then returned to 93, closing ¼ to ⅝. At noon the market was strong. Throes 109¾, 45@ 113, 43 110¾, Pacific 6s 123.

NEW YORK, 2 P. M.—Stocks were buoyant this afternoon and prices record an advance of 1 to 7¾ compared with the lowest figures of the day. Lackawanna led the upward movement, followed closely by Missouri Pacific, Western Union, Lake Shore, Northwest, Northern Pacific preferred and C., R. & Q. The market was very active. Round amounts of leading shares were taken for long account on the way up. The market closed strong.

New York Closing Quotations.

Corrected daily by Tracy & Bell, bankers and brokers, 206 North Third street.

Stocks.	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
Canada Southern	57¾	58	57¾	57¾
Canadian Pacific	45⅝	46	45⅝	45⅝
Central New Jersey	51	54	50	50⅝
Central Pacific	41¼	42⅝	41¼	42⅛
Chi., Bl. Pr. & R. O.	95¾	96	95¾	96
do. pref.	85¾	89¼	85¾	89¼
Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific	108¾	111	107¾	111
Chicago, Burlington and Quincy	109	113¾	108¾	113¾
Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul	66¾	69¾	66	69¾
Chicago and Northwest	94	96¾	93¾	96¾
Del., Lack. & W.	105¾	109	105¾	109
Denver and Rio Grande	10⅝	10⅝	10⅛	10⅛
Erie	14¾	15¾	14¾	15¾
Illinois Central	117	118	117	118
Ind., B. & Western	11¾	12	11¾	12
Lake Shore	85	84⅞	83⅞	84⅞
Louisville & Nashville	30¾	31¾	30¾	31¾
Michigan Central	93	93	93	93
Missouri Pacific	66¼	70¾	66¼	70¾
Missouri, Kan. & Tex.	14⅜	15⅜	14⅜	15⅜
New York Central	103¾	106¾	103¾	106¾
N. Y., Chic. & St. L.	7	7	7	7
Northern Pacific	19¾	20	19¾	20
do. pfd.	41¾	46	41¾	46¼
Oregon Transcontinental	13⅜	13¾	13⅜	13¾
Or. Nav. & Trans. Co.	73	74	71¾	71¾
Ohio Central	2	2	2	2
Pacific Mail	36¼	38	36¼	38
Phil. & Reading	25¾	28	25¾	28
Pullman Pal. Car	94	97¾	94	97¾
St. Louis & San Francisco	19	19	19	19
St. P., M. & Manitoba	86	87¾	86¾	87¾
Texas & Pacific	12¾	13¼	12¾	13¼
Union Pacific	64	64	63¼	63¾
Wabash, St. L. & P.	6	6¾	6	6¾
do pfd.	12⅜	18	12⅜	18
Western U. T. Co.	80¾	89¾	80¾	89¾
West S. Bonds	46	46	45¾	45¾

COMMERCE.

Closing Prices 1 P. M.

CHICAGO—Wheat—May 80¾; June 87¾; July 89¾; August 90¼; September 89¾. Corn—May 54¼; June 54¼; July 56¼; August 56¾. Oats—May 30¾; June 31¾; July 31¾; August 28. Pork—June $18 35; July $18 65; August $18 45. Lard—May 8.07½; June 8.15; July 8.30@8.32½; August 8.42½; September 8.55; year 8.00. Short ribs—June 5.17½; July 5.30; August 5.40.

TOLEDO—Wheat—May 84¼; June 85; July 86⅜; August 85¼. Corn—May 56¾ b.; June 57¼ b.; July 58¾ b.

Afternoon Board—2 to 3 P. M.

Wheat and corn higher, closing firm. Oats stonger.

Wheat—May $1 11¾ b; June $1 09¾; July 90 ⅞ to 91¾; August 92¾ b; year 92 to 92¾, closing 92¾.

Corn—May 53⅜ b; June 54¼ b; July 57@58¼ to 58⅝, closing 57⅝; August 54; year 44⅞ b.

Oats—May 32⅜ b; June 32¾ b; July 33¼ b; August 26¾ b.

Closing Prices—3 P. M.

Reported daily by the Culver Commission Company, rooms 208 and 210, Chamber of Commerce, St. Louis.

Grain—CHICAGO — Wheat—May 88; June 89¾; July 90¾; August 91⅝; September 90¾. Corn—May ; June 55¼; July 57; August 58¾. Oats—May ; June 31¾; July 32; August 28¼.

CHICAGO CURB—Wheat—July 89¾. Corn—July 57.

NEW YORK. — Wheat — May — June $1 08¼, July $1 04¾. August $1 04¾, September $1 02¾ b. December —. Corn—May —, June 53½; July 55¾; August 55¾; September 56¾. Oats—May 29¾, June 29¾ b, July 31¾ b, August 30 a.

TOLEDO—Wheat—May 85¼ b; June 86¼ b; July 86¾; August 85¼ b. Corn—May 56¾; June 57¼ b; July 58¼.

Provisions—CHICAGO—Pork—June $18 55; July $18 55; August $18 45; year $18 75. Lard—June —; July 8.12½; August 8.45. Short-ribs—June 5.30 a; July 5.32½; August 5.45.

Cotton—NEW YORK — Futures closed firm. May 11.42; June 11.44; July 11.32; August 11.20; September 11.21; October 11.24; November 11.32; December 11.52. Sales 97,000 bales.

NEW ORLEANS—Futures at 1:10 P.M. quiet. May nominal June 11.42; July 11.57; August 11.78; September 11.41; October 11.38; November 10.88; December 10.88. Sales 14,000 bales.

Elgin Butter Market.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

ELGIN, ILL., May 26, 3 P. M.—Market opens dull; bids on call board of 18½@ for leading creamery; dealers show no disposition to buy. Cheese dull and lower, without offerings.

Grain Inspections.

INTO ELEVATORS—Wheat—2 cars No. 2 spring, 42 cars No. 2 red winter, 4 cars No. 3 do, 5 cars No. 4 do, 3 cars rejected do, 1 car no grade; total, 57 cars. Corn—6 cars No. 2 white-mixed, 14 cars rejected do, 56 cars No. 2 mixed, 55 cars rejected, 3 cars no grade; total, 136 cars. Oats—25 cars No. 2, 4 cars rejected; total 29 cars. Rye—1 car No. 2. Total in 193 cars.

OUT OF ELEVATORS—Wheat—8 cars No. 2 Turkey, 1 car No. 3 red winter; total 4 cars. Corn—1 car No. 2 white-mixed, 62 cars and 34,300 bu No. 2 mixed, 12 cars rejected; total, 85 cars and 34,300 bu. Oats—6 cars No. 2. Total out, 95 cars and 34,300 bu.

Movement of Wheat and Corn To-Day.

	Receipts.		Shipments.	
	Wheat.	Corn.	Wheat.	Corn.
St. Louis	21,547	67,433	500	262,969
Chicago	8,686	80,159	78,956	244,936
Milwaukee	28,955	960	8,000	1,098
Baltimore	40,500	87,319	78,107	
Toledo	18,000	17,000	94,000	10,000
New York	163,100	205,800	182,273	91,940

CHICAGO INSPECTIONS—30 cars spring wheat, 24 winter do, 209 cars corn, 236 cars oats, 11 cars rye, 18 cars barley.

Receipts and Shipments of Leading Articles for the Past 24 Hours.

Articles.	Receipts.	Shipments.
Flour, bris	4,767	14,138
Wheat, bu	21,547	500
Corn, bu	17,433	262,969
Oats, bu	30,698	45,695
Rye, bu	1,100	480
Barley, bu	2,673	7,867
Hay, tons	227	143
Pork, bris	....	350
Hams, lbs	....	121,977
Meats, lbs	105,700	505,705
Lard, lbs	3,800	142,145
Grease, lbs	800	10,680

Chicago 'Change.

CHICAGO, May 26, 10:15 A. M.—The markets were very weak and ragged this morning. July wheat opened at 89¾, fell off to 89¼, rose to 89 and went back again to 89¼, with August commanding ¼@¾ premium. July corn 56¼ @56¾. July oats 31¾. July pork $18 45. July lard 8.20.

The market fluctuated within a narrow range, and closed a shade higher than on Saturday. Wheat 89¾ cash and May; 87¾ June; 79¾ July; 80¾ August. Corn 56¾ cash and May; 54¾ June; 56¼ July; 58¾ August. Oats 30¾ cash and May; 30¾ June; 31¾ July. Rye 65c. Barley 68. Flaxseed $1 49. Whisky $1 12. Pork $18 50 June and July; $18 45 August. Lard 8.17½ May; 8.15 June; 8.30@8.32½ July.

Commercial Notes.

They say the next dance in wheat will be a bull quadrille, and the caller will sing out, "Take your partners for a 'cheat?'"—Wm. Young stated Saturday to a Milwaukee reporter that he had got entirely out of his July long wheat, as he was afraid of the financial situation.—Numerous reports of wheat pending out as "cheat" are received from Illinois and Missouri, and Marshfield, Mo., reports the Hessian fly having made its appearance. Thos. Booth and Harry Tatum say that coming down on this morning's C. & A. train through Illinois they saw several fields of wheat looking pretty ugly, as the wheat had all turned into "cheat." From Kansas all reports are favorable and predict a large and fine crop. Capt. Joe Nanson has just returned from an extensive trip over all the branches of the Missouri Pacific. He says the wheat, all in all, is not too much rain and considerable of the wheat has been beaten down; but if it now stops raining and fine weather follows this wheat will come up all right. Still, he says, the wheat in many places is very rank and heavy, and a continuance of wet weather would be disastrous. He did not find much of the corn cribbed in Kansas as he expected to find. So much has been shipped out that all the shippers he saw agreed in the statement that not over 20 per cent, at the outside, of last year's crop of corn is left in the State. Samples of wheat from Central Missouri were brought on the floor this morning the heads of which were entirely turned to "cheat." This unfortunate change is ascribed to the severe weather of last February, when there was no snow on the ground to protect the plant.—Speaking of the crops, the St. Louis flour milling man, K. O. Sianard remarked: "Our business now is very slack, indeed. You see as we approach harvest, or rather July, and the long-expected July wheat is selling at 85, or so much below cash, they do not care about purchasing, and they only buy in a hand-to-mouth way. Instead of taking 500 barrels they take 50 or 100 barrels. They don't care about stocking up, and having their stock ready for use, as they when wheat, they believe, will be much cheaper. The trade of Indiana, Ohio, Maryland, Pennsylvania and other sections in the East is supplied by their own millers, who buy wheat at prices based on the Eastern markets, which are, as you know, much lower than we are. And these millers are supplying our New England trade pretty much now. Then there is the Southern trade, upon which we have depended in paying the high price for wheat in this market. After the first of June it will slacken off, as they will soon begin to depend upon their own millers and their own wheat. This wheat will be moving to market between June 15 and 30. After the 20th of June to the first of September we consider it opportune for Southern trade. We are doing very little with Europe."—Carruthers & Allen of New York say that the next visible supply will show a decrease of 600,000 bu in wheat and 400,000 bu in corn.—New York stock of grain this morning 1,971,946 bu in wheat, 505,710 bu corn, 818,982 bu oats and 30,353 bu rye, showing a decrease of 1,150,000 bu in wheat, 150,000 bu in oats and 10,000 bu in rye, and an increase of 20,000 bu in corn.—Milwaukee stock of wheat has increased 28,000 bu to 1,012,453 bu.—Toledo's stock of wheat increased 342,500 bu to 696,326 bu and corn 49,000 to 173,228 bu

—A Chicago telegram to the Culver Commission Company says that there was a large crop movement in visible wheat and corn than last week.—Brown, Gill & Co. of New York wire Small & Rasin that exports to-day were 100,000 bu wheat, 120,000 corn and 90,000 flour. It is estimated that when all the corn is loaded out that is sold for shipment in this market, the stock here of No. 2 mixed will be less than 350,000 bu.

The Markets.

FORENOON SESSION, CLOSING AT 1 P. M.

Wheat—Stock 311,118 bu, against 312,917 yesterday. No. 2 red 101,121 bu, against 102,121. Receipts, 6,546 bu. Elevator withdrawals 1,765 bu. to city, 11,345 to railroads. The St. Louis market cut loose from Chicago and other speculative centers and remained steadily at 90 this morning, though 87 seemed to be a certain extent. The public cable was dull and easier, and cargoes 6d lower; New York was off in price and Chicago and Milwaukee were lower. There were also the inspections accumulating 57 cars, of which 42 went No. 2 red. Opening prices were 90 lower, though with no real weakness perceptible, and presently there was quite a strong recovery. A good many buying orders were from the outside, and though mainly for small amounts, the aggregate amounted to a good deal. At any rate there was a fair demand in contrast to others, but the latter were small and cautious. The numerous reports from Missouri and Illinois that wheat in many sections was turning to cheat, and an estimate of 20 per cent exactly frightening the trade but rendering operators cautious and slow to sell. Late in the day there was a good advance in Chicago and this put a fair starch into the home market and put prices up still higher. The close was firm and 90@¾c advance Saturday's latest rates. July opened at 90¾, gradually improving to 91¼ early in the day, but sold off to 90¾ on small, somewhat forced sales between 9 and 9½ up to noon call, where it brought 90¾ again; afterward sold at 90¾@90¼ off to 90 and up gradually to 90¾ at close. August sold at 90¾ early up to 91¾ late. Year ranged from 90¾ at opening to 91¾ at close. The near by options received scant attention and were lower to sell, June even selling 1¢ off at $1 08, while the best bid for May was $1 11¾. The market for cash failed to respond to the improvement in future, and was dull besides. The chief buyers were millers, and they purchased slowly and rather lightly, looking only for the best. No. 2 red $1 11¼ in St. L. and for regular; No. 3 red $1 bid for C., $1 02 for St. L.; No. 4 90 asked for this side, 88 bid for St. L. Rejected 1 car.

Corn—Stock 938,341 bu against 1,030,395 yesterday; No. 2 mixed 743,494 bu, a decrease of 86,373 bu. Elevator withdrawals 57,000 bu to city, 110,728 to railroads, 1,119 to river. The opening of this market was a small fraction lower, declines elsewhere, with cables dull and 3d lower and increased receipts weakening the feeling. Inspections in Chicago and St. Louis combined were nearly 400 cars which was larger than for some time. Yet it was hardly believed that these receipts were first of an increased movement from the country, but the reason that most country advices did not indicate such would be the case. There were very few callers in the St. Louis market, and the demand was steady and in excess of offers to sell right along. The market was consequently strong and gradually improved, finally closing ¼@¾c above last Saturday's close. May sold on first call at 51¾ to 51¾ and later had 51¾ bid. June ranged from 51¾ early to 51¾ late, and August from 53¾ to 53¾; year brought 44¾. July opened ¼¢ lower to 52, but steadily advanced until just after the noon call it sold at 53¾@53¾ when it fluctuated between 53¼ and 53¾ until late, when 53¾ was bid. Spot grades were firm and generally higher, No. 2 mixed selling ½@¾c better, partly through sympathy with futures, but strengthened also by small offerings and a good demand. Order buyers took nearly all that offered, the Eastern shipping and export trade being entirely cut off by the present prices ruling here for No. 2 corn and the firmer ocean rates. No. 2 mixed 51¾ in C (rejected do 61 in Y, 61¾ in St. L; rejected 50¾ in St. L, 51¾ in E; no grade 49¾ in C, 50 bid for E.

Oats—Stock 156,009 bu, against 136,663 Saturday; No. 2 141,325 bu, a decrease of 14,470 bu. Elevator withdrawals 2,960 bu to city, 28,214 to river. Futures were extirely nominal, not a trade being made, so wide apart were buyers and sellers, and even with the former willing to pay higher prices, May and June were salable at 32¾ with 33¼ and 33¾ asked, respectively. July at 31 and year 29¾@30¼, but neither offered. Cash No. 2 sold readily on Southern order account, and steady prices were paid—33¼ for C., 33¼@33¾ for St. L., 33 in C. and 33¾ for A, and later 33¾. Was bid for regular. Rejected had bids of 32½ for C. and 32¾ for St. L.

Rye—Stock 43,715 bu., against 43,715 yesterday. No 2, 29,085 bu. There were no offerings, and buyers would consequently not commit themselves by making bids.

Flour—There were no new features developed in this market, the trade still being characterized by dullness, although prices were without change. Business was confined entirely to a few sales on local account, there being no inquiry from shippers or Southern order buyers. We quote the inside prices on strong grades and outside lots between grades: Extra fancy $5 40@5 60; fancy $5 20@5 30; choice $4 95@4 70; family $3 90@4 00; XXX $3 60@3 65; XX $3 20@3 30; $2 80@3 00; bakers $3 05@3 75; fine $2 35@2 45; patent $5 80@6 50. These prices are for lots on arrival at depot and Levee; favorite brands 20c more and order lots higher. Bulk $2 20@2 25. Cornmeal—Active and higher; at $1 10@3 15 on orders yearlimeal, grits and hominy $3 55@3 60.

Rye Flour—Steady at $3 25@3 70 del.

Millfeed very dull. Sacked bran 67 at country point, 99 E. track; 87 at country point.

Hay—The lower grades were extremely dull, and, besides that, were lower to sell, but the best stock was about supplied. The demand for choice timothy was moderate to-day a goodly proportion was nice hay. This side—Prairie $12 for prime; $14@15 for choice; mixed $12@14 for common to prime; timothy $13@20 for prime to fancy. East side—50c@$1 lower than above rates.

Provisions can be described as in the same uninteresting condition as all continued an entirely dull, not exactly frightening the trade but rendering operators cautious and slow to sell. Late in the day there was a good advance in Chicago and this put a fair starch into the home market and put prices up still higher. The close was firm and 90@¾c advance Saturday's latest rates. July opened at 90¾, gradually improving to 91¼ early in the day, but sold off to 90¾ on small, somewhat forced sales between 9 and 9½ up to noon call, where it brought 90¾ again; afterward sold at 90¾@90¼ off to 90 and up gradually to 90¾ at close. August sold at 90¾ early up to 91¾ late. Year ranged from 90¾ at opening to 91¾ at close. The near by options received scant attention and were lower to sell, June even selling 1¢ off at $1 08, while the best bid for May was $1 11¾. The market for cash failed to respond to the improvement in future, and was dull besides. The chief buyers were millers, and they purchased slowly and rather lightly, looking only for the best. No. 2 red $1 11¼ in St. L. and for regular; No. 3 red $1 bid for C., $1 02 for St. L.; No. 4 90 asked for this side, 88 bid for St. L. Rejected 1 car.

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St. Louis Post-Dispatch,

PUBLISHED BY

THE DISPATCH PUBLISHING CO.

JOSEPH PULITZER, President.

[Entered at the Post Office at St. Louis, Mo., as second-class mail matter.]

TERMS OF THE DAILY.

One year, postage paid	$9 00
Six months	4 50
Three months	2 25
One month	75
One month (delivered by carrier)	85
By the week (delivered by carrier)	15

Subscribers who fail to receive their paper regularly will confer a favor on us by reporting the same to this office by postal card.

THE WEEKLY.

One year, postage paid	$1 00
Six months, postage paid	60

All business or news letters or telegrams should be addressed: POST-DISPATCH, 515 and 517 Market street.

MONDAY, MAY 26, 1884.

Subscribers leaving the city during the summer months, can have the Post-Dispatch mailed to them regularly at the usual rates, by leaving their address at the counting-room, No. 515-17, Market street.

AMUSEMENTS THIS EVENING.

PEOPLE'S—Tony Denier's "Humpty Dumpty."
EDWARDS' THEATRE COMIQUE.—Variety Olio.
GREGORY'S DIME MUSEUM—Big Whale and Fish Show.
MATINEES TO-MORROW.
EDWARDS' THEATRE COMIQUE—Variety Olio.
UNION GROUNDS—St. Louis Unions vs. Keystone.

THE City Council need not be afraid of passing the Elevated Railroad bill. It is a good bill.

WITH WARD in jail, FISH under arrest and ENO under arrest, the law is getting dangerously near the family of our ex-President.

IF FISH'S story is true, GRANT lost more than his money. One letter written by him to say that the "Government contracts" were all right, is enough to settle his case forever.

THE growth of cremation in the United States is evidenced by a circular published by the heirs of Dr. LEMOYNE, who own the crematory erected by him in Washington, Penn. This circular states that the crematory was erected not for the general public, but rather for those in Washington County, that its use has increased so much that they are unable to give it the time and attention needed, and that hereafter no person living outside the county in which Dr. LEMOYNE lived and died need make application for the use of the furnace.

FROM now until the close of the Republican Convention the POST-DISPATCH will be represented in Chicago by two members of its staff, sent off for that special purpose. In addition we will have the services of the special corps of reporters sent out by the New York WORLD, and the Associated Press promises to make its report of the proceedings unusually complete. As the most important and interesting part of the proceedings may be expected to take place in time for the evening papers, we propose to give our readers the benefit of the news at least twelve hours in advance of our morning contemporaries.

NATIONAL BANK EXAMINER SCRIBA claims to be connected with the most of the royal families of Europe, and in support of his claim he parts his hair in the middle and wears the surprised expression of a dude who has seen a rabbit. He has suddenly discovered that the President of the Marine Bank loaned four times the whole amount of the capital of the bank without security to an individual swindler who was his partner in outside speculations. If Mr. SCRIBA had paid less attention to his royal descent and more attention to his duties he might have found out two years ago that the Marine Bank was rotten.

THERE is some compensation for the failure of St. Louis to secure a National Convention, in the reflection that, though Chicago has both conventions, it has to endure a lecture from Mrs. BELVA A. LOCKWOOD. The only thing that can add additional unpleasantness to the worst side of politics is to have lovely woman take a hand in it. Mrs. LOCKWOOD'S lecture is advertised to be illustrated with copious examples of mud slinging in the various campaign styles, and numerous other inducements are offered to the authorities to suppress her, or to make her substitute a tricycle exhibition for the proposed lecture.

THE meaning of Civil Service Reform receives fresh illustration from day to day, but none more significant than the unconscious sarcasm of a special dispatch from Chicago in this morning's *Globe-Democrat* which says "the only places now engaged which can in any way be regarded as candidates' headquarters are the parlors of the Illinois delegation at the Grand Pacific, which will be the home of Logan's canvass, and *Parlor Z at the Palmer House, where Collector Spalding will receive the friends of President Arthur.*" The attention of Brother ALLEN of the Missouri Branch of the United States Civil Service Reform Association is respectfully called to the above.

BUT little has been heard of FLANAGAN of Texas in the past four years. His mission seemed to have ended when he endowed the world with the phrase "what are we here for," and he became forthwith merely a beautiful memory. But at the return of the conventional quadrennial period he reappears, like a little tin Vishnu making a political Avatar. And again his voice is heard in Chicago. He knows what he is there for. He is working the Arthur boom, the office-holders' boom, for all it is worth. He writes to the faithful to tell them that the efforts of the Blaine literary bureau to wean from their allegiance the bodyguard of postmasters and collectors in the Southern States, have been fruitless, that "the South is solidifying so rapidly that it now looks as though it would be almost solid for the President." As long as the ox knoweth his owner and the ass his master's crib, one office in possession will be worth two in prospect. The Southern Republican delegate is accurately represented by FLANAGAN of Texas.

MR. ROBINSON'S remark that "they didn't know everything down in Judea," is illustrated by the case of Mr. SHAW, England's "Missionary Martyr," who was actually imprisoned nearly a whole day in Tamatave by the French during their operations against that place, and who has thus far received only $2,500 to console him for his sufferings. Mr. SHAW'S idea is that his country ought to go to war with France, if France does not pay him at least $100,000. This shows that SHAW knows a great many things that St. PAUL did not know. PAUL suffered imprisonment, scourging, shipwreck and other injuries, but he makes no mention of setting up any claim for damages, and it does not seem to have entered his head that it was a part of missionary work to set nations at war with each other.

CONGRESSMAN SPRINGER is undoubtedly right in his opinion that the country is under no obligation to give Gen. GRANT a pension of $10,000 a year merely because he has lost his money among sharks on Wall street. If GRANT could be regarded merely as an individual he might be left to the fate he has so richly earned. But the sentiment of gratitude to him for his past services, a sentiment which survives the many attempts made by GRANT himself to destroy it during his presidency, is among the generous and noble impulses of the nation. It is a feeling widespread and deep, and it is not at all weakened by the recent criminal folly of this erring, prodigal son of the Republic. It is not so much a recognition of any claim of GRANT'S as it is a recognition of the feeling of millions of citizens toward him which will justify the Government in stepping forward and rescuing him from the pecuniary consequences of his folly. No agency, human or divine, no oblivion of time, not even death itself, can rescue his fame from the worse consequences incurred by him in his miserable gambling connections.

A Sign of the Times.

From the New York Herald.

When business was about to begin at the Stock Exchange yesterday morning everybody approaching the Wall street entrance was startled by a signboard about five feet long and two feet wide stretched across the sidewalk immediately adjoining the Exchange doorway. The board bore the following legend in great black letters, visible a block distant:—

LOOK OUT!
DANGER!

The warning had not been put there by some pessimistic bear, nor did it have any intentional significance as applying to the condition of things in the Stock Exchange, as everybody thought at first sight. It appears that the contractor who is tearing down the Mortimer Building, directly adjoining the Stock Exchange, and which has been purchased by the brokers for a site on which to erect an addition ot the Exchange Building, was the owner of the signboard. The warning was intended to be addressed to careless pedestrians, so that they would take to the middle of the street while passing the Mortimer Building, and thus obviate the dangers of receiving upon the top of the head a section of brick wall. The innocent contractor protested until he grew red in the face that somebody had moved the sign several feet nearer the doorway of the Exchange. Superstitious bulls induced the officials to cause a prompt removal of the awful warning. When, an hour later, it was found once more at the doorway it was evident that some mischievous person had a hand in it. The ominous signboard was taken away again and Charley Deacon and a policeman kept watch at the door during the remainder of the day.

Two Good Measures.

From this Morning's Globe-Democrat.

Two important measures, promising rapid transit, are before the City Council, viz.: The West End Railroad Cable Extension, and the Elevated Road. Both bills have passed the House of Delegates; both command wide support among the people of the city. The Council owes it to the public and itself to consider these measures fairly and squarely, to amend them if necessary, but not to defeat them outright at the behest of the unprogressive and insufficient horse railroad companies, or kill them indirectly by delay. The advocates of the much-needed improved transportation facilities should understand that the present monopolies and a few down-town real estate owners are exerting every effort to thwart all new railway enterprises, and that their favorite device is to secure fatal postponement in the Municipal Assembly on idle pretexts. We hope the Council, in considering these measures, will show itself anxious to act earnestly and honestly for the public good.

Journalism in New York.

From the New York World.

Why should the Tribune turn savagely on the Times and call Brother Jones a Spartan cad and accuse him of keeping a wolf under his coat to enjoy a free lunch off his vitals? Why should Brother Reid call Brother Jones a tailor and say that he beats out his brains with his own goose? We may next expect to find Brother Jones retaliating with the sneer that Brother Reid has no brains to beat out. Above all, why should youthful Brother Reid accuse Brother Jones, now well advanced in years, of "biting a file" and doing other very difficult if not impossible things for a venerable journalist?

A Symphony From Schurz.

From the New York Herald.

"It seems to me from latest indications," said Mr. Carl Schurz to a Herald reporter yesterday, "that the Blaine bubble has nearly burst. I now think it quite improbable that he can be nominated at Chicago. The reaction from an overestimate of his strength has already set in. The power he was supposed to wield in Pennsylvania two weeks ago is slowly disappearing and a number of Western props are giving way. The inflation period is over and we are getting down now to a solid basis."

Funnier Than the Logan Boom.

From the New York Sun.

There has been nothing funnier in politics lately than the pilgrimage of Mr. Henry Cabot Lodge and Mr. Theodore Roosevelt to Mr. Edmunds and among the Edmunds men.

MEN OF MARK.

CYRUS H. MCCORMICK'S estate proves to be worth about $10,000,000.

HON. LELAND STANFORD wants General Grant and family to go to California to live at his expense.

THE Rev. Dr. Fowler, recently elected a Methodist Bishop, painted a calf jet black when he was a student.

MR. RUPP, editor of the Eau Claire (Wis.) Democrat, has been left $1,000,000 by his uncle, the lately deceased New York millionaire of that name.

MR. BLACKMORE, the novelist, is an enthusiastic gardener, and prefers to talk about his garden rather than his books. "I tried to talk of novelists," says a recent visitor, "and he spoke of the ravages of slugs among his strawberries; of literature generally, and he told me how he dealt with the marauding blackbird among the cherries." He does much of his writing late at night.

CASSIUS M. CLAY lives quietly on his Kentucky farm, taking little notice of current politics. "I'm not alone," he says, "I have my sheep, cattle, dogs, birds, flowers and books, and I am writing a book—my memoirs."

EIGHT years ago James W. Sheahan, an editor of the Chicago Tribune, wrote an elaborate obituary article upon Charles O'Conor, who declined to die as expected. The article was saved and, with a change of dates, duly appeared in the Tribune; but the writer passed away before Mr. O'Conor.

COL. THOS. HERSEY GUERNSEY, a native of Bangor, Maine, who died in Boston on May 19, at the age of 53 years, was one of the leading Douglas and War Democrats of Maine, and is said to have been the first person to apply the term "copperhead" to the Northern sympathisers with the Southren rebellion.

A GERMAN bookseller, Carl Minde, of Liepzig, announces the "collected poems" of the murderer Hugo Schenck, "a highly interesting brochure," whose publication has been undertaken on account of the "psychological interest awakened by the murderer throughout the world."

WOMEN OF THE WORLD.

THE daughter of Edward Eggleston, the author, is a marvel of wood-carving.

MRS. J. W. MACKAY has a namesake in Paris, and the fact creates social confusion often.

MRS. LELAND STANFORD, on the anniversary of the birthday of her only son, who recently died in Italy, sent $5,000 to the free kindergartens in San Francisco.

THE veteran actor, James E. Murdoch, remembers Kate Field as a child sixty years ago. An excellent memory on this occasion has brought him into trouble, as Miss Field is reported as very mad.

CAPT. WEMS'S widow is exhibiting as an attraction by playing the part of cashier at Whirlpool Rapids Park, near Suspension Bridge, close by the scene of her husband's last foolish plunge.

MARION HARLAND, the writer, will shortly take up her residence in Brooklyn, E. D., her husband, Rev. Dr. Terhune, having accepted the pastorate of the First Reformed Church of that city.

MRS. LEONOWENS, who was once governess for the King of Siam, had a very pleasant interview with the Siamese Embassy at New York, the Prince who heads the commission having been one of her charges.

MINNIE PALMER, who is making a stir abroad, is a Philadelphia girl. Her father was a sailor. Her mother, who traveled with her, was a little stage-struck and got the girl into the notion. She always called her "Baby," even up to a year or so ago.

DR. GRACE WOLCOTT, daughter of Col. J. W. Wolcott, of the Vendome, who recently graduated with high honors at the Woman's Medical College in Philadelphia, is attracting considerable attention from her nerve and skill in performing difficult surgical operations.

OLD Mrs. Septima Meikleham, the grand-daughter of Thomas Jefferson, has declined the offer of Mr. Louis Schaefer, the Ohio philanthropist, to give her a home, and will continue to live at Georgetown, where she and two daughters are wholly dependent on a third daughter, who draws $1,000 as year as a clerk in the Patent Office.

SARAH BERNHARDT has put a jersey on Lady Macbeth, whose hair may yet be banged. The actress appeared in that role at the Porte St. Martin Theater, in Paris, on Wednesday night. In the first act she wore a white jersey, close-fitting as a glove, no corsets. Embroidered fleurs de lis in gold and blue were scattered over the jersey, and the arms and corsage were checked in diamonds of the same color, while cuffs of white crepe de Chine were at the shoulders, a gold coronet on her forehead, and her auburn hair fell loosely over her shoulders. It is said that Banquo's Ghost was so gruesome that some of the women gave little mouse-like screams, and brought forth the smelling bottles.

THE METROPOLITAN PRESS.

What the Editors of the New York Journals Are Saying To-Day.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

THE WORLD says: "The Garfield half-breeds swear that should Arthur be nominated they will 'knife' him as they did Folger. Yet they pretend that an anti-Arthur candidate is certain of election, and ignore the fact that 'knifing' can be done by Arthur's friends as well as themselves."

THE SUN.

The Sun says: "The Republican candidates are thinning out. The old stalwart guard had secretly cherished the belief that after a severe struggle at Chicago the leading candidates would destroy each other and then Grant's name would be suddenly brought forward and carry the convention by storm. The exposure of the frauds of Grant & Ward have put an extinguisher on this hope."

THE TIMES.

The Times says: "It is undoubtedly the belief of the majority of business men in the United States that the country would be safer for the next Presidential term under a Republican than under a Democratic administration. It is a very natural view, considering what have been the tendencies of the two parties for the past twenty years, and the probabilities as to what either of them would do or would leave undone in regard to matters that would affect business interests. It is because of this general belief that the friends of Mr. Arthur have sought to make the impression that he is the favorite of the business men. They have not had much success. In fact, the more a keen business man wants a Republican administration the less he wants Mr. Arthur's nomination with the danger of defeat which it involves."

THE TRIBUNE.

The Tribune says: "The talk of gains for Arthur in New Jersey rests upon the same foundation of fiction as the reported 'accessions' in Pennsylvania and in this State. The delegates in New Jersey have not been influenced in the least by the carefully-worked Wall street boom, nor the circulars mailed them from the President's literary bureau. The majority of Republicans of New Jersey declare for Mr. Blaine in the choice of delegates, and when the delegation from the State meets in Chicago for organization they will, no doubt, be found to represent the wishes of their constituents.

THE PEOPLE'S FORUM.

Where the Readers of the Post-Dispatch Find a Hearing.

ST. LOUIS, MO., May 26, 1884.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

The article and interview very inappropriately headed "A Wild-Cat Hunt," published in your very lively paper of May 24th, reports Mr. Munson, of the insurance firm of Bascome & Munson, in relation to their melancholy loss of the line of insurance on the Planters' House, as stating the following: "We did carry risks amounting to $100,000 on the building last year and $80,000 on the rents, but we were beaten out of it when our policies died in January by a gentleman named Kimball," said Mr. Munson. "He played a game on us and took the entire business."

If these expressions were used by the gentleman of "First-Premium-Dog" renown I beg leave to state I consider them unhappy and unwarranted.

I played no "game" on the firm of which Mr. Munson is a member, and do not understand what is meant by their "being beaten out of it" unless that they sat down too heavily on themselves.

The state of the case was simply this: The "Planters' House and Insurance Co.," for reasons best known to itself, preferred to employ me as its broker to place the insurance for it, instead of securing the too valuable services of Messrs. Bascome & Munson.

This was, no doubt, outrageous, in fact looks treasonable, and the authorities should take notice.

As to the "wild-cat" feature, no one knows better than these sore heads that while it was illegal for any one to represent an insurance company not authorized to do business by our Insurance Commissioner, it is the legal privilege of any citizen to send for the policy of any company in the United States, and that such policy is perfectly legitimate and binding.

Fact is, I am informed that Messrs. B. & M., as well as most of the insurance agents of this city, have availed themselves of this privilege conducive to intercourse between States.

I trust you will see proper to publish this explanation, that your many interested readers may not misconstrue the very "unhappy" remarks of my most amiable competitors.

BENJ. KIMBALL,
308 Olive street.

The Snakes in Ireland.

ST. LOUIS, MO., May 26, 1884.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Well knowing the POST-DISPATCH to be the medium through which all solid information can be obtained, I take the liberty of asking you the scientific reason why there are no snakes in Ireland? Having sought in vain for the solution of this problem, I am finally compelled to appeal to your infallible authority.

BORAX.

[Scientific authority is unanimous in the opinion that the banishment of the snakes in Ireland was effected by St. Patrick; probably the reason why science has not gone more deeply into the subject is because it wanted to be sure of the fact.—ED. P.-D.]

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

FRIEND JIM: Will think it over.

S. C.—There is no one in St. Louis who deals in old coins.

LADY READERS—We have no means of ascertaining. Write to Chicago.

P. O.—Campbell, the candidate, and Campbell, the chiromancer, are two different persons.

SCHOOL BOY—The Republican Convention meets June 3; the Democratic Convention July 8.

H. C. P.—The motto on the Benton statue is said to be from his speech on the Pacific Railroad.

F. V. F.—The bill to increase the police force by twenty-five men has passed both houses of the Municipal Assembly.

W. P. OAKLEY—The Thomas company are advertised to appear in Memphis June 4, and as their last performance in St. Louis is June 8 it would hardly be worth while suggesting an extra concert.

TWO YOUTHS—Unless the gentleman is so old as to claim deference on the score of age, he should be presented to the lady. The person who is presented—ordinarily the gentleman—is named last. There are any number of books on etiquette, one about as standard as the other.

THE OTHER SIDE.

An Explanation of a Father's Search for a Missing Daughter.

Over a month ago the POST-DISPATCH published an account of the successful search which a man named Peter Keffer, who was living at 178 Marion street, had made for his daughter, Mr. Keffer, who told the story, related that he had gone West in 1868, with his wife and two girl babies. Shortly after his arrival in Kansas a son was born. In 1875 his wife died, and soon after he had to dispose of his children. He said that he gave the oldest girl, Mollie, to a man named Crisp, who lived in Barber County. The other children were also disposed of. Before Mr. Keffer left, he says that he made an agreement that if any of the families who had the children should move, they should notify him and the other families. Finally Mr. Keffer told how, when he came to look for his daughter, Mollie, he found that the Crisp family had left Butler County, that for years he got no trace of them, that he finally located them in Leon, Butler County, Kan., and that he found his daughter there, working for the family of J. Smith, for her education and clothes. Mr. Keffer concluded his story by saying that he found that Crisp claimed that the girl was bound to him, and would resist her removal, so he took her away quietly, and returned to St. Louis. The following letter, received this morning from Mr. Smith, puts another color on the story.

THE LETTER.

"LEON, KANSAS, May 17, 1884.

"To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

"In your payer of April 14th I saw an article headed 'A Father's Search.' I want you to publish the following explanation in justice to the family which raised the girl: In October, 1875, Mr. Crisp went by chance into a store at Medicine Lodge, Kansas, where Mr. Keffer had his three children for the purpose of giving them away, and he did find homes for all of them. Mr. Crisp, having the first choice, took Mollie, and had her adopted as his own child. Mr. Keffer says the agreement was that if either family should move away they were to notify the others and also to notify him. There was no such agreement made. In the year 1877 or 1878 Mr. Keffer left for parts unknown and did not let Mr. Crisp know where he went. He says he went to the Indian Territory, and then East in 1879. If he had tried he could have found out where Crisp had gone at Medicine Lodge, from Crisp's uncle, or from his other daughter, or from the families that had the other children, as Mollie has to my knowledge been corresponding with her sister. Mr. Crisp went to Cartersville, Mo., six years ago last October, and in July, '83, he came back to Kansas and located at Rosalia, Butler County. Now, if all that Keffer has stated to this time be true, the rest is false. Mr. Crisp still lives where he located, and Mr. Keffer found him at home and took dinner with him. Mr. Crisp took his team and brought Mr. Keffer to my house to see his daughter, and then took them to Rosalia station. When Keffer says he traced them to Leon, this is not true. He never saw the place. "I found," he says "that Mollie had been sent to the family of J. L. Smith to work for her clothes and education;" this is not true. Last August I hired Mollie to help my wife work. She worked thirteen weeks, for which I paid her $33. I then told her she could stay and go to school if she wanted to, as there was no school at home. So she did stay all winter and went to school, and here Mr. Keffer found her. He says "she did not know she had a father." That is not true, for her sister had written to her about her father. He also says that "Mr. Crisp maintained that the girl was bound to him." There was not one word said about the articles of agreement. I could send you the agreement, but it is not necessary. "I also found he intended to resist the release of the girl," says Mr. Keffer, but this is not true, as nothing was said on the subject. Mr. Keffer came to my house and deceived his daughter. He showed her some pictures of her brother, sister and mother, and asked her if she didn't want to go see her brother and sister, and said he had come to take her there on a visit, he was in a hurry to go, and said he would bring her back on Tuesday, April 15, 1884, or else she would not have gone with him. I was present, and she did not tell him she had no brother and sister, nor did he tell her that she would have to go. Thus deceiving her, he took her straight to St. Louis instead of going to Medicine Lodge, where the other children live. I think I have said enough on this subject, in justice to the family that raised for this ungrateful man, so dutiful a daughter.

J. W. SMITH.

THE THEATERS.

Tony Denier and his Humpty Dumpty troupe began their season at the People's last evening and the pantomime is young and rejuvenated through their handling. Ravel and Melville, the clowns, are funny, and there are a number of clever specialists in the troupe.

* * *

At Edwards' Theater Comique and Summer Garden a new bill is offered to-night, in which Streeter and Blakely, the Macarthys, Healy and Saunders, Sydney Walters, Malvenia Renner, Minnie Dixon, Jennie Gray, Fannie Mosegrave, Freddie Peasley, Boney Hodges, Henry Dutch and Jack Bunsbey will appear. The regular matinee will be given to-morrow.

* * *

The sale of seats for the Wagner Concerts at the Olympic June 2 and 3 opened this morning, and the competition was lively and indicative of a splendid series, so far as the patronage is concerned.

* * *

The opening opera at Uhrig's Cave has been decided upon. It will be Gilbert & Sullivan's latest achievement, "The Princess Ida," which will be presented for the first time in St. Louis, with the full strength of Ford's Company and chorus in the representation. It will be elegantly costumed, and put on the stage with fine scenery and effects.

* * *

The performance of "Ceramics," at the Grand Opera House on Friday evening next for the benefit of the Woman's Exchange, should draw a splendid audience, and it is certainly one of the most creditable local productions ever presented. Mrs. Allen's play is interesting, ingenious and amusing and will be excellently cast.

* * *

The ushers of the People's Theater will take a benefit this week, the dates 29 and 31 inclusive, also the two matinees. O. E. Sylvia, O. P. Atchison, R. L. Brady and W. D. Hussung are the beneficiaries, and tickets can be had from them or at the news depot under the theater.

* * *

The Dime Museum has a series of good attractions this week, including the big whale "Jumbo" Mons. Osman, Circassian, John Davis, fire king, Prof. Herve's trained birds and a pleasant olio in the theatorium. CERBERUS.

Streets Obstructed.

A correspondent writes to complain of the manner in which Soulard and Miller streets were blocked up with lumber. He wants Mr. Turner to see that he doesn't have to send his teams around two or three blocks, because the obstruction on the street and sidewalk is impassible. He says that the Street Department ought to look into the matter at once.

MR. W. C. STEIGERS

Will call on merchants wishing to contract for advertising in the POST-DISPATCH.

EL MAHDI'S RIVAL.

A Colored Man Who is Acting as a Prophet in Georgia.

GAINESVILLE, GA., May 27.—El Mahdi promises to have a rival in a Georgia colored man, who has been gradually spreading a delusion among people of his race for several months. Considerable religious fervor has existed among the colored people of Madison, Jackson and the neighboring counties, one of the strange features of which was the secrecy with which the proceedings were kept from the knowledge of the whites. Meetings would take place in out of the way places and at late hours of the night, generally after the regular services were over, when a chosen few would be called aside to listen to a new oracle who had risen to point the way to the future life. This new speaker, who was a stranger in the county, always introduced himself as the one who was to come, the hope of Israel, and by similar designations.

HE FOUND FOLLOWERS

who believed implicitly in his mission and who never lost the opportunity of securing converts. The increasing zeal of his followers heightened the pretentions of the impious preacher, who soon began to announce his appearance on a great white horse, when the world would bow in submission to him. The colored man had been under foot long enough. The day of his deliverance was at hand, when he should entered into the possession of the promised land. They should watch and wait and look for signs which would precede his coming. Reports from points where this man has been thus holding forth indicates a firm conviction on the part of the negroes, that the prophet who has risen among them has no common mission. Within the past week the pretensions of this man have passed all belief. He has boldly declared himself to be the Messiah whose coming has been foretold from the beginning. His deluded followers have eagerly assented to this claim, and speak of him as the veritable Christ. A gentleman who just arrived from one of the

HAUNTS OF THE IMPOSTOR

declares that his dupes worship him, and that he has forgiven the sins of a large number, being quite lavish in his clemency. He exhibits scars which he pretends are the marks of the wounds in his hands and feet and the spear wound in his side. He has evidently used an instrument upon himself so as to secure the marks of nails. The colored people who are in his following are shy of all inquirers and always give equivocal answers. Whether the imposter is a lunatic or a knave is hard to decide. He gives no trouble to the communities which he visits, simply traveling around in a style of an English renter, confining himself to the propagation of his claim to divinity. The Gainesville Press, speaking of him, says that his dupes are ardent in his support, going to any length to testify their devotion.

A DESPERATE BATTLE.

Police Officer Schmidt Nearly Killed—Almost a Riot on Broadway.

Shortly after 9 o'clock Saturday night, the Fourth Police District, which is usually very quiet, was the scene of a street fight which almost assumed the character of a riot, and for a time shots, rocks and clubs were scattered in all directions. At the time indicated Officer Christ Schmidt of Capt. McDonald's staff, was standing on the southeast corner of Broadway and Destrehan streets, in the northern part of the district. Shortly after his arrival at the corner, Officer Schmidt says he heard a crowd coming north on Broadway and yelling like a troop of Buffalo Bill's Indians. He gave his official order for silence, not before, however, one of the crowd had abused him by calling him names. This individual, he says, was Patsy Tebeau. When he attempted to put young Tebeau under arrest he resisted. During the struggle between Tebeau and the officer, the latter was assaulted by a crowd numbering ten or a dozen. Rocks were thrown at him from all sides. Finding that he was rapidly being surrounded, and his club being of but little use, he drew his revolver and fired at Tebeau, who, by this time, had retreated quite a distance. Had Tebeau not slipped and fell simultaneous with the discharge of the revolver, there might probably have been a case for the Coroner, as there seems to be but little doubt that the officer shot to kill. Just as he drew his weapon from the direction in which Tebeau was fleeing he was assaulted by Wm. Borkenkamp, who struck him a terrible blow across the face with a rock, disfiguring him badly. The officer now fully enraged and with good cause pursued young Borkenkamp, revolver in hand and with all the intention of bringing the young man to the ground with a bullet. The officer, stunned from the effect of the treacherous blow and from the blood yet pouring down his face, saw that Borkenkamp was gaining on him and fired another shot, but this, like the first, was without effect, and the man escaped through a neighboring alley. After having a desperate battle of over half an hour's duration Officer Schmidt was relieved by the appearance of Officer Gettys, who came in response to a call from the private watchman in Henry Schwaner's tannery. James Donnelly was arrested and a charge of interfering with a police officer preferred against him, for which he will have to answer in the Second District Police Court. Officer Schmidt is on duty to-day and says that he will stay right with the crowd and thin their ranks in the next battle, should that occur.

GREENBACKERS' GATHERING.

Western Delegates to Leave by Special Coach for Indianapolis.

A small group of men with a decidedly country air about them, and with that far-away, lonely expression in their faces that marks individuals who are fighting for an idea in a small minority, were gathered in the Laclede to-day. They were indulging now and then in excited discussions in which greenbacks and tariff were the chief topics. The gentlemen composed the delegates to the National Greenback Convention, which meets in Indianapolis on Wednesday, the 28th inst. The Missouri delegation had made arrangements to go to Indianapolis in a special coach and had invited delegates from Colorado, Arkansas, Kansas and Texas to accompany them. The St. Louis delegation, consisting of J. F. Crews of the People's Advocate, Fred Swaine, H. D. Hill, Geo. M. Jackson and Henry Eshbaugh, constituted a committee to receive the delegates and make arrangements for the trip. Among the arrivals this morning were John Kostle of Kansas City, B. H. Cowgill of the Laclede County Sentinel and Chas. D. Cunningham, W. P. Parks, Isom P. Langly and T. N. White, delegates at large from the State of Arkansas.

In a conversation with Mr. Crews and the other delegates a POST-DISPATCH reporter was told that the ticket was certain to be headed by Ben Butler, who has already been nominated by the Anti-Monopolists, and that the nomination for Vice-President would lie between Gen. West of Mississippi and James H. Reagan of Texas. Reagan stands a chance of being struck by Greenback lightning because of his anti-monopoly sentiments which would render him acceptable to the anti-monopolist who did not nominate a Vice-President. He is likely, however, to receive opposition from some of the delegates who are desirous of placing a Greenbacker on the ticket.

The party will leave by special coach over the Bee Line to-night.

TO WATCH SHOPLIFTERS.

A Petition for a Special Officer from Numerous Retail Merchants.

A petition will be submitted to the Police Board to-morrow asking that Police Officer William Bennett be allowed to attend his official duties attired in citizen's dress instead of uniform. The document is signed by dry goods and clothing merchants on Broadway, between Morgan street and Franklin avenue. The object is for the officer to have a better opportunity of watching the movements of the shop-lifters, pickpockets and other classes of thieves who frequent that great retail center. With an officer in full uniform the shop-lifters have every chance to watch him, as his white hat, glittering buttons and star gives him no possible way of going through a crowd without being observed. Heretofore, as soon as the officer noticed a shop-lifter or pick-pocket enter a store he notified the floor walker of the house. This did no particular good, as the floorwalker is always busy and has his own special work to attend.

Sale of Boxes for "Keramics."

The boxes for the performance of "Keramics" at the Grand Opera House next Friday evening will be auctioned off on 'Change to-morrow at noon. A gentleman well qualified for the position of auctioneer has consented to serve in that capacity, and the sale will no doubt be provocative of much amusement. The fact that Mrs. Shewell will be unable, through domestic affliction, to play the part she originally appeared in has been used by a great many of Mrs. Marie T. Allen's friends as a ground for a request that Mrs. Allen appear in the play herself. Mrs. Allen has been induced to play the character first assumed by Mrs. Shewell, and will undoubtedly appear.

A Lively Runaway.

A horse attached to a spring wagon belonging to the American Mineral Water Co., took fright at 8 o'clock this morning and ran away from the corner of Sixth and Elm streets, where their outfit was left standing. As it approached Market street, the wagon collided with a South St. Louis car, staving in a panel of the car, a few steps further, the mineral water wagon bumped up against a wagon belonging to A. Boyce and damaged it to the extent of ten dollars. At the corner of Sixth and Chestnut streets the horse fell, the wagon was upset, the mineral water was scattered but no other damage was done. Officers Lyon and Doyle and several citizens checked the runaway and helped to fix up the turnout.

FATALLY SCALDED.

Thrown Out of a Carriage and Seriously Injured—Missouri Matters.

CALIFORNIA, MO., May 26.—A little daughter of Mr. B. S. Cooper pulled a pot of boiling tea from the table last night and scalded herself to death.

MEXICO, MO., May 26.—A petition is being circulated and largely signed for the removal of the Post Office from its present quarters to others more commodious.

RICH HILL, MO., May 26.—A carriage containing four young people, two of them daughters of Judge Lane, was run away with by a frightened team yesterday and the occupants thrown out. All were seriously injured, Miss Josie Lane especially.

Centennial Celebration of Methodism.

The Centennial Celebration of Methodism in the United States was observed with interesting ceremonies yesterday. At St. John's an extended programme was followed, Dr. Lewis making an address which covered the principal points in the history of Methodist progress. He stated that the Church has 5,000,000 American adherents. At Centenary the children had a prominent place in the service, Dr. Tudor gave an entertaining sketch of Wesley's life and work and of the principles he established. Mr. John Hogan gave a capital talk to the children, as did Mr. John Fields. A call for contributions to the general Sunday-school fund to be formed this year, raised $300. At the First Church the children were on hand in large numbers and Rev. Iri Hicks delivered a comprehensive discourse on the topic of the day.

Lawn Party at Uhrig's.

Uhrig's Cave will be illuminated next Wednesday evening for the first time this season on the occasion of a lawn party to be given by the lady managers of the Children's Hospital. This hospital, which is located at the corner of Twenty-eighth street and Franklin Avenue, has become too small for its purpose, and an effort is being made to build a new hospital, the ground having already been purchased. In order that the affair will be interesting a number of novelties will be introduced, among them a dress drill by the Tredway Rifles, the crack infantry company of the city. There will no doubt be a large and fashionable gathering at Uhrig's that evening.

A Memorable Day.

The members of St. Teresa's Parish gave Archbishop Ryan a grand reception yesterday. The reverend gentleman was met at the boundary of the parish, Grand and Easton avenues, by the entire congregation and a number of Catholic societies and escorted to the church. The Bishop occupied a carriage with Rev. Father Brantner, which was preceded by the Excelsior Branch and followed by little children in white bearing flowers. The procession was three or four squares in length. Arrived at the church, his grace ascended the altar and vespers began. Afterward the sacrament of confirmation was administered.

The Fourth Waif.

At 1 o'clock this morning Officer Lahan found a white male infant twenty-four hours old in the alley between O'Fallon street and Cass avenue and Eighth and Ninth streets. The baby was wrapped in an old woolen shawl. The officer turned it over to St. Ann's Asylum, Tenth and O'Fallon streets. This is the fourth infant this institution has received since Saturday night.

A Youthful Burglar.

Yesterday noon, Detectives Sullivan and McCarthy of the Fourth District succeeded in arresting Geo. Sutter, 17 years old. Sutter has been wanted by the police since the night of May 23, when Mr. Beasley, residing at Twenty-fifth and Howard streets, reports that Sutter forcibly entered his residence, but did not carry anything off, as he was discovered too soon.

NORTH ST. LOUIS.

Col. Philip Gruner, jr., president of the Gruner Brothers Lumber Company, has returned from La Crosse, Wis.

The St. Louis Catholic Lyceum will give a musical entertainment and reception Wednesday night at St. Michael's Hall, Eleventh and Benton streets.

CITY HALL NOTES.

The Committee on Railroads of the Council hold a meeting this afternoon. The Committee on Railroads of the House will meet to-morrow afternoon.

The death of one of three children of Bertha Wester, a woman at the Female Hospital, has brought to light the fact that the mother gave birth to triplets last Wednesday.

A committee consisting of Jos. A. Schultz, Gustav Biston and S. F. Witzig, with Mons. Emile Karst, French Consul, called on Mayor Ewing this morning and requested his attendance at the French fete, July 14.

The City Council will meet this evening. The Elevated road bill is the special order. Other bills will come up for second reading and the Missouri Extension bill, which was ordered to engrossment last Friday night, will be passed.

CITY NEWS.

The body of an unknown man was taken out of the river at the foot of Kansas street last night.

The funeral of the late James Magee took place yesterday from the residence of his nephew, 1205 Tyler street.

The Retail Grocers' Association gave their first excursion yesterday on the steamer Helena to Niemann's Grove.

Capt. Paul Boyton had an audience of 2,000 people at the Fair Grounds yesterday. He exhibited his aquatic powers in the lake.

Rev. Geo. Hoeffer, S. J., who was ordained last Thursday, celebrated his first mass at 10:30 a. m. yesterday in St. Xavier's Church.

The funeral services of W. E. Betts, who was killed on the L. E. & St. L. road on the 22nd inst., took place at the Church of the Messiah.

Thomas Hyde was clubbed by Officers Wilson and McDonald last night for resisting arrest. Hyde and a companion had been guilty of fast driving.

Henry Weise fell from the roof of a new building at 3322 South Ninth street, Saturday afternoon, and was so seriously injured that he is likely to die.

The funeral of W. H. Mantz, who died at Hotel Hurst, Friday night, took place yesterday afternoon from the residence of Chas. A. Mantz, 2209 Pine street.

The detectives are looking for a collector named Louis Porcher, who, his employer, Mr. Loire, alleges, has made no return of $300 or $400 recently collected.

Pat Conway and John Nolan, firemen, quarreled at No. 6 Engine House Saturday evening. Nolan struck Conway on the head with a chair, inflicting a severe scalp wound.

The Queen's birthday was celebrated by the Victoria Social Club Saturday at their parlors 206 North Seventh street. A banquet, music and speeches formed the evening's entertainment.

At the meeting of the Medical Society Saturday night reports were heard from delegates who attended the sessions of the American Medical Association and the Missouri State Association.

A negro stabbed Daniel Murphy in the left side of the face early Sunday morning. Murphy, who lived at 1414 North Fourteenth street, quarreled with the negro in Clabber alley. The negro escaped.

A MANIAC'S WORK.

Mrs. Edmont Cuts the Throats of Her Three Children,

And Then Attempts Her Own Life—The Inquest on the Bodies—The Mother Improving but Still Insane—Scenes at the House.

At No. 1410 South Compton avenue early yesterday morning Mrs. Augusta Edmont cut the throats of her three children with a razor, and then attempted to take her own life. Of course she was crazy. The story of this inhuman butchery makes one of the cruelest pages of crime in the history of St. Louis. Alex. Edmont and his wife are both Swedes. They were married in St. Louis in 1874. It is alleged that there was insanity in the wife's family, and on several previous occasions she has given evidence of being under a homicidal mania. About two years ago while at the Union Depot she attempted to kill one of her children and herself, but was prevented by Sergeant Burke, and on another occasion she tried to drown the young ones. When her mind was not darkened, however, she was a happy and loving wife and mother, and the little household was a bright and cheerful one.

Saturday she was in a pleasant mood all day, and she and her husband retired to rest about 10 o'clock, altogether unprepared for the catastrophe which impended. Just as the grey dawn appeared in the East, she arose in a frenzy, and, taking the little writing desk in which her husband's razor was locked, out to the kitchen, she pried it open, secured the razor and then crept back to the side of her sleeping partner. Reaching over him to where her four months' old baby was lying in the bed, she buried the bright blade in its tender throat ending its life at once, and perhaps with not more than one pang. Leaving the baby dead she walked round to the bed to where her three year old daughter Cora was lying. Her throat, too, she cut from ear to ear, leaving the little blonde beauty a bloody corpse behind her. The crazy woman did not touch her boy who was sleeping on a pallet, but went into the front room where her daughter Emma, five years old was in bed and on her throat also the razor decended, not strongly enough this time, however, to kill. Back to her bed the mother came and when she had disposed herself to her liking once more the razor went to work, this time on her own throat. In the meantime the little Emma screamed with pain and frightened fully as much as she was hurt, came back into the bedroom, her little night gown growing redder and redder with the blood that was spurting from her neck. Her cry woke her father, who sat up dazed and stared at her. She could only say "Mamma," and Edmont turned and looked at his wife. Her he saw hacking at her neck frantically with the razor. He grasped her in horror and disarmed her, whereon she told him to take the razor and kill himself and the boy. It was some time

BEFORE HE REALIZED

what a ghastly tragedy had occurred. The baby and Cora were quite dead, and Emma was badly cut. He shouted for help lustily, and in a little while the started neighbors came running in. The place looked like a shambles. As the cool, gray twilight grew stronger, everything seemed sodden with blood. In the bed which the husband had just vacated the mangled baby was lying in a red pool. Next to her was her mother, her throat gaping, open and jets of blood spurting out with the regularity of pendulum beats. Cora was quite dead, too, and her death-bed was to the full as grisly with the red horror as her mother's.

Doctors were speedily summoned, and all that could be done was done for the maniac and her still living child, Emma. Emma was speedily pronounced out of danger, but the mother has mangled herself so cruelly that the issue is still in doubt.

The neighbors for a time feared that Edmont, too, would commit suicide. He was closely watched, but he made no attempts to cut his wretchedness short violently. When he was composed enough to make any statements, he said that he had woke with a start about 2 o'clock in the night, and that a great fear had come upon him. He arose in the bed and looked around, but all was still, and thinking no more about it had gone to sleep again. The next that he remembered was that his daughter Emma came to him, crying and covered with blood, saying that her mamma had hurt her throat. He turned and saw his wife trying to kill herself. From her he jerked

THE RAZOR AWAY

wherewith she was cutting herself, in time to prevent the utter end of the murders. Bit by bit did the catastrophe develop to him. He found Cora a corpse in a blood-sodden bed; he found the baby dead, its life-current mingled with its mother's. His boy was untouched. He recalled the previous seizures of disease upon his wife, and said that he had intended to find out whether there was insanity in her family, but had forgotten it. When he took the razor away from his wife she said to him, "I want you to kill me. It is better for us all to die; the house is sinking on us."

All yesterday morbid, curiosity-bitten people thronged the house and gazed at the bloody beds and stained floor and the dead and the living actors in the tragedy.

THE INQUEST.

At noon to-day Coroner Nidelet began an inquest on the children at the above number. In a single coffin in the uncarpeted front room the corpses of the dead children lay. To hide the horrible gash in Cora's throat the undertakers had propped up the head and tucked the gown up close to the chin. By her side lay the four-months-old baby Gusta. After Deputy Coroner Hennessy viewed the bodies last night the neighbors masked the faces and prepared the victims for the grave. From among the neighboring tradesmen Clerk Spalding subpœnaed the jury, and shortly after noon the inquest was begun. In the back room in which the murder took place the neighbors had congregated to discuss the horrible affair, and it was with some difficulty that the Coroner succeeded in making room for himself at the table. Hand in hand Willie, the 9-year old boy, and his little sister Emma ran from room to room prattling and receiving the caresses of the charitable neighbors. Calling the boy to his side, Coroner Niedelet examined him as to his qualifications to testify. "I used to go to Sunday-school, but I don't go now. I'll tell you all I know about mamma killing Cora and Gusta. I didn't see it, but they woke me up." During the questioning the little girl Emma nestled in her father's lap and looked with awe on the Coroner and the jury of strange men. She was too young to understand the nature of the proceedings and the Coroner decided to hear her statement without the usual oath. The father, who stood by and received the simple solace of his charitable neighbors was the first witness examined. His testimony was about as follows: My name is

ALEXANDER EDMONT,

I am a locomotive engineer by trade and am now employed at the machine shops, running engines into the round house. I was awakened yesterday morning by the cries of one of the children. I discovered by the low light in the room that my wife was cutting her throat with a razor. The two children Cora and Gusta lay in bed with the blood spurting from their throats. I did not take time to determine whether they were dead or not. I jumped up and ran to the door where I called for help. Officer O'Conner happened to be just outside the door, and he came in immediately. I then ran to the next door and called Mr. Albertson. He came over at once. I asked him to stay while I ran for the doctor, but he said that he would go for the doctor if I would stay. I ran to where my wife was on the bed. She had cut her throat, and the blood was saturating the bed. I asked her why she killed the children, but she did not answer me then. She said afterwards that it was better that they should die because the house was sinking. She would not speak to me about the cutting, but told me where she had $5 put away. She also said that she had $40 insurance on one of the children, and had been paying five cents a week on this. I have not found out about this." The witness was examined at length about his wife's mental condition, and said that on retiring Saturday night he did not think about her mental condition. She first showed signs of insanity about two years ago, at the Union Depot, while on her way to visit him at Piedmont, Mo. The witness identified a Post-Dispatch reporter as the person who had assisted him on the morning when he first discovered that his wife was insane. He had no doubt on the subject of her insanity, but said he was unable to account for it, as he always thought she was a healthy woman until he learned that Sergeant Burke was obliged to take her in charge at the Union Depot.

Mrs. Hoeflinger, a neighbor, who was summoned early yesterday morning, was examined and corroborated the unfortunate husband's testimony concerning the conversation had with his wife. The little girl, Emma, was next examined without administering the oath. As she gazed on the pale faces of her little sisters in the coffin, she asked her father, "Is Cora and Gusta dead, papa." She was placed in a chair beside the table and asked to tell what happened yesterday morning. She adjusted the cloth which hid the wound on her neck and said: "Well, when I woke up mamma was cuttin' my neck. She said, 'Does dat hurt you, Emma?' an' I says, 'Yes, mamma, what is you doin'?' an' she says, 'I'm doin' to tut your t'oat.' Den papa came. But I ain't hurt much." The smile that lighted up the little face as she concluded showed how little she comprehended the nature of the terrible occurrence. During the child's testimony her father reminded her that she had screamed, and added, "I guess that's what saved my life."

THE MOTHER'S CONDITION.

Mrs. Edmont was transferred yesterday to the City Hospital, where she is still confined under a close watch. Dr. Dean to-day stated that her condition, as far as regards the cut in her throat, was favorable and recovery might be expected, though she was still insane and spoke incoherently of the attempt on her children's lives and her husband.

THE highest priced cigarettes are Richmond Straight Cut, made of gold-leaf tobacco.

Attention, Travelers.

P. C. Murphy, the old and reliable trunk manufacturer, has now on hand and for sale in his new and commodious store-room, Third and St. Charles streets, the largest and finest assortment of trunks and traveling goods ever exhibited in this market, comprising everything in use for traveling purposes, and at prices to suit the times. Call and see.

Railroad Notes.

A south-bound passenger train on the Cairo and Vincinnes Division of the Wabash, composed of an engine and three cars, jumped the track just north of Cairo at 5 o'clock this morning. Excepting the engine the entire train rolled down the bank, and, strange to note, not a person was injured, not even scratched, says the report.

The Missouri Pacific is getting so much in love with itself and its secrets, that an order has been issued excluding every person from the rate rooms. Even clerks and agents, not at work in these rooms, are barred, which goes to show how much confidence the company has in its employes. "Things have been leaking out too much lately, you know," is the excuse.

The Toledo and Detroit fast freight train, running into East St. Louis, has made an excellent record. It is generally run in three sections, and during the past fifty-seven days it has not missed being on time.

Col. H. M. Hoxie, H. C. Townsend, Geo. Olds and F. Chandler, of the Gould systems, have returned from Chicago.

W. R. Woodard, Receiver and General Manager of the Texas and St. Louis, has returned from New York, where he has been settling up an old Car Trust account. He gives a very graphic description of the panic, and says during its prevalence it was utterly impossible to transact any business at all.

Silver-Plated Castors, Lowest Prices.
Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co., 4th and Locust

The Sketch Club at Creve Cœur.

A number of the members of the St. Louis Sketch Club visited Creve Cœur Lake yesterday, and spent a delightful day in rambles about the woods that surround that charming sheet of water. Mr. Carl Gutherz, Prof. Ives, Prof. Anderson and Mr. W. S. Eames made a number of sketches of rock, tree and water, which they will elaborate for some future occasion. The south side of the lake was thoroughly explored, and as the day was fine and nature in its fairest dress, the artists felt thoroughly repaid for the trouble of their trip. Dr. Eames and Messrs. Hodges and Smith had charge of the provisions, and the dinner under the trees was a delightful affair. The party returned on the 3:30 train.

THE only genuine straight cut cigarettes are Richmond Straight Cut No. 1. Smoke no other.

Druids' Convention.

To-day Henry Grupe, Grand Secretary of the Missouri Grand Grove (or Lodge) of the Ancient Order of United Druids, issued his official proclamation calling that body in annual session next Monday (June 2) at 9 a. m. The session will last three days. Many important matters will be up for consideration. Arrangements have been made to properly entertain the representatives. Officers will be elected on the second day. The session will be thoroughly secret, except in the report of finances, election of officers, and numerical strength. One hundred delegates will attend.

Solid Silver Spoons and Forks.
Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co., 4th and Locust.

Cincinnati's Lost Girl.

CINCINNATI, OHIO, May 26.—A dispatch was received at a late hour last night from Superintendent of Police Walling of New York saying: "A body answering the description of Miss Arabelle Hazard was found at Hastings N. Y. yesterday. Miss Hazard lived at Hobbs Ferry N. Y., near Hastings. Friends left for the East last night to take charge of the body in case its indentity is established.

Safe Doors Blown to Atoms.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

BOONVILLE, Mo., May 26.—The safe of Jno. Theo, a lumber merchant of this city, was blown to atoms last night, but no money or valuables were obtained. No clew whatever to the guilty parties.

Bisque Statuary, Lowest Prices.
Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co., 4th and Locu

CARONDELET JOTTINGS.

A white male floater was found yesterday evening by Philip Englehorn at the foot of Krauss street.

The three public schools, the Blow, Carondelet and River Des Peres, will hold a picnic at the Carondelet Park on Thursday.

A banquet was tendered by his friends to Dr. Outten on Saturday night, the occasion being his departure from Carondelet.

In the Police Court to-day Otto Stolz and Gotlieb Engel, for trespassing, were fined $10 each. Charles Mayer, who was drunk on the streets, was fined $5. All were sent to the Work House.

At the annual picnic of the Carondelet Gun Club yesterday, Joseph Fox of the DeSoto Gun Club took the prize, in the form of a valuable silver pitcher, with a score of 25 out of a possible 26.

ROMANCE OF A DINNER-PAIL.

A Faithful Wife who Carried Her Dead Husband His Dinner Every Noon.

Just after the stroke of noon Saturday, says the Boston Globe, a Chelsea and Boston car was going up Broadway past a large manufacturing establishment, when the attention of the passengers was called to a queer little woman in an old-fashioned poke bonnet, who hurried down the street with a tin pail in her hand and went to the factory gate and knocked for admission. An old gentleman who sat in the forward, right-hand corner of the car looked up and said:

"Hello! there goes Dolly again."

"Dolly who?" asked a girl at his side.

"Why, Dolly White—Crazy Dolly, as she is called by all who know her."

"What makes them call her crazy?" queried the girl, puckering up her pretty little mouth until it looked like a period under her hooked, interrogation point of a nose.

"Oh, it was a long time ago, when she and Charlie hadn't been married but a few years, and she used to come down here every noon and bring him his dinner, that the story commences. They lived in a house on Washington avenue and had two little children to take care of, and they were just as happy as they could be, for Charlie was making a good living and had the promise of a boss-ship in the fall. When, one day at noon, she came with his lunch, as was his custom, and just as she got to the gate it flew open and out came four men bearing the dead body of her husband, who had just been killed by a falling timber. Dolly fainted away at the sight and fell into a sever that did not abate until long after poor Charlie had been buried and another took his place in the factory. As soon as she got able to go out she went to work and scoured up the old dinner pail and put up a meal for the dead husband just as though he was alive and working just as usual. At 11:45 she put on her bright new shawl and gay bonnet, and, taking the pail in her hand, tripped off down the street and knocked at the gate. The men came out, and she told them she wanted to go in and wait for Charlie and let him have something to eat. They tried to reason with her, and told her that he had gone away on a long job, and would not require any dinner for many a day—never, perhaps. But she would not listen to them, and waited there until the bell rang for the men to go to work again. Ever since then, and that was nearly ten years ago, she has done the same thing every day that the factory had been running. Sundays, holidays, and in vacation time she stays at home, but all the rest of the time she puts on the same old shawl and bonnet—they are faded and threadbare—and starts down the street with a tin pail in her hand."

"Does she carry the same old dinner, or is it fresh every day?" asked the girl.

"It is fresh and hot every day."

"But what does she do with the old one when she finds that Charlie don't come out to eat it?"

"Well, she takes it home and sets it down on the table, and, going into her chamber to take off her shawl and bonnet, she stays there and cries and cries and cries. Before she comes out her two children steal into the room and eat the dinner all up and leave nothing but the empty pail. They are hearty children, their mother is poor, and a good hot dinner isn't bad for anybody, so they eat it and ask no questions."

"Oh!" said the girl, relapsing into silence and losing all interest in the story.

OUR NEIGHBORS.

Interesting Personal, Social and News Gossip from the Neighboring Towns.

Special Correspondence of the Post-Dispatch.

CARROLLTON, ILL., May 25.—A lady in this city named Mrs. Smith has 30,000 silk worms.——Primary elections for Democratic candidates were held in the fifteen precincts of this county yesterday. All of the returns are not in yet, but it is concluded from what has been heard that Anthony Conodie is nominated for Circuit Clerk; B. F. Mann for County Commissioner; J. C. White for Surveyor; David F. King for State's Attorney, and Geo. W. Thompson for Coroner. The nomination at the hands of the Democracy of Greene amounts to about the same as an election. The convention meets Monday to ratify the nominations.——Anrouf Flatt, an old citizen and a wealthy farmer of western Greene County, died at his home last night.——Miss Sadie Meyerstein of White Hall was here yesterday.——Carrollton Post, No. 442, G. A. R., will have charge of the Memorial Day exercises next Friday.——W. A. Albright and family are here from Cincinnati and will remain permanently.——Mrs. Nancy Dixon of Denver, Col., is visiting here.——Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Updike and Miss Mary Updike were in our city Friday on their way to the Y. M. C. A. band concert at Roodhouse.

JACKSONVILLE, ILL., May 25.—Mr. Joseph W. King, aged 75 years, died this morning.——The Prohibitionists of this coutty have called a meeting for organization, and intend to nominate a full county ticket.——Next Monday, the 26th, the Sheriff will sell the delinquent tax property of this county.——Ninion E. Condell, aged 19, who was drowned in Morgan Lake near this city while bathing last Wednesday afternoon, was a great grandson of the late Governor Ninion Edwards, one of the first Governors of this State.

OSWEGO, KAN., May 25.—A child of Mr. Goodnight fell into a well and was asphyxied before found.——Dr. Williams is quite sick.——Robert Hill and Miss Bentley were married.——Miss Rose Dixon has finished her school marm and gone to Cherryvale.——Mrs. Van Alstyne of Springfield, Mo., is here visiting.

CARTHAGE, MO., May 25—To-day Stanton Post No. 16, G. A. R., held memorial services at the opera house at 8 p. m. Several ministers were present to participate—Rev. W. S. Knight delivered the address. The house was well filled. Regular decoration services will be held on the 30th. Invitations sent to posts around.

IF THIS SHOULD MEET THE EYE of anyone suffering from Bronchitis, Consumption, Asthama, or any Pulmonary Affection, we would refer them to Dr. Jayne's Expectorant, which will, in all cases, afford speedy relief, and in most effect a speedy cure.

Do You Know

That you can buy a pair of men's pants for 85 cents, and a good summer coat for your boy for 15 cents, in the great Boston bankrupt sale of clothing this week at the GLOBE, 714 and 716 Franklin avenue.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

F. W. Holmes and H. G. Hyde, Boston, are at the Lindell.

A. T. Strick and wife, Carthage, Mo., are at the Laclede.

A. R. Waters and wife, Bunker Hill, are registered at the Southern.

Miss Minnie Orr and Miss Joan Orr, Buffalo, are at the Southern.

F. H. Atwood and H. S. Atwood, Boston, Mass., are at the Planters'.

A. Aslar, M. Lowenthal and Dr. L. G. Alsbey, New York, are at the St. James.

O. J. Davis and wife and J. G. Fountain and wife, Omaha, are at the Southern.

H. W. Farrell, Sarcopie, Mo., and Lillis Quigley, Lincoln, Neb., are at the St. James.

E. M. Andrews, New York; J. L. Padrick, Kansas City, and Jos. Block, Cincinnati, are at the Lindell.

L. F. Krostemaner, Cape Girardeau; P. K. Wilson, Adrian, Mo., F. O'Brien, Chicago, are at the Everett.

Irwin Ellis, Lebanon, Mo.; E. K. Brown, Rich Hill, and J. Ed. Jones, Plattsburg, Mo., are at the Laclede.

J. T. Herbert, Waco, Tex.; W. J. Thompson, Little Rock, and W. W. Elliot, Little Rock, are at the Planters'.

Jno. H. Adams, Trenton, Ill.; S. A. Gershaw, Chicago, and C. C. Kincaid, Cherryvale, Kan., are at the Hotel Barnum.

Hon. J. M. Anthony, Fredericktown, Mo.; P. S. Backus, New York, and Chas. Harton, Busberg, Mo., are at Hotel Hunt.

Mrs. V. C. Paschal, San Antonio; S. W. Leslie, Houston, Ill.; R. M. Allen, Marion, Ill., and Harry F. Staer, Cincinnati, are at Hurst's.

J. D. Swan, Chicago; M. L. Elsey, Sherman, Tex.; H. Black, Milan, Tenn.; W. G. Buchanan, Little Rock, and J. Maycock, Buffalo, N. Y., are at Barnum's.

J. A. Osborn, Baltimore; J. T. Dumont, Cincinnati; E. B. Gray, Auburn, N. Y.; M. A. Daily, Indianapolis, and F. C. Dorsey, Springfield, Mo., are at the Moser Hotel.

How Does This Suit You?

The balance of those $1 90 strictly all-wool pants, worth $5, will go for $1 50 in the great Boston bankrupt sale of clothing this week at the GLOBE, 714 and 716 Franklin avenue.

COMPETING clothing merchants keep pacing up and down in front of the Globe Clothing House, and wonder how the thing is done.

BENJ. KIMBALL,
208 Olive St.

Fire Insurance in reliable and prompt-paying "NON BOARD" Companies at fair rates.

MARRIED.

Marriage and death notices will be inserted at the rate of twenty-five cents for three lines.

SCHWAB—STICKELL—On the 21st inst., at Rocheport, Mo., by the Rev. Mountjoy of Columbia, MISS SALLIE STICKELL of Rocheport, Mo., and TONY SCHWAB of St. Louis, Mo.

POMEROY—NEWCOMBE—On Sunday the 25th inst., at Grace Church Rectory, by the Rev. Dr. Ingraham, Mr. WILLIAM H. POMEROY and MISS MARIA J. NEWCOMBE.

DIED.

DUNKMAN—On Saturday, May 24, at 10:30 p. m., after a long illness, ERNST DUNKMAN, aged 55 years and 7 months.

Funeral will take place at 2 o'clock p. m., Tuesday, May 27, from the residence, 1211 O'Fallon street. Friends invited to attend.

McHALE—On Sunday, May 25, 1884, at 2:30 p. m., WILLIAM H., son of Patrick J. and Bridget McHale, aged 6 months.

The funeral will take place to-day (Monday) at 2:30 p. m., from family residence, No. 1510 Hogan street (old Twentieth), to Calvary Cemetery. Friends of the family are invited to attend.

Purchase From Stores USING THE AUTOGRAPHIC REGISTER System of Checking

Because it saves you time and them expense, and goods can therefore be sold at lowest prices.

The A. R. Co.'s rule is that no store using their system can deliver goods without a bill, which insures a record of the sale in Register.

ATTENTION BALD-HEADS.

Miss R. H. Hawley of the Chicago Hair Growing Co., is in St. Louis by request of a number of gentlemen, who have heard of her phenomenal success in Chicago, Cincinnati and other cities. She guarantees that her treatment and remedies will grow hair on the baldest head, and it is a positive cure for dandruff and all scalp diseases. Money refunded if treatment and Grower does not do all represented.

N. B.—PARLORS SOUTHERN HOTEL. Consultation free. Send stamp for circular.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP—The firm of Koch & Summerwald, was dissolved May 20, 1884. Mr. Koch retiring. Mr. Summerwald assumes all liabilities and collects all the outstanding indebtedness.

CARPETINGS!

Further additions to our stock of WILTONS, VELVET, BRUSSELS and TAPESTRY CARPETS have been made during the past week. The newest patterns continue to arrive.

We invite all citizens and visiting strangers to inspect our SPRING STYLES of both ENGLISH and AMERICAN CARPETINGS. They will be found Stylish and Beautiful.

Persons desiring to purchase CARPETS of any grade, OIL-CLOTHS, LINOLEUMS, or Straw Mattings, can not afford to pass our stock without an examination.

Orders or inquiries from the Country will receive PROMPT ATTENTION.

PRICE LIST MAILED ON APPLICATION.

J. KENNARD & SONS,

420 and 422 N. Fourth St., St. Louis.

EDWARDS' THEATRE COMIQUE

AND SUMMER GARDEN.

606, 608, 610 and 612 South Fourth Street.

THE HOME OF AMUSEMENT.

Glorious success. Stupendous attractions. Houses crowded nightly attest the nature of our entertainment. A perusal of our calendar will prove very conclusively that we still adhere to our indomitable motto of SUPERIORITY.

Sheffer & Blakely, Southern Duo; The MacArthys, Irish and German Sketch Artists; Healy & Saunders, Clog Dancers; Kelley & Magee, Irish Comedians; Sydney Walters, Topical Vocalist; Mlle. Malvinia Renner, Vocal Linguist; Minnie Dixon, Petite Songstress; Jennie Gray, Balladist; Fannie Mossgrave, Classic Vocalist; Freddie Peasley, Serio-Comic; Boney Hodges, Practical Joker; Henrie, Principia Victim; Jack Bunsby, Silent Detective.

ADMISSIONS, - - - - - - - - - 15, 25, 35 and 50 Cents.

MATINEES TUESDAY, FRIDAY AND SUNDAY.

GENTS' LOW SHOES

$4 50, sold elsewhere for $5 and $5 50. Remember we are Headquarters for Gents' Fine Shoes.

ABER'S,
217 N. 5th.

AMUSEMENTS.

BASE BALL.

UNION GROUNDS,
Cor. Cass and Jefferson Avenues.

St. Louis Unions
vs.
Philadelphia.

TUESDAY, MAY 27.

Game called at 3:30. Admission 25c. Reserved Seats 50c. Boys 10c. Vehicles and coachmen free.

The Second Anniversary of the Establishment of the

Memorial Home for Aged People

Will be celebrated at the Home,

Saturday Afternoon and Evening,

MAY 24, from 2 until 10 o'clock. Carriages will be in waiting at Olive street and Washington avenue on Grand avenue. Fare, round trip, 25c. The grounds will be illuminated and refreshments served.

DECORATION DAY,

Friday, May 30, 1884.

Excursions to Barracks and Return.

Strs. Chas. P. Chouteau and Helena,

Leave from near foot Locust street 10 a. m., 12:30 and 1:30 p. m.; leave Barracks 11:30 a. m. and 6 p. m., arrive St. Louis 1 p. m. and 7:30 p. m.

FARE ONLY 40c. ROUND TRIP.

Music and refreshments on board. Good order will be maintained, and no person of improper character allowed; and persons taking passage can be assured of a safe and comfortable trip, as both boats are the largest excursion boats in the world, and are well supplied with electric lights, seats and other necessary outfit. The steamer Helena has just been fitted up regardless of expense, and especially for excursions. Tickets, good on either boat, are for sale at Balmer & Weber, Southern Hotel news stand and boats. Notice time of departure and arrival of boats; also, low price of tickets.

THE COMMITTEE.

ANDREWS
Parlor Folding Bed, 30 Styles
Elegant, Comfortable, Portable
Price $20 upward.
ISAAC S. LEE,
1102 Olive St., St. Louis, Mo.
Send for illustrated Catalogue.

AMUSEMENTS.

OLYMPIC THEATER.

June 2 & 3. Evenings, and June 3, Afternoon

THREE GRAND

Wagner Concerts!

UNDER THE DIRECTION OF

THEODORE THOMAS.

The Principal Artists of the Imperial Opera House, Vienna:

Frau Amalie Friedrich Materna.
Herr Hermann Winkelmann, Tenor.
Herr Emil Scaria, Basso; and
Miss Emma Juch, Miss Emily Winant,
Mr. Theodore Toedt and Mr. Franz Remmertz.

THE ST. LOUIS CHORAL SOCIETY

Reserved seats now on sale at the box office of Olympic Theater. Prices of reserved seats according to location—$3, $2 50, $2, $1 50, $1. General admission, $1; Gallery admission, 50c; boxes, $20 and $30.

The Wagner Hand-Book, containing Text, with Illustrations, for sale at box office Olympic, and at Peter's Music Store, 307 N. Broadway.

PEOPLE'S THEATER.

Sunday, May 25, Wednesday and Saturday Matinees. A Week of Supreme Fun by the

Tony Denier's Great Consolidated 2 Two Clowns 2 Humpty Dumpty Pantomime and Specialty Combination.

Ravel and Melville—2 Clowns with a History 2—acknowledged without rivals. 20 Absolute Artists 20.

Sunday Evening, June 1—5,000th Performance 5,000th.

HUMPTY DUMPTY,

on which occasion each patron will receive a Souvenir Handkerchief illustrated with scenes from the Pantomime.

SUMMER EXCURSIONS.

I am making contracts for steamers

CHARLES P. CHOUTEAU AND HELENA

for excursions during the summer months. Apply to 12 a. m., at Southern Hotel or address

W. B. THORNINGAM.

MUCH LOWER

Than Wall Street Prices

Are now marked on our entire stock of staple and fancy Dry Goods, Ladies' and Children's Wraps, Suits and Dresses. A lot of India Cashmeres in Cream, Red, Light, Medium and Dark Blues, Shrimp and a Rose Pink, and other evening shades at

15c.

These goods are worth 40c. Our stock of Ladies' Muslin Underwear, at the prices now marked, are extraordinary value. A lot of Skirts, 12 tucks, and neatly made,

33c.

In our Suit Department a crisis has been reached. A lot of Silk Suits are marked at $6 48. A line of Ladies' Jerseys at

87c.

These are only examples of the way the stocks are marked. Compare prices.

T. F. MOLONEY,
618 FRANKLIN AVE.

THE SCIENCE OF LIFE, ONLY $1
BY MAIL POST-PAID.

KNOW THYSELF.

A Great Medical Work on Manhood.

Exhausted Vitality, Nervous and Physical Debility, Premature Decline in man, Errors of Youth, and the untold miseries resulting from indiscretions or excesses. A book for every man, young, middle-aged and old. 125 standing 125 prescriptions for all acute and chronic diseases, each one of which is invaluable. So found by the author, whose experience for 23 years is such as probably never before fell to the lot of any physician. 300 pages, bound in beautiful French muslin, embossed covers, full gilt, guaranteed to be a finer work in every sense—and more than any other professional—than any other work sold in this country for $2 50, or the money will be refunded in every instance. Price only $1 by mail, postpaid. Illustrative sample 6 cents. Send now. Gold medal awarded the author by the National Medical Association, to the officers of which he refers.

The Science of Life should be read by the young for instruction, and by the afflicted for relief. It will benefit all.—London Lancet.

There is no member of society to whom The Science of Life will not be useful, whether youth, parent, guardian, instructor or clergyman.—Argonaut.

Address the Peabody Medical Institute, or Dr. W. H. Parker, No. 4 Bulfinch Street, Boston, Mass., who may be consulted on all diseases requiring skill and experience. Chronic and obstinate diseases that have baffled the skill of all other physicians a specialty. Such treatment successfully without a case to failure. Mention this paper.

HEAL THYSELF

DEBILITY of the Genera-tive Organs

THE HOSPITAL OF HEALTH

LODGE NOTICES.

GOLDEN CROWN LODGE, No. 62, K. of P., U. Regular convention at their Castle Hall, s. e. cor. Franklin av. and 11th st., Tuesday evening, 27th inst., at 8 o'clock. Work in the Amplified Third Rank. Visiting knights always welcome. By order of L. C. DIEKMANN, C. C.
M. H. BECK, K. of R. and S.

COSMOS LODGE, No. 262, A. F. & A. M., will hold a stated communication at Masonic Hall, corner 7th and Market sts., this, Monday, evening, at 7:30 o'clock; work in the M. M. degree. Visiting brethren are fraternally invited.
SIMON SUSS, W. M.
M. SWEENEY, Sec. m30

SOCIETY NOTICES.

THE parties interested in the late Horne fund will please attend a special meeting on Monday evening the 26th, at the Victoria Social Club room, corner 7th and Pine sts., at 8 o'clock, sharp; business of importance.
WM. BRANDON, Sec. of Com.
m21

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Book-keepers.

WANTED—To post and balance books, do copying, collect, or anything similar, either whole or part of time by an experienced business man. Address P 60, this office. f26

WANTED—Situation as assistant book-keeper or collector; best of reference. O 47, this office f26

WANTED—A situation in grocery and keep books. P 64, this office. f26

Clerks and Salesmen.

WANTED—By a young married man, office work or collecting; have had experience; city ref. Address J 6, this office. m27

WANTED—Steady employment by a young man as general office collector; wages no object. A 61, this office. m27

Stenographers.

WANTED—By a stenographer, writing 125 words per minute, a position. Ad. H 60, this office. 41

WANTED—Situation by a married man, steady, employment as clerk, porter or carriage driver; best of ref. M 62, this office. f27

The Trades.

WANTED—I am a first-class flier; can use hammer and chisel; would like a job in machine shop. T 59, this office. m28

WANTED—At once, a place as second engineer, or would take charge of a small engine; can give ref. Address S. A. Davidson, Boles, Franklin County, Mo. m28

WANTED—Situation by youth of 19 to run a stationary engine, or to finish learning machinist trade. 1815 Division st. m28

WANTED—Situation as gas and steam fitter by young man of 25; sober; steady; 5 years' experience. Bernard Gutstald, 507 Clark av. m28

WANTED—A situation as blacksmith and engineer; 25 years' experience. Ap. 1125 N. 8th st. f28

Coachmen and Drivers.

WANTED—Situation by a steady young man to drive light wagon; willing to work at anything; good ref. O 61, this office. m29

WANTED—Permanent employment by a competent coachman; steady and entirely sober. B 61, this office. m29

WANTED—Situation by a machinist; 20 years' experience in all branches. D 62, this office. f29

WANTED—Situation to drive furniture car or delivery wagon, by an experienced man. Ad. 1408 N. 7th st. f29

WANTED—Situation as coachman, by young German; understands horses and carriages; good ref. T 49, this office. f29

Boys.

WANTED—Situation by a boy of 15 in some office; good writer, and can give refs. T 60, this office. m29

WANTED—Situation by a boy in office; good wages required. E 60, this office. m42

WANTED—By a boy of 13, a situation in some office or store. N 59, this office. m42

WANTED—Boy of 19 wishes a situation in a grocery store. F 61, this office. m42

WANTED—Situation by a boy of 13 as office boy; best city refs. N 60, this office. m42

WANTED—Boy of 15 wishes a situation to learn the machinist trade. Call at 1239 N. 20 O'Fallon. f42

WANTED—Situation by a boy at any kind of work. B 47, this office. f42

WANTED—A boy of 15 wishes a situation to drive a delivery wagon; is acquainted in the city. D 47, this office. f42

WANTED—Situation by a boy of 15 in a store or office. Ad. O 62, this office. f42

WANTED—Boy of 15 wishes to learn job press-work; speaks English and German. Call or address Harry Weismiller, 2741 Market st. f42

WANTED—Situation by a boy of 14 in an office or wholesale house. D 63, this office. f42

WANTED—Situation by a boy of 16, to take care of horse and buggy. N 47, this office. f42

WANTED—Boy 15 years wishes a situation of any kind. A 17, this office. f42

WANTED—Situation wanted by a boy 16 years old, would like to learn the grocery trade. W 61, this office. f42

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Position as collector. F 48, this office. f43

WANTED—Steady employment by a young man willing to work at everything; can speak English and German. P 47, this office. f43

WANTED—Position with some good house; can let employer have $1,500. G 47, this office. f43

WANTED—Young man of 19 wishes a situation as collector and to do general office work. F 47, this office.

WANTED—By man experienced in the use of dynamite, nitro-glycerine and other explosives by means of battery; best of ref. T 63, this office. f43

WANTED—A good bushelman wants to change his place; best experience and reference. R 63, this office. f43

WANTED—To take charge of a place in country; can milk, work in the garden, or to be generally useful; suitable ref. H 64, this office. f43

WANTED—Situation by a young German as servant. K 63, this office. f43

WANTED—A young man wishes a situation as gardener; understands the care of flowers and vegetables and horses. 1012 N. 10th st. f43

WANTED—A well-educated foreigner, speaking several modern languages, good correspondent and draughtsman, wants employment in any capacity. C. B., 1808 Olive st. f43

WANTED—Good work of some kind by a sober young man; can speak both English and German. G 62, this office. f43

WANTED—Situation as fireman; seven years' experience; good ref. H 63, this office. f43

WANTED—Position by first-class book deliverer; either in country or city. E 63, this office. f43

WANTED—Situation by a young man; understands the care of horses and is a good driver. f43

WANTED—Situation by a practical and energetic business man, 30 years of age; strictly temperate; willing and active; will work in the interest of his employer in any capacity, or as general help; reference from last employer. G 64, this office. s43

WANTED—A thoroughly practical man in agricultural implement business, desires a position. Reference to parties prominently connected with the business. Ad. C 62, this office. m43

WANTED—Situation for man with horse, collecting or light delivery. Pernot, 2336 Wash st. m43

WANTED—Steady employment by a German, middle-aged man who is willing to work at anything. Ad. E 63, this office. m43

WANTED—By a man a place in the country; no objection to wages. Address for 5 days, H 61, this office. m43

WANTED—Work at most anything by a married man; can give good references. Add. D. White, 210 Ashley st. m43

WANTED—Young man aged 24 wishes a situation as operator or anything else. S 60, this office. m43

WANTED—Situation by a young man as job pressman; had 3 years' experience. G 60, this office. m43

WANTED—Situation by colored man to take care of horse and make himself generally useful about the house. Please call or address J. W. Walker, No. 9 Center st. m43

WANTED—Situation by a young man; thoroughly understands the care of horses; good ref. P 58, this office. m43

HELP WANTED—MALE.

Clerks and Salesmen.

WANTED—We supply unemployed people with situations in all classes of business; we are perfectly reliable, and our charges are very moderate; hours, 8 to 5. Commercial Employment Agency, 22 N. 4th st., rooms 4 and 5, up stairs. 54

BUSINESS WRITING.

Business writing and commercial correspondence are taught as specialties at Bryant & Stratton's College, corner Fifth and Market streets. Classes for ladies and gentlemen meet from 8:30 a. m. to 12 m. Call or send for circular. 54

WANTED—Salesman to travel for wholesale grocery house; none but experienced men influencing trade need apply. G 63, this office. f24

WANTED—An experienced drug clerk, single, fair penman and book-keeper and good business man, one not afraid to work, to take charge of a large country drug store. Ap. to Sinclair, in person, at Meyer Brothers & Co. Tuesday, May 27, from 9 to 12 a. m.; ref. req. m24

The Trades.

WANTED—Mechanical drawings for shops or Patent Office promptly executed. George Crehore, 22 S. 16th st. 58

WANTED—Paper-hangers at J. L. Isaacs', 1310 Olive st. 58

WANTED—To sell a machine shop; a chance. Ad. N 63, this office. m28

WANTED—Position by first-class carpet-fitter. F 65, this office. f26

WANTED—Two good house painters at Fred Dohr's, Kirkwood. m28

HELP WANTED—MALE.

Laborers.

WANTED—30 teams; cor. of 12th and Olive sts. R. Brown & Son. s29

NOTICE—There will be a meeting of workingmen held on Tuesday evening, May 27, at 8000 Chouteau av. for the purpose of organizing a Democratic club. m29

WANTED—150 laborers for Chicago and Alton Railway, in Illinois; free transportation; steady company work. National Labor Agency, 213 Market st. m29

WANTED—Men and carts at cor. Jefferson av. and Wal nut. Barney Burns. m29

Stenographers.

WANTED—Shorthand and type-writer; pleasant office room for some one who is a ready shorthand and type-writer; to such a person who has a machine, work would be furnished a portion of the time and influence extended to secure other work and office room given free. Apply at room 16, n. w. cor. 8th and Market sts. f60

Boys.

WANTED—Strong boy for general work in store and take care of horse and wagon; must have good references; wages $10 a month and board. 1807 Market st. s61

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—An industrious man who understands the care of horses and cow; must be willing to work for his board and clothes; good home to the right person. Call at 9 o'clock in the morning at the Southern Hotel Drug Store. s62

WANTED—Good colored man to do driving work. Ap. at 2102 Olive st. m62

WANTED—Carriers for the Morning Call. Ap. to Shaw, 314 Chestnut st. m62

WANTED—Barkeeper; one who understands his business. 413 S. 6th st. m62

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

Teachers, Companions, etc.

WANTED—81, by an exp. young woman to travel with children; also fond of making children's clothes; city ref. O 59, this office. m77

WANTED—By a lady of experience a situation as companion to invalid housekeeper or will travel. J 63, this office. f77

Clerks and Saleswomen.

WANTED—By a lady, a position to write in an office, correspondent or copyist. T 62, this office. f44

WANTED—Situation by young lady as saleslady. R 47, this office. f44

Stenographers.

WANTED — Position as amanuensis by competent stenographer and type-writist. Address L 5, this office. 41

WANTED—Position as stenographer, competent; expert type-writer; couple years' experience; best ref. F 60, this office. m45

WANTED—Position by competent lady stenographer and type-writer; best city refs. L 60, this office. 45

WANTED—Position by lady stenographer and type-writer; good penman; reference given. N 62, this office. 145

Housekeepers.

WANTED—By a widow lady with little boy five years of age, situation as housekeeper for a widower or family expecting to spend the summer abroad. D 6, this office. m47

WANTED—Position by a middle-aged lady as housekeeper or to take charge of invalid; city refs. Call at 2919 Rutger st. m47

WANTED—Situation by refined young widow as housekeeper for widower, or will work in small family; no objection to the country. T 61, this office. 147

General Housework.

WANTED—Situations by two girls; one as housemaid and the other as cook. T 57, this office. m48

WANTED—Sit. to do housework or nurse. Ad. 1614 Carroll st. 148

WANTED—Situation by a steady woman to do general housework in a private family. Call at 1343 N. 6th st. 148

WANTED—Situation to do housework in small family. 981 N. 12th st. 148

WANTED—Young lady would like a situation to do light housework. Miss Jones, Cheltenham, Mo. 148

WANTED—Good girl wants situation to do housework and assist with washing and ironing. Call at 1901 Biddle st., up stairs. 148

WANTED—Situation by a middle-aged woman to do housework or sewing. 1511 N. 7th st., rear. 148

Cooks.

WANTED—Situation by a colored woman to cook or do housework. Please address Mrs. J. W. Walker No. 9 Center st. m49

WANTED—Situation to cook, wash and iron. 1214 O'Fallon st. 149

Nurses.

WANTED—Situation as nurse for children or invalid; would like to travel; No. 1 references. Mrs. M., 1365 Soulard st. m50

Laundresses.

WANTED—Washing and froning to take home. 1223 new N. 16th st. m51

WANTED—Good woman wants work by the day to go out washing or cleaning. 310 S. 3d st. 151

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Position as dining-room girl; hotel or restaurant preferred. G 48, this office. f52

WANTED—A young lady of 18, well educated, deaf and dumb, as up-stairs girl, or to learn a trade. K 62, this office. 152

WANTED—Situation to clean offices. 2701 Cass av. 152

WANTED—By young lady—Situation in a dentist shop or to sew in dressmaking establishment, or in family; can furnish own machine; will give good ref. Ad. L, 205 S. 18th st. 152

WANTED—Situation as dining-room girl. 1920 N. 9th st. m52

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

Clerks and Saleswomen.

WANTED—Saleslady in dry goods store. Apply at 1024 Market st. m63

General Housework.

VISIT L. MOHR'S ICE-CREAM GARDEN
AND CONFECTIONERY.
Families, Picnics, Churches and Restaurants supplied at LOWEST PRICES.
Telephone No. 2353,
Corner of Fifteenth st. and Chouteau av. 66

WANTED—A good girl for general housework. Please call at 4006 Morgan st. 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework; German preferred. Call at once at 820 La Beaume st. m66

WANTED—Girl for general housework, at 2800 Lafayette av. m66

WANTED—A good girl to do general housework; wages no object. Ap. to Henry McNichols, 1024 Market st. w66

WANTED—Girl to do general housework. 2110 Clark av. m66

WANTED—Girl for general housework; must know how to cook, wash and iron; apply at once. 1616 S Compton av. w66

WANTED—Woman for general housework; no cooking; German preferred. Call at 111 N. 9th st. m66

WANTED—Good girl for general housework. 2432 Dickson st. m66

Cooks.

WANTED—Young girl to cook and do general housework in a family of three. Call at 3716 Finney av.

WANTED—Immediately—an honest, trusty, good girl for plain cooking and housework; good home to the right party. 1907 Lucas av., new number. m68

WANTED—Competent girl for cook and general housework. 2738 Morgan st. w68

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

WANTED—Fifty girls more, experienced machine and hand finishers, on jeans pants; steady work; good wages. 1021 Columbus st. m69

WANTED—Ten girls to take plain sewing at home. 2225 Randolph st. or Gamble av. m69

WANTED—Two first-class dressmakers. Ap. at 324 Olive st. m69

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—$5 to $10 weekly given to energetic and intelligent ladies. Third-story front, 1005 Olive st. 171

DRESSMAKING.

DRESS-CUTTING PARLORS.
Every branch thoroughly taught at 2330 Clark av., by Mrs. N. R. Norman, inventor and teacher of
NORMAN'S SYSTEM.
Is easily learned by the book. Agents wanted.

DANCING.

PROF. A. SHANK, teacher of dancing classes at St. Rolla, Mo. Class opens at Sedalia, Mo., Tuesday, June 10, in the academy at Sicher's Park. s26

WANTED—PARTNERS.

WANTED—Lady partner in good paying business; capital $500 to $1,000. C 48, this office. f23

WANTED—A partner with a small capital to invest in a legitimate business; references exchanged. Ad. D 48, this office. m28

WANTED—As partner, a man with a few hundred dollars, who understands the dairy business. Address C 47, this office. m28

WANTED—A partner in a saw-mill and plow-handle factory, now running and good location. Ad. Chas. Beckett, Wetaug, Ill. 28

AGENTS WANTED.

WANTED—Agents for city and country; can make from $6 to $10 per day. J. S. Wilson, 1125 N. 8th st.

QUEEN PROTECTOR—Unprecedented inducements offered lady agents for the new rubber undergarment for ladies. Address, with stamp, Ladies' Undergarment Co., 9 S. May st., Chicago, m73

WANTED—Agents; electric syphon lamp; newest invention; equals 2 gas jets, burns cheap coal oil; keeps oil cool; cannot explode. National Electric Lamp Co., 9 N. 6th st., St. Louis. s73

WANTED A CATHOLIC MAN of business disposition and steady habits. Must travel short distances in section in which he resides. An active, intelligent lady also wanted. Apply with references, to BENZIGER BROTHERS, 311 Broadway, New York. 73

WANTED—Ladies on light, pleasant work at home; steady employment; $5 to $12 weekly. Home Fancy Work, 702 Olive st. Room 2, upstairs. s73

WANTED—Ladies everywhere; business light and profitable; call or send for circular. 1425 Pine st., St. Louis. s73

WANTED—Agents for quick selling article in Missouri, Arkansas and Illinois. 1126 Market st. s73

WANTED—Two educated gentlemen in the city, $50 week; no capital required. Call immediately at 305½ Olive st., rooms 11 and 12. w73

WANTED—Man of ability, character and good address; to such we can give pleasant and very profitable employment. Call at once and investigate. Baird & Dillon, McLean Block, room 8. 173

BOARD WANTED.

WANTED—A middle-aged gentleman wishes to board in a quiet family in the neighborhood of 11th and Chambers sts.; ref.: American preferred. Ad., for 5 days, L 47, this office. f19

BOARD AND LODGING WANTED.

WANTED—By young couple, room and board in the country. Ad. F. C. W., 818 N. Main st. m30

WANTED—Single room and two meals per day, by a young man, near Jefferson av. and Market st.; with Christian family if possible. Address, giving terms, etc., R 48, this office. f30

WANTED—By a nice, quiet lady, furnished room with board in strictly private family where no refs. are required. Ad. W 64, this office. m30

WANTED—Board and room in Catholic family by young lady engaged through the day; terms moderate. L 63, this office. m30

HOUSES, ROOMS, ETC., WANTED.

WANTED—Large, furnished front room, second-story; over a store preferred; central location; respectable neighborhood; name lowest price. L 48, this office. m21

WANTED—A furnished or unfurnished room, between Market and Locust sts., east of 12th. Ad, H 48, this office. m21

WANTED—Furnished room for lady in a strictly private family, with privilege of light housekeeping; refs. exchanged. Ad, C 63, this office. m21

WANTED—Two furnished rooms, for light housekeeping; between Cass and St. Louis ava.; state price. O 47, this office. m21

WANTED—A young gent looks for lodging; perhaps with board; in house of a widow; near Pine st. F 66, this office. m21

WANTED—Furnished room for gent by June 10, medium size, not to exceed $8 and no ref. W 63, this office. m21

WANTED—To buy, a small house, either frame or brick; must be cheap. Address S 56, this office.

WANTED—By a widow lady with little boy the charge of a house in the summer, during the absence of the family. Ad. B 55, this office. m21

MONEY WANTED.

GENUINE diamond earrings, $15. S. Van Raalte's loan office, 12 S. 4th st. 28

BOOKS.

DO not forget that all kinds of new books are sold at half price at Archer's, 515 Pine st.

WANTED—5,000 standard old books. Drop note to Dan Linahan, bookseller, 4th and Washington.

LOST AND FOUND.

CHEAPEST trunks and valises in the city. S. Van Raalte's loan office, 12 S. 4th st. 30

FOUND—On Garrison av., child's gold chain and locket, which owner can receive at 2304 Laclede av., paying for notice. m30

LOST—At main entrance to Fair Grounds, one black earring. Finder please return same to Wernse & Dieckman, 308 N. 3d st.; suitable reward. m30

LOST—$5 reward for recovery of jet lace pin, gold edge and back, with "Mary, Dec. 25, '83," on back. Lost on Friday from cor. Ohio and Chouteau avs. to Union Depot, or on Chouteau av. Blue Line. Return to Carroll School, room 1, and claim reward. w30

LOST—Wednesday morning, a black horse with white spot on forehead; no shoes; wound on left hind leg. Finder rewarded on returning to Albert Aipie, Rock Springs. 130

LOST—May 20th, a pug dog, red harness. On returning to 1106 Second Carondelet av. will pay liberal reward for any information leading to recovery.

LOST—A stag hound bitch, long, shaggy, gray hair; had on black collar; $10 reward will be paid for her return to W. P. Hunt, No. 1005 Pine st. m30

LOST—The certificate of membership in the Merchants' Exchange of St. Louis standing in the name of U. J. Livingston, dated January 3, 1865, and being numbered 1672, has been lost and application has been made for a duplicate. 30

PROFESSIONAL.

WANTED—Everybody to call that wants good fitting clothing made to order at ready made prices. Bauer & Lewis, 213 N. 4th st. 34

ALL kinds of gents' cast-off clothing bought by D. A. Myers, 614 Morgan st.; send postal. 74

WANTED—Everybody to call that wants good fitting clothing made to order at ready-made prices. Bauer & Lewis, 213 N. 4th st. 34

CONSUMPTIVES—Send for a sample package of catarrh and inhaling powder; free. Dr. S. G. Clark, 1425 Pine st., St. Louis. f26

DR. J. L. FITZPORTER—Offices Nos. 208 S. 14th st. and 327 S. 7th st. Female diseases a specialty.

STORAGE.

USE COLD STORAGE
For butter and all perishable goods. 708 S. 3d st. 81

NOTICE.—The parties interested in the late "Horne" fund will please attend a special meeting on Monday evening, the 26th inst., at the Victoria Social Club room, cor. 7th and Pine sts., at 8 o'clock sharp. Business of importance. Wm. Brandon, Secretary of Committee. s81

STORAGE for furniture and goods; clean, dry and low rates; moving, repairing, packing and shipping.
JOHN W. SPARGO, 806 N. 6th st.
82

STORAGE—Lowest prices and cleanest storage rooms. For rates apply to Geo. L. Withers & Co., 905 and 923 N. 3d st., or Charles J. Blake, 510 Pine st. 82

BEST storage for furniture; clean, dry and lowest rates. J. B. Brolaski, 605 Pine st. 84

PERSONAL SUNDRIES.

ACKNOWLEDGED milliner and fashionable hair dresser, Mme. J. Barron, 609 Franklin av. Feathers dyed, hats pressed, stamping; dressmaking taught, tailor's square.

PERSONAL—For a cosy day's recreation take the W. E. N. G. R. R. to De Lisle Park, Florissant, Mo. Park free for picnics. 74

CAST-OFF clothing bought by N. Barnett, 348 Locust st. Send postal card. 74

GARMENTS dyed and cleaned; coats and vests rebound. E. Surbied, 215 N. Seventh. 74

HIGHEST cash price paid for gents' cast-off clothing. J. Lampert, 6th and Morgan sts. 74

MRS. LANETON, Indian fortune teller, 108 N. 13th st., bet. Chestnut and Pine. 74

PERSONAL—Natural flowers preserved or embalmed to order; premium and diplomas at the last three Fairs; also wax flowers, fruit and enbalming taught at reasonable terms by Mrs. S. Connor, 820 N. High st., old 13th st.

MRS. WILCUS, Truest Fortune Teller, can bring separated lovers together. 920 N. new 15th st., between Franklin av. and Wash st.; no sign out. 474

MRS. DOSSEN, practical midwife, treats ladies at her home or elsewhere with careful attention; rates moderate. 320 S. 14th st. 74

FINANCIAL.

$100,000
To loan in sums to suit.
J. M. CARPENTER & CO.,
206 N. 8th st.

$25 AND UPWARDS loaned on furniture without removal, lowest rates; business confidential. C. F. Betts, 208 N. 8th st.

SOLID silver watches, 3, 4 and 5 oz. cases, Elgin, Waltham and Springfield movements, from $5 to $15. S. Van Raalte's loan office, 12 and 14 S. 4th st. 31

LADIES' solid gold stem winding chatelaine watches $12. S. Van Raalte's loan office, 12 S. 4th st. 32

LOANS made on furniture without removal by private party; fair and honorable dealing guaranteed; rates reasonable and time given to suit parties. E 48, this office.

MONEY TO LOAN
On good city real estate security.
TONTRUP & VALLAT,
s31 626 Chestnut st.

MONEY TO LOAN
$100,000 in sums to suit, at lowest rates of interest, on St. Louis city real estate. Application promptly decided on.
CAVENDER & ROWSE,
213 N. 8th st.

A GENTLEMAN wishing to invest some surplus funds will loan $25 and upwards on household furniture and other security. Parties wishing advances will be treated fairly and can secure loans on satisfactory terms. Call at 1009 Morgan st. 31

MONEY loaned on household goods, pianos, etc., without removal; lowest rates; business strictly confidential. J. H. Vette, Notary Public, 619 Chestnut st. 31

MONEY TO LOAN.
$25,000, $10,000, $5,000, $2,000 on City and County real estate.
31 JOHN LADY, No. 305 Olive st.

MONEY LOANED—On furniture in residence; business confidential; no charge for making loan. Brolaski & Voorhis, 605 Pine st. 31

PERSONAL.

Advertisements under the head of "Personal" are received subject to revision or rejection entirely. The money paid for rejected advertisements will be refunded when address is given, or by calling at this office with ticket. All personals not of a business nature five cents a line.

PERSONAL—Nettie and Luella: Your note of the 18th just received by reason of our having been unexpectedly called out of the city. Have the kindness to reply and give Post Office address, as we are desirous of meeting you at an early date. K 59, this office. m1

PERSONAL—Will the lady with companion who noticed gentleman in blue with old friend of hers at the Union Ball Park Thursday, send address to M 60, this office. m1

PERSONAL—A young gentleman now traveling through the State of Texas, would be pleased to correspond with a young lady about 18 to 20 years old; must not be over 5 feet high, a perfect blonde, good looking and discreet; references and photos exchanged; object explained by letter. Add. Dr. Ainsworth, Austin, Texas. m1

PERSONAL—Private detective work done and satisfaction guaranteed by Merchants' Detective Association, 600 Olive st. 1

PERSONAL—I would like to form the acquaintance of some good looking young lady or young widow with some means, who wants a good, honorable, life companion, and is willing to assist him. Address F. N., box 119, Beebe, White Co., Ark. m1

PERSONAL—All law questions answered and consultation and advice free. Call or address E. M. Marsh, office 600 Olive st.

PERSONAL—If M. A. Y. in Saturday's paper intended message for E 39, of May 16th, will she please make another appointment to N 48, this office, as personal was not seen till too late? m1

PERSONAL—If the lady who rode down on the Olive st. car Saturday night, about 7:30, and who noticed gent sitting in northeast corner of car going east, will grant an interview, please address W 47, this office, making an appointment. The lady in question left the car, with two companions, on 7th st. t1

PERSONAL—Friend: Letter received; call at office and get answer, marked Friend. m1

PERSONAL—Wanted, by a gentleman of means, a large well furnished room with widow lady; central location preferred; will be permanent if suited. Add. K 48, this office. m1

PERSONAL—Wanted, the acquaintance of a working girl; object, amusement; aged 18 to 20. S 47, this office. t1

PERSONAL—Picnic parties supplied with meats, pickles, crackers, jellies, etc., by Wm. O. Gibson & Son, at 6th and Market sts. s1

PERSONAL—Whiskies, wines and champagnes at reduced rates, for sale by Wm. O. Gibson & Son, at 6th and Market sts. s1

PERSONAL—We are going to quit selling liquors. Come and purchase before they are all gone.
s1 WM. O. GIBSON & SON, 6th and Market sts.

PERSONAL—We are selling out wines and liquors. Give us a call. WM. O. GIBSON & SON,
s1 6th and Market sts.

PERSONAL—On account of the high license we are selling out liquors, wines and ales. Wm. O. Gibson & Son, at 6th and Market sts. s1

PERSONAL—Will lady dressed in brown, with light hat, taking the 1 p. m. train for Creve Coeur Lake, on Sunday, and noticed gent sitting in train for Forest Park, and again near Grand av., going west, waving handkerchief, oblige him by sending address, with view of making acquaintance? A 64, this office. m1

PERSONAL—Mrs. G., the lady who promised to meet gent near Pilgrim Church a week ago—Sunday evening at 7:30; I leave for New York the last of the week; may I have the pleasure of meeting you? Ad., at once, H 47, this office. m1

PERSONAL—A widower of 46, well preserved, wishes the acquaintance of a widow lady not over 30 nor under 40, with a home of her own; must be refined and well formed; object, friendship. M 47, this office. m1

PERSONAL—Young widow lady, stranger in the city, would like to meet some nice, middle-aged gentleman who will assist her out of trouble. K 47, this office. m1

PERSONAL—G.56: By giving your address you can probably meet the desired party. P 62, this office. m1

PERSONAL—Two young ladies, strangers in city, would like two gentlemen of means to assist them. G 62, this office. m1

PERSONAL—If Billy Couch is in the city will send his address to Georgie S. he will hear from an old friend, W 62, this office. m1

PERSONAL—J. C. M.: Wish to see you Wednesday, at 2 p. m., on 5th. Y. L. m1

PERSONAL—If Lou, formerly with Powells, is in the city, will she send her address to Frank? J 47, this office. t1

PERSONAL—Miss Emma Hatcher: Seen you walking up Chestnut st. last Saturday evening between two dark complected ladies and recognized you; please send your address to an old friend. Address Jas. Milton, this office. m1

GERANIUMS, 50c a doz. Green houses, 2672 Olive st
s1

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

12 N. THIRD ST.—Furnished rooms, to gentlemen only, on 3d floor; front. w13

21 S. THIRD ST.—Two nice front rooms for small family or gentlemen. m13

209 SOUTH SIXTEENTH ST.—5 large rooms, fine closets, with water and bath. s13

209 CENTER ST.—Two rooms, kitchen and cellar. Apply at 305 Center st., from 9 a. m. to 2 p. m.

312 N. ELEVENTH ST.—Handsomely furnished rooms for ladies only. f13

519 FRANKLIN AV.—For Rent—A nice furnished room, 2d-floor, for a gent; private family. w13

519 FRANKLIN AV.—Two, four or six rooms, second floor, for hous ekeeping; modern improvements.

603 WALNUT ST.—One nicely furnished room for gent; terms reasonable. s13

617 WALNUT ST.—1st-class furnished room; so. ex. s13

620 WALNUT ST.—Standard House; elegant furnished room suitable for four gents, with or without board; bath-room. s13

703 PINE ST.—Furnished rooms by day or week or month, single or en suite. m13

925 WASH ST.—Furnished room for rent; front room; so. exp.; nice place. m13

1033 N. SIXTEENTH ST.—Two nicely furnished rooms fronting Carr Park, southwest corner; suitable for 2 gents or man and wife; rent reasonable. m13

1108 HEBERT ST.—Just let, a flat of four rooms. m13

1117 PINE ST.—Two large connecting rooms; southern and northern exposure; well furnished; single or en suite; very desirable. w13

1213 PINE ST.—Furnished front and back rooms; also rooms suitable for light house-keeping, to respectable parties, cheap. w13

1237 MORGAN ST.—One nicely furnished room in private family where there are no other roomers; rent low. m13

1304 CHESTNUT ST.—Furnished rooms for light housekeeping, cheap. m13

1408 PAPIN ST.—To a respectable family, without small children, 6 rooms, 2d-floor; bath; water in kitchen; Blue Line cars pass the house. m13

1418 WASHINGTON AV.—Handsome parlors elegantly furnished; also office suitable for a doctor; good board if desired. m13

1418 PINE ST.—Two furnished rooms in private family. m13

1506 OLIVE ST.—Handsomely furnished second-story front room, suitable for gent or gent and wife. s13

1506 LAFAYETTE AV.—Two rooms in private family; furnished or unfurnished; third floor. m13

1513 WASHINGTON AV.—Nicely furnished, front room; southern and northern exposure; gas and bath; terms very moderate. w13

1517 CHESTNUT ST.—Elegantly furnished third-story front room, so. exp., with or without board, cheap. m13

1521 MORGAN ST.—One large, light front room; southern exposure; furnished, $7; unfurnished, $5. m13

1526 CHESTNUT ST.—Four unfurnished rooms to family without children. 13

1540 GRATIOT ST.—Three rooms, 1st floor; water and sink in kitchen; house newly painted and papered. $14. Keys at 1542 Pine st. s13

1613 CHESTNUT ST.—Three elegant rooms for light housekeeping. s13

1622 PINE ST.—A large, elegantly furnished second story front room. s13

1700 CHESTNUT ST.—Unfurnished second and third-story rooms, hall, bath, etc.; parties without children preferred. m13

1722 MORGAN ST.—Two furnished rooms on 1st floor, with use of basement and kitchen, for light housekeeping. t13

1718 OLIVE ST.—Elegantly furnished second-story front room; suitable for two gentlemen; bath and gas. t13

1721 SECOND CARONDELET AV.—One front parlor. m13

1806 OLIVE ST.—Three rooms, 1st floor, $18; two, 2d, $10; 3d, $8; unfurnished; together or single. m13

2101 WASHINGTON AV.—Three rooms, first floor. Keeley & Co., 708 Pine st. w13

2123 CLARK AV.—Two nice rooms and a kitchen for a small family. m13

2127 MARKET ST.—Three rooms, bath, etc. t13

2308 EUGENIA ST.—Front and back third-story rooms, with or without light housekeeping; choice locality; in private family. m13

2626 OLIVE ST.—Large, handsomely furnished 2d story front room, single or en suite. t13

2705 CAROLINE ST.—Small furnished room, with use of bath. s13

2919 WASHINGTON AV.—Handsome front furnished room, gas, bath, etc., southern exposure; private family; ref. m13

2929 PAPIN ST., (west of Lyon av.)—Two suits of 3 or 6 rooms; water on each floor. Ap. to Mrs. Buck, Carleton House, No. 5, N. 9th st. w13

3437 OLIVE ST.—For rent, 3d-story, furnished room. m13

3660 FINNEY AV.—3 unfur. rooms for rent for man and wife. s13

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished room; southern and eastern exposure; 2d-floor. Call at southwest corner of 8th and Pine sts. m13

FOR RENT—Half of 8-room stone-front; has bath and laundry; front and back yards; first-class in all respects. 2924 Sheridan av.; $25 to genteel parties. m13

FOR RENT—Two front rooms, southern exposure, gas and bath; references must be unexceptional. Apply at 2307 Chestnut st. 13

FOR RENT—One large fur. front room, 2d floor, n. e. cor. 11th and Franklin; two gents $10. w13

TWO splendidly ventilated and lighted unfurnished rooms, 2d floor; separate or en suite; rent reasonable. 2217 Olive st. m13

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

WANTED—A gentleman room-mate to share a neatly furnished front room; southern exposure. 3126 Hickory st. 413

WANTED—A room-mate, between 30 and 40 years of age; must be respectable. Call between 7 and 8 p. m. W. H. Smith, 111 S. 12th st. s13

WANTED—By a gentleman, a cool sleeping room. Ad. stating location and terms, C 64, this office. m13

FOR RENT—DWELLINGS.

617 WALNUT ST.—Large new store adjoining Standard Theater; in first-class order; rent low. T. G. Watts & Co., 204 N. 8th st. 414

1117 AUTUMN ST.—New stone-front house, 7 rooms, all conveniences. Apply to Arthur Edw. Olshausen, at Spring Printing Co., 1110 Olive st., or No. 914 Hickory st. 14

2610 S. SEVENTH ST. (near Sidney.)—Six room house; hall, bath, laundry; newly papered. Meyer Friede, owner, 701 Washington av. m14

2732 GAMBLE ST.—Six rooms and stable for rent. w14

2925 LUCAS AV.—Stone front, 8 rooms, $. 7 Simmons, 620 Chestnut st. 14

3003 CASS AV.—Stone front, 8 rooms, bath, laundry, etc., $40 per month. D. G. Cook, 507 N. 3d st. 14

3433 PINE STREET.
Open, or keys at 3212 Pine st.; elegant 3-story swell stone-front; 10 rooms, 12 closets, 2 bay windows, hot and cold water on every floor; marble-top washstand and marble mantels on third floor; best of plumbing; good furnace, gas fixtures, frame stable, solid ground; lot 36x155; possession at once; for sale or rent.
E. H. BENOIST,
14 419 N. Sixth st.

3238 PARK AV.—For Rent—Six rooms each, 3240 $30.
M. R. COLLINS, JR., & CO.

3525 WALNUT ST.—New 6-room house. t14

3625 PAGE AV.—Stone-front house on a 20-foot lot. Ap. to C. E. Biell, 319 N. 4th st. w14

3940 MORGAN ST.—Five-room cottage; water; 30-foot lot and stable; location first-class. t14

FOR RENT—Second and third floors of house No. 209 S. 16th st.; possession given 1st. Furniture for sale.

FOR RENT—A 4-room brick on Garfield av.; $15 per month; a 4-room brick on Whittier, $15 per month; store and dwelling, cor. Ashland and Goode, $20 per month. Barnard, 4101 Easton av. f14

FOR RENT—Two marble front dwellings, Nos. 825 and 827 S. 18th st., in first-class condition, 7 and 8 rooms; rent low to good tenants. Apply to J. H. Crane, 4th and Washington av. f14

FURNISHED HOUSES TO LET.

FOR RENT—Newly and nicely furnished house, with all modern conveniences; for summer or longer. Apply at 3826 Morgan st. w15

3019 LACLEDE AV.—For the summer, every thing complete. m15

FOR RENT—A complete furnished house, piano, etc., and every convenience; large yard, stable, etc., if desired; will rent horse, vehicle and cow for four months or longer, to a responsible tenant. P 56, this office. 15

TO LET—FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

FOR RENT—Desk-room in one of the most desirable offices in the city. Inquire at room 3, n. w. cor. 5th and Market sts. m17

FOR RENT—Small store and room in rear, $12 per month.
Three others, adjoining, $12 each, separate or together, 2812 Broadway, bet. Monroe and N. Market.
17 JNO. BYRNE, Jr., & CO.

FOR RENT—Fine business space on first floor, suitable for buggies and machinery, with ample transfer and and storage facilities, and good office accommodations. 811 N. Main st. 17

617 WALNUT ST.—New store adjoining Standard Theater, in first-class order; rent low. T. G. Watts & Co., 204 N. 8th st. 17

BOARDING.

626 MORGAN ST.—Mansion House; newly furnished and renovated throughout; room and board $5 per week; day board $3 50. 18

620 WALNUT ST.—Standard House, double parlors, furniture with piano; suitable for man and wife; very cool, with bath room; with or without board. s18

919 N. SIXTH ST.—First-class board, with rooms; day boarders accommodated. t18

1114 PINE ST.—Ford House.—Handsomely furnished front rooms; with board; terms reasonable; use of bath free. s18

1124 OLIVE ST.—Nicely fur. 3d-story front, with or without board; cheap to a good tenant. s18

1309 WASHINGTON AV.—Third-story front and also other rooms with or without board. m18

1312 CHESTNUT ST. — Desirable furnished and unfur

BUSINESS FOR SALE.

$750 WILL buy one-half interest in well established legitimate office business which nets from $200 to $300 per month; reason for selling, other and more important business. W 53, this office. m6

FOR SALE—A well established music business, with good stock of sheet music books, etc. Owner has other business. Ap. at once at 1626 Franklin av. s6

FOR SALE—The furniture of a 15-room house filled with good paying roomers in the West End; reason for selling, going to leave the city. Address for one week, L 61, this office. s6

FOR SALE—Grocery and feed store in western part of city; doing a good business; satisfactory reasons given for selling. Ad. N. C. Edmunds, care H. C. Barnard, 4101 Easton av., city. s6

FOR SALE—An established machine shop; a chance. Ad. O 63, this office. s6

FOR SALE—Good route situated in southwestern part of the city and on morning paper. Inquire at circulation department, this office. 4

FOR SALE—Confectionery, bread and milk store; two rooms back; rent $10; old stand; $125. 1614 N. Broadway. 4

LADIES' solid gold stem-winding chatelaine watches, $12. S. Van Raalte's loan office, 12 S. 4th st. 4

FOR SALE—A confectionery on account of sickness; will bear investigation. 1747 N. 9th st. s4

FOR SALE—Two fine mines, incorporated and paid up capital $300,000; stock non-assessable; no stock sold; assays, mill run, 16 to 38 oz. of silver; picked 180 to 800 oz. of silver to the ton; near Crested Butte, Gunnison County, Col. R 25, this office. m4

FOR SALE—Meat market, good stand. J 43, this office. s4

FOR SALE—One route, centrally located and in A1 condition. Apply at once at circulation department of this paper. 4

FOR SALE—Having made arrangements to locate in Southern California, I offer my entire business and fixtures for sale. My stock embraces a full line of glass and queensware, cutlery, lamp goods, and, at this season of the year, an extra large display of all kinds of gasoline stoves. As my stock is a great deal too large to sell in bulk, I will make very liberal reductions on my regular prices to the trade and all my customers in general during the next ninety days. Come and secure real bargains. F J. Ganahl, 714 N. 4th st. s4

FOR SALE—A No. 1 Post-Dispatch route in Carondelet; good reason for selling. Apply at circulation department, this office. 4

FOR SALE—Good paying saloon and a complete stock of fixtures; two pool tables. 4620 Broadway, St. St. Louis. f4

CHAS. KUHN, real estate and business exchange, 720 Pine st. 4

FOR SALE—Saloon; central, corner; cheap rent; ladies' rooms attached; good business; rare chance; reasons good for selling. J. F. Timberman, 719 Chestnut st. m4

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

COAL MARKET—Hall & Co., 2187 Morgan; 11 bushels coal for one dollar. Send postal. 5

CHEAPEST clothing in the city. Dunn's loan office, 912 Franklin av. 5

F. W. BUSSE (new) 1036 Franklin av., sells pictures and looking-glasses on time payments; pictures framed in good style at low prices.

FOR SALE—Parlor sets, Turkish, group, plush and plush trimmed parlor suits, cheap on time payments. People's, 210 and 212 N. 7th st. m5

FOR SALE—Wardrobes from $6 to $25, sideboards from $8 to $30, mirrors from 25c to $30, desks from $2 to $20, hat racks, whatnots, cheap. People's Furniture, Carpet and Stove Co., 210 and 212 N. 7th st. m5

LADIES' solid gold stem-winding watches, $15. S. Van Raalte's loan office, 12 S. 4th st. 5

FOR SALE—A range in good order; room wanted. 2228 Randolph st. and Gamble av. m5

BARGAINS IN WATCHES.

Four-ounce silver B. W. Raymond, key-winding watch, $25.
Five-ounce silver Appleton, Tracy, stem-winding watch, $30.

THEO. EAGLE, Fourth and Pine.

FOR SALE—Pure California Ports, Sherries and Angelicas, $4 50 per gallon; fine Sour-mash Whisky at $3 per gallon. Bowman Distilling Co., 219 and 221 Market st.

FOR SALE—Bar mirror, 10 ft., new, $38; two at $15 each; pier glasses, hat racks, mirrors at from 25 cents to $25. People's Furniture, Carpet and Stove Co., 210 and 212 N. 7th st. E. A. Skeele, pres. m5

FOR SALE—Housekeepers: Our rent is the cheapest, expenses the least, store and stock the largest of its kind in St. Louis, and we undersell every time-payment dealer. People's Furniture, Carpet and Stove Co., 210 and 212 N. 7th st. E. A. Skeele, Pres. m5

PRIVATE SALE—Carpets, bed-room sets, parlor suits, gas fixtures, etc. 813 Chouteau av. s5

FOR SALE—Ranges, stoves; new range $25, Sweeney range $40, new and 2-hand cook and gasoline stoves. People's Furniture, Carpet and Stove Co., 210 and 212 N. 7th st. E. A. Skeele, Pres. m5

FOR SALE—Gas Fixtures—Entire outfits at one half the regular prices. People's Furniture, Carpet and Stove Co., 210 and 212 N. 7th st. m5

4-SHAW, the pioneer vapor-stove dealer,
Shows the most complete line in the world,
Has the most perfect burner ever made,
And recognizes no competition with same.
Will guarantee every stove sold.
Special attention paid to gasoline stove repairs.
N. B.—Old cooking stoves taken in exchange.
Best Gasoline delivered to all parts of the city, 15c per gal
5 4-SHAW, 1417 and 1419 Franklin av.

FOR SALE—Large assortment of new ingrain and Brussels carpets of various qualities; one fine parlor suit $35; a three burner gasoline stove, $2 45; bedsteads and other furniture, stoves, etc. J. Salzman, 1827 and 1829 Franklin av., op. Blind Asylum. s5

FOR SALE—Carpets—Brussels, extra, supers, ingrains, hemp, stair hall matting, Linoleum, oil cloths, rugs, mats, time payments, cash prices. People's Furniture, Carpet and Stove Co., 210 and 212 N. 7th st. m5

FOR SALE—Two fresh country cows; inquire at iron bridge on Narrow Gauge Railroad. J. Furstrall. m5

FOR SALE—A fresh milch cow; gives six gallons of No. 1 milk; at No. 2007 Clark av. J. W. Steinecker. t5

FOR SALE—A Brunswick & Balke 15-ball pool table; slate top. 1818 Sidney st. t5

FOR trunks, mirrors, wringers and fluters go to Dunn's loan office, 912 Franklin av. 5

FOR SALE—A few Plymouth Rock hens at $6 per dozen; also, good shepherd dog. 1906 Market st. m5

FOR SALE—To pay storage for whom it may concern: 2 boxes h. h. goods, 1 organ, 1 bureau, 2 washstands, 1 dressing case, 2 bdls. bed ends, 2 bdls. slats, 1 bdl. sides, 1 box glass, 1 r. chair, 1 l. board. H. C. Schoppe & Son, 316 N. Commercial street. m5

FOR SALE—Thoroughbred Jersey bull calf from registered bull. Ap. to Greene, at Polack's, 2138 Broadway. t5

FOR SALE—Fine line of ladies' linen-lined trunks and valises at Cowperthwait's, 315 Locust st. w5

FOR SALE—New stenographer in good order and good case, for $25. E 47, this office. m5

FOR SALE—$75 will buy the furniture of two rooms and kitchen completely furnished for housekeeping; first floor; good neighborhood; rooms rent for $10 per month. T 82, this office. m5

ALL kinds of household goods bought or sold; goods sold for cash or time payments. J. Neuroth & Bro., 1700 Franklin av. 5

FOR SALE—Parlor sets, new and 2d-hand, at $30, $32, $35, $40, $50, $55, $60, $65, $70, $75, $80 and $95, for cash or on time payments. People's F., C. S. Co., 210 and 212 N. 7th st. E. A. Skeele, Pres. m5

FOR SALE—Desks, tables and office chairs. People's Furniture Co., 210 and 212 N. 7th st. s5

ICE

PACKERS,
BUTCHERS,
GROCERS,
COAL YARD MEN.

See us at cars before closing contract for season's supply.

JAMES A. SMITH & SONS,
General Office 817 North Seventh street.
Branch Office Eighteenth and Clark av.

PATENTS obtained. C. D. MOODY 710 Olive st.

SUBURBAN PROPERTY FOR SALE.

Howdershell Farm.

117 acres of Splendid Farming Lands, mostly cultivated, in the beautiful

Florissant Valley

Only one mile from Bridgton, on the Wabash Road. We are authorized to offer this land during the presence in the city of the owner, at a very reasonable price.

GRETHER & BOECK
207 N. EIGHTH ST.

SUBURBAN:

A nice Country Home in Florissant; a fine double brick house in nice order, 14 rooms, plenty of fruit and shade; will be sold low and on easy terms. Six trains daily to the place. Apply on the premises to

M. POWERS.

FOR SALE—Country home; situation that is in every way desirable, both as regards health and beautiful inland and river scenery; accessible to the city; will be sold at a bargain, and also, if desired, in small parcels and on easy terms, highly advantageous to the purchaser. C. M. Barker, 30 Olive st., upstairs. s

REAL ESTATE.

REAL ESTATE, THE BASIS OF ALL SECURITY!

The Flurry in Stocks Creates a Demand for First-Class Property.

I Offer for Sale the Following Bargains:

BERLIN AV. Two blocks north of Lindell Av., 200x213 S. S., 200 feet West of Taylor, the highest point near the Park.
McPHERSON AV. 848x181 in 200-feet lots at $17 50 per foot; boards on property; also a large tract west of Sarah, will exchange for improved property at market price. 103 feet on N. E. Sarah, cheap.
LINDELL AV. BOULEVARD. 100x213 S. S. East of Sarah st.; also several 50 feet lots in same block.
WASHINGTON AV. 50x150 N. S. West of Cabanne.
WEST PINE STREET. 1,000 feet between Sarah and Taylor Avs.
LACLEDE AV. 100x210, North side, 358 feet West of Sarah.

IMPROVED PROPERTY.

DELMAR AV. No. 3956. Two-story stone front, 7 rooms. Lot 25 ft.
WASHINGTON AV. Near Grand. Large double brick. Lot 75 feet.
WASHINGTON AV. Near Garrison. Three-story stone front residence, 50 feet front, with stable.
NICHOLSON PLACE. Three-Story stone front. Lot 50 feet.
PINE STREET. Near Grand. Several elegant residences.
LACLEDE AV. Near Grand. Three-story stone front residence.
LACLEDE AV. No. 3125. Two-story brick; 50 feet of ground.

APPLY TO

E. G. OBEAR, Real Estate and Financial Agent,
307 NORTH SEVENTH STREET. Telephone 402.

SUBURBAN PROPERTY FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—At Laclede Junction Mo. Pac. Ry., "Rose Cottage," a pleasant 6-room house; beautiful lawn, all kinds fruit, shade, etc., at a bargain. Apply to F. D. Booth, R. E. Agent, Webster. 19

TO SPECULATORS.

We have five tracts of desirable property within city limits, easy of access, containing from five to thirty acres, elegantly located for subdivision. For sale at a great bargain if disposed of at once.

J. M. CARPENTER & CO.,
9 206 N. 8th st.

CITY REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Houses and choice building lots near Water Tower. Horace Fox, 4427 N. 19th st., near Tower. 8

FOR SALE.

Twenty fine houses and 4,000 feet of ground between Laclede and Finney avs., near Grand av.

JAMES M. CARPENTER & CO.,
8 206 N. 8th st.

FOR SALE—Choice dwelling on Pine st., near Grand av.; front, side and rear yards.
Also fine dwellings and lots on Lucas, Washington, Chestnut, Delmar, Lindell and Vandeventer place.

JAS. M. CARPENTER & CO.,
8 206 N. 8th st.

J. G. JOYCE, civil engineer and surveyor; lots surveyed, grades given, earth, rock, etc., measured. 800 Pine st. and Mechanics' Exchange. 8

REAL ESTATE.

FRANKLIN AVENUE

PROPERTY

AT AUCTION.

We Will Sell on the Premises,

On FRIDAY, JUNE 6, 1884,

AT 3 O'CLOCK P. M.,

One of the Most Desirable Pieces of Real Estate on this Popular Street.

It is a CORNER PROPERTY, being the Southeast Corner of Twenty-second and Franklin avenue. Fronts 73 10-19 by 144 7-12 feet to an alley. There are eight three-story, well built Business and Residence houses on it, all in thorough repair and occupied by old and good paying tenants.

We will sell with PERFECT TITLE, on usual terms or all cash, at the option of the purchaser.

M. A. WOLFF & CO.,

Agents, 105 N. Eighth St.

LANHAM & SUTTON, Auctioneers,

615 Chestnut Street.

AUCTION SALE.

ON THE PREMISES,

May 31, 1884, at 3:30 p. m.,

of 4 new detached 8-room houses, numbered 4130, 4132 4134 and 4136 Westminster place, 5 blocks west of Grand av. and one block south of Olive street; each house has hall, bath, water, marble mantels, front, side and rear yards, etc; lots 25x149 feet 10 inches each; terms, $500 cash, balance in ten semi-annual payments with 6 per cent interest; $100 earnest money must be paid on bidding off of each house; title perfect; warrantee deeds given.

CHAS. H. FRANKE,
Agent, 706 Chestnut st.

DOCTOR WHITTIER

617 St. Charles Street, St. Louis, Mo.

A regular graduate of two medical colleges, has been longer engaged in the treatment of **Chronic, Nervous, Skin and Blood Diseases** than any other physician in St. Louis, as city papers show, and all old residents know. Consultation at office or by mail, free and invited. A friendly talk or opinion costs nothing. When it is inconvenient to visit the city for treatment medicine can be sent by mail or express everywhere. Curable cases guaranteed; where doubt exists it is frankly stated. **Hours 8 a. m. to 8 p. m.**

Nervous Prostration, Debility, Mental and Physical Weakness, Mercurial and other affections of Throat, Skin or Bones, Blood Impurities and Poisoning, Skin Affections, Old Sores, Ulcers, Impediments to Marriage, Rheumatism, Piles. Especial attention to cases from over-worked brain and Surgical Cases.

Diseases arising from Indiscretion, Excess, Exposure or Indulgence, producing some of the following effects: Nervousness, Debility, Dimness of Sight or Perverted Vision, Defective Memory, Pimples on the Face, Aversion to the Society of Females, Unfitness to Marry, Melancholy, Dyspepsia, Restlessness, Loss of Spirits, Pains in the Back, etc., are treated with unparalleled success. Treatment without hindrance to business, safe, sure and permanent. Sent everywhere by mail or express, $ to $.

It is self evident that a physician paying attention to a class of cases attains great skill, every known appliance is resorted to, and the proved good remedies of all ages are used. A whole house for office purposes, and all are treated skillfully. **Knowing what to do, no experiments are made.**

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Dr. JACQUES,

705 Chestnut Street, St. Louis, Mo.
(Between Seventh and Eighth streets.)

A REGULAR GRADUATE, whose life long experience, practical method of treatment and pure medicines, insure speedy and permanent cure. Consultation Free. Hours, 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sunday, 9 a. m. to 12 m. **No Fee Until Benefited.**

Dr. Jacques' specialty (ESTABLISHED 1857) all diseases caused by Abuse, Excess, Exposure,

NERVOUS DEBILITY (with or without dreams), Loss of NERVOUS POWER, failing memory, weak eyes, downcast look, self-distrust, stunted development, lack of energy, impoverished blood, pimples, impediment to marriage, etc., permanently, safely and privately cured.

BLOOD & SKIN Diseases in all its forms and complications, eruptions, blotches, falling hair, bone pains, swellings, sore throat, mouth, tongue, ulcers, old sores, effects of mercury are cured for life.

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Medical Treatise Free. Medicines sent anywhere. Charges reasonable. **Cures Guaranteed.**

MARRIAGE GUIDE 144 pages. Illustrated. All that doubtful, curious or thinking persons wish to **AND HEALTH GUIDE.** know. Price 10 cents, or stamps. Sent sealed.

Dr. Jacques, 705 Chestnut St., St. Louis, Mo.

FARMS FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—(On ten years' time)—Or exchange for central city property, a farm of 120 acres of good land with improvements; 12 miles on the Manchester and Denny roads. Apply at 205 Center st., St. Louis, or to John Hoffman, Kirkwood. m79

FOR SALE—120-acre farm, near station; bargain; must sell. Ben Von Phul, 802 Chestnut st. m79

DISEASE OF MODERN LETTERS.

A French Writer Traces Its Origin to America.

From the Pall Mall Gazette.

Egotism, that is the prevailing disease of modern writers. Such is the conclusion of a thoughtful article on "The I in Contemporary Literature" in a recent number of the Revue Politique et Litteraire, which may well be taken to heart by writers on this side the channel. M. Guillemot, denouncing the growing tendency of authors and dramatists and artists to thrust themselves and their private life before the public, traces the origin of the malady to America. Unless it is checked, he declares that it must of necessity lower the standard of all modern literary productions. It is natural enough that an author, an artist, or a poet should be ambitious to leave an honored name to posterity; but that is an altogether different thing from craving to be talked about and marveled at while in the land of the living. Formerly the poet sang his song, the author told his tales, and the artist completed his work without ever a thought of putting himself to the front. Whether he was married or single, whether tall or short, fair or dark, sanguine or bilious—what had this to do with his work? No one knew, and no one cared to know. They gave their spirit, their mind to the world, and besides this they were nothing to the public at large. They remembered Confucius' words, "Do not talk of yourself, either good or evil; because in the former case no one would believe you, and in the latter everybody would." Within the last two centuries all this has changed. At present all houses are built of glass, the inhabitants themselves being the architects, throwing open to the gaze of the public even those chambers which have hitherto been held sacred in their privacy. "And is not this fact," asks M. Guillemot, "the characteristic of modern society? A curious society, thanks to which the term private life is nothing but a vain phrase, and Paris an immense crystal palace." Fortunately for France these evils do not originate within its frontiers, but come, like tempests, across the Atlantic from "that powerful nation which in turn astonishes the world by its grandeur and its folly, its refined civilization and red-Indian barbarities, its love for liberty and its contempt for inferior races; from the United States, which l t a Lincoln die and a Barnum live." Audacious, resolute Americans exercise the same influence on the French which every firm spirit does on the weak and undecided. "We are as wax in their hands." It is in America that conferences and lectures originated, the Yankees having always had a great desire to approach the persons of great men. That, however, is due to a physical defect, which incapacitates the American from seeing the difference between a justly celebrated poet and a two-headed calf—a remark which Mr. Arnold will perhaps not be slow to appreciate. It is by no means the deep interest in the works of a great man which excites this curiosity among the people; in the same degree as art declines, the personality of the artist increases in interest. American journalism and reporting strengthen this tendency to pry into the private life of public characters, and France has eagerly taken up the evil habit.

Such a Chance was Never Before Offered.

We have still left 143 men's Union cassimere suits, which will go at $1 75 each in the great Boston bankrupt sale this week at the

GLOBE, 714 and 716 Franklin avenue.

A Fast Sandwich Cutter.

From the London Standard.

"English bars, where English beer may be drunk, and sandwiches, cut after the English fashion, may be eaten between meals, are to be met with now in greater numbers than formerly in certain quarters of Paris. But there is an art in the cutting of sandwiches, as there is in most things, and French waiters, who are more in the habit of inserting a slice of meat into the French roll, which then goes by the name of sandwich, than of preparing the article on British principles, take generally longer in serving than a London waiter would do. There is, however, one of the fraternity of Parisian garçons whose reputation as a sandwich-cutter is henceforth made, and who, in proving his capacity, has won the sum of £40. He was, it seems, being grumbled at, a day or two ago, by an irritated Englishman, who, wanting his afternoon sandwich, and wanting it quickly, indulged with some friends in disparaging remarks about the clumsiness of French waiters. The serving man at the bar felt himself wounded in his amour propre, and on the customer offering to bet 1,000 francs that he could not cut 2,000 sandwiches in the space of twenty-four hours, accepted the challenge, the Briton consenting to pay the value of the bread and ham in the event of his losing. He did lose, for the 2,000 sandwiches were cut in the presence of witnesses within the time named, and he paid without a murmur, say the French papers. As for the sandwiches, they were handed over to the Paris hospitals.

Who Mrs. Grundy Was.

From Notes and Queries.

Who was Mrs. Grundy. It seems strange, indeed, that so little should be known about the antecedents of Mrs. Grundy, who is always so anxious to know about other people, but the fact must be admitted that Mrs. Grundy's origin is enveloped in the profoundest mystery. Nobody knows who she was or how she first entered society. She was not even a character in a play, like the immortal Mrs. Malaprop. She first made known her existence to the public on the 18th of February, 1800, in a drama entitled "Speed the Plough," by Thomas Morton, where one of the characters alludes frequently to her mysterious influence by the words, "What will Mrs. Grundy say?" Beyond this nothing is known of her. There is, of course, the possibility that she was the wife of Solomon Grundy, of the nursery rhyme, who was born on Monday, christened on Tuesday, etc., and got through his existence on Sunday; for the rhyme expressly says that Solomon was married on Wednesday. Perhaps Solomon Grundy was a solar myth, and Mrs. Grundy something of the same kind. Thomas Morton is unfortunately dead, and he has carried his secret to the tomb; and once more the world, which knows so little about its greatest men, will be deprived of all further knowledge of one of its most interesting women.

Finest Goods and Lowest Prices.

Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co., 4th and Locust.

THIS LIFE IS WHAT WE MAKE IT.

Let's sottener talk of noble deeds,
And rarer of the bad ones,
And sing about our happy days,
And not about the sad ones.
We were not made to fret and sigh,
And when grief sleeps to wake it,
Bright happiness is standing by—
This life is what we make it.

Let's find the sunny side of men,
Or be believers in it;
A light there is in every soul
That takes the pains to win it.
Oh! there's a slumbering good in all,
And we perchance may wake it;
Our hands contain the magic wand;
This life is what we make it.

Then here's to those whose loving hearts
Shed light and joy about them!
Thanks be to them for countless gems
We ne'er had known without them.
Oh! this would be a happy world
To all who may partake it;
The fault's our own if it is not—
This life is what we make it.

—*Boston Transcript.*

PANIC!!!

What the "Busted" Firms are Doing—Many Failures.

From Puck.

It is yet too early to take a hopeful view of the situation, so long as the firms who have been obliged to succumb are unable to give a full statement of their affairs. There is much anxiety in political circles, since doubts have been thrown on the standing of the Republican Campaign Bank.

The suspension of the Democratic Blundering Trust Company did not occasion much surprise. Hopes are entertained that it will soon resume, although with its strength much impaired. It is said that the division of opinion among the directors and officers as to what should be done with tariff securities precipitated its downfall.

A Puck reporter visited a number of the broken firms.

BLAINE, REID & PHELPS.

Gloom pervades the offices of these extensive Republican brokers, but there is not much sympathy expressed for them. The failure of the firm was, no doubt, attributable to their rash speculation in Little Rock and Arkansas bonds. The unpopularity of the head of the concern may also have had something to do with the stoppage. Mr. Blaine's transactions in Mulligan first-mortgage securities were not considered reputable, although they received the approval of Mr. Reid.

Mr. Phelps is the junior partner, and devotes himself chiefly to the corresponding. A full statement of the firm's assets and liabilities will be laid before the creditors in Chicago next month. It is thought that it will be by no means satisfactory.

TILDEN, WATTERSON & CO.

This firm did a very large business in Democratic stock. The capital of the individual members of the firm was reputed to be very large, and the failure caused some surprise. No assignment will be made by the firm.

Mr. Tilden has been in business for many years, and accumulated a large fortune in the "bar'l" business. He afterward joined Mr. Watterson of Kentucky, taking in at the same time several special partners in different parts of the country. Mr. Tilden is known in connection with the struggle for the Presidency of the Bank of the White House. It is rumored that he was elected; but a Mr. Hayes took charge of the establishment, and Mr. Tilden retired.

The firm has been very active of late in pushing their business to an unreasonable extent. Their transactions were altogether too large for the capital at the back of them, and the amount of paper they succeeded in floating was beyond calculation.

Nothing could be learned as to when they would resume. Some time would be occupied in finding out exactly how the firm stood. The head of the firm, it is thought, will retire from the business in June next, if there is anything saved from the wreck. Many of his friends and customers betray great impatience for payment of the claims. The firm say that they expect to have at least a hundred thousand valuable offices in stock after November next.

ARTHUR, O'BRIEN & CO.

The affairs of this firm, which suspended on account of its relation with the Republican Political Bank, are unchanged. The partners were very cheerful, and took a rosy view of the situation.

Said Mr. Arthur:

"We were obliged to suspend to protect our friends; but there is no doubt of our continuing our business within the next two or three days. We are quite strong, and have assurances of support from all sides. I know that my partner is not as popular as I am, but he will live it down. We shall do an immense business during the summer and fall, and it is not at all improbable that I may be reelected president of my bank."

The suspension is so far not looked upon in the light of a failure; it is called "a suspension for safety."

JOHN A. LOGAN & CO.

This firm did so very small a business that it is scarcely worth while chronicling the stoppage.

Mr. Logan has many affiliations with the Republican Political Bank; but of late the directors, having little faith in his business ability, have thrown out his paper, which action embarrassed the concern to such an extent that payment had to be suspended. It will have no effect at all on the market.

A Perfect Medicine Chest.

SING SING, N. Y., POST OFFICE. March 19, 1883.

One week ago, while engaged in my duties as Assistant Postmaster, I was taken with a violent pain or kink in my back; it was so painful I could hardly breathe, and I ached all over my body. I immediately sent for an ALLCOCK'S POROUS PLASTER and applied it over the seat of pain; in twenty minutes I was entirely relieved and cured. I have used Allcock's Plasters in my family for over twenty years, and have found them wonderfully effective in curing coughs, colds, and pulmonary difficulties. They are a perfect medicine chest; they cure without the slightest pain or inconvenience, never leaving a mark on the skin.

THOS. LEARY,
President of Village of Sing Sing, N. Y.

When purchasing a Porous Plaster, be sure to get "Allcock's." All other so-called Porous Plasters are imitations."

What is the Matter, Anyhow?

100 dozen men's undershirts, 10c each; 50 doz. men's drill drawers, worth 75c, for 35c; 50 doz. men's and boys' wool and straw hats, 25c, in the great Boston bankrupt sale of clothing this week at the

GLOBE,
714 and 716 Franklin avenue.

Mr. Borgwordt's Bride.

From the New York Times.

About this time last year, when the youth and beauty of New York were to be found in the ice cream saloons, and the succulent bivalve no longer reigned supreme, a stalwart German, called Charles Borgwordt, wandered aud wondered in Third avenue. Borgwordt wanted a partner to share his snug little farm in Jerusalem, Long Island. With this object in view, he addressed a charming damsel, called Annie Miller, over whose head scarce twenty-five summers seemed to have passed. She was very sociably inclined. A sudden acquaintance ensued, as did also ice cream and champagne. The impressionable couple became convinced that to live apart would be a cruel destiny, and they unanimously resolved, in the solemn stillness of the ice-cream saloon, that they would wed. The nuptial knot was tied that night, and the following day the couple set out for Jerusalem, Long Island. Mrs. Borgwordt found that in marrying the stalwart German she had become the mother of four dear little children, reminiscences of a primeval Mrs. Borgwordt. Everything, however, went well until the loving Annie suggested that they should move to New York. The fond husband declined to sell the farm at Jerusalem, owing to his inability to obtain a good price for it, but with $1,000 realized by the sale of live stock, Mr. and Mrs. Borgwordt, with the little Borgwordt quartette, came to New York and settled at a boarding-house in West Forty-second street. On an evil day the German went to Jerusalem, and found that every article of furniture had been removed from the farm, the silverware had vanished, and other liberties, to say nothing of property, had been taken. Annie was arrested on a charge of stealing, arraigned before Justice Kavanaugh, but subsequently taken back to the bosom and boarding-house of her relenting husband. That same evening, however, she armed herself with everything she could find and left the conjugal domicile. An affectionate little note explained her action. "I have left your roof forever," it said. "Go back to Jerusalem, if you have the means; if not, go to the devil." Borgwordt immediately went to Inspector Byrnes, whose aid was unsuccessfully given. Annie could not be found, and in despair Borgwordt called yesterday on Counselor Daniel Stobel, of Long Island City, and instituted suit for divorce against his ungrateful spouse. In the event of a favorable decree the susceptible German has another wife in prospect, also culled from the prolific region of Third avenue.

Kilts! Kilts! Kilts!

300 kilt suits, made up of the finest all-wool cassimere, and worth $7 50, will go for $2 50 each in the great Boston bankrupt sale of clothing this week at the

GLOBE,
714 and 716 Franklin avenue.

LIVING AMONG INDIANS.

The Strange Story of an Outcast White Woman.

From the Reese River Reveille, Austin (Nev.)

A white woman has been among the Indians of this State for four years now. From a person who knows of the causes which led to this strange freak we give what follows: The woman is apparently 33 years of age, has a very pleasing but dissipated face. She wears a tight-fitting faded morning wrapper, through which the outlines of a perfectly model figure are discernible. She acts in a strange, silly manner; but this may be ascribed to embarrassment, resulting from her singular choice of position. Upon being asked as to what motive induced her to abandon the society and customs of her own kind, she replied that the unkindness and deceit which she encountered among the white people prompted her to mingle with a race which, if they did not possess the civilization and refinement of her own, at least were more sincere and affectionate in their nature. She is very shy about relating anything respecting her former course of life and relatives, but this much was at length wormed out of her by considerable diplomatic maneuvering: Her home is in San Francisco. When she was 22 years of age she was led astray by the promise of marriage, but the promise was never fulfilled. She went from bad to worse, until one day she met a man who, in spite of her fallen condition, proposed marriage to her. A wedding succeeded the proposal. The honeymoon, however, was very brief, indeed.

She had been wedded but a month when her husband began a system of the most inhuman abuses and cruelties toward her. For two years she stood this, but at length, when the poor wretch could stand it no longer, she sued for a divorce, which was granted. After this she began a greater career of abandon than ever. Wherever she went she met with nothing but unkindness, rebuffs and kicks. She drifted to Prescott, A. T., in company with a low and vulgar crowd, and there entered a dancehouse as the star attraction. About five years ago she came to Nevada, oscillating between Eureka, Austin and Carson. After having had some serious difficulty with her "lover" she decided upon taking the step she has. At first the Indians hesitated at taking her into their fold, but her persistence in the matter was productive of success. She concluded by saying that nothing in the world would now induce her to resume her former life, however bright the prospects might be painted for her. Her name could not be learned. She has avoided white men and women since she adopted her new mode of life, fearing arrest and compulsion to forsake her present companions, who, she said, were entirely suited to her taste.

They Can't Sell at Such and Such a Price,

Our competitors say, but still they engage men to buy up our cheap suits and then sell them at a good profit.

GLOBE, 714 and 716 Franklin avenue.

Shaving Drunken Men.

From the Chicago News.

"Glad that job's over," said a Madison street barber, as a customer walked out of the shop with unsteady step.

"Why?" was asked him.

"Drunk!" sententiously.

"Have many of that kind?"

"No, thank goodness! You see, a drunken man when he sits down to get shaved is always shooting off his mouth, and he always is sure to do it at the wrong time. Just when the barber is passing the razor over his chin an idea will strike the fool in the chair, open goes his mouth, down drops his chin, and it is only by the greatest care a fellow can keep from cutting him."

"Ever have any accidents?"

"Don't insult me! I never cut anybody, drunk or sober. But I remember once a chap that had the next chair to me, a sort of green hand, who came near cutting a man's nose off. The customer came in drunk, and kept perfectly quiet while he was being lathered and during the time one-half of his face was being shaved. Then when the barber was about to shave his upper lip he forgot that he had a drunken man to deal with and held the blade close to his nose for an instant. At that very moment something funny struck the mind of the man and he threw his head back to laugh. The next instant a razor struck his nose and a stream of blood squirted clear to the looking-glass. The boss had to pay for patching up the organ, and the green hand was 'docked' accordingly. But he learned a lesson, and I guess the customer did, too."

"Ever have any men go to sleep under the soothing influence of a shave?"

"Yes, but not often. Sometimes a man will come in from an early train who has had no sleep during the night, and will doze off. Mighty mean customer to handle, too."

"How's that? I should think they would be the more docile."

"Not much. You have to tug at their heads to get them to turn them, and then run the risk of giving them a snip when some dream is running through their minds, or cutting them when they suddenly wake with a start. For myself I prefer to shave a sober business man. He may have his mind on his affairs, but he is also aware that he is in a barber's chair and that a sharp razor is close to his face."

All St. Louis Clothing Houses are Beginning to Fear Us!

And it is no wonder. To-morrow we will offer about 500 black diagonal suits worth $15 for $5 in the great Boston bankrupt sale this week at the

GLOBE, 714 and 716 Franklin avenue.

A Chinese Superstition.

From the Hong Kong (China) Mail.

As an illustration of the regardlessness of the Chinese for their female offspring, a child of tender years was observed to fall from a sampan into the river on Saturday last, when no attempt whatever was made to effect its rescue. The infant, however, fortunately became entangled in the cordage of a broken spar, which, whilst drifting down the river, was picked up by the crew of another boat and the child restored to her parents, who, as is customary, administered a sound flogging to the semi-drowned infant. The theory held by the natives is that by preserving a fellow-creature from a watery grave the rescuer is answerable in the next world for all the sins afterward committed by the person rescued; which literally means that a wise dispensation of Providence has been frustrated.

Injured by a Burned Horse.

From the New York Times.

A few puffs of smoke and a cry of fire nearly caused a panic in Grammar School No 39, in East One Hundred and Twenty-fifth street, just as the scholars were being dismissed at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon. A fire had broken out in a stable opposite. Several horses were badly burned, and one of them, a large animal, mad with pain, dashed across a vacant lot. While all this was taking place Mrs. Sarah A. Freeman, the principal of the school, had contrived, with the help of her assistants, to keep the children from rushing in a body to the street. Many of the scholars, of whom this school has the largest attendance in Harlem, had gained the street before these preventive measures were taken. Among the crowd of little children the agonized animal ran, but in some manner every child escaped but Mary Meyer, aged 10, who fell in her fright, and had her ankle and foot crushed under the horse's foot. She was taken to her home at One Hundred and Twenty-fifth street and Third avenue.

LETTER-CARRIERS' SECRETS.

Men Who Could Create a Sensation Should They Tell All They Know.

From the Philadelphia Record.

"There is not a letter-carrier in the city, but who is the custodian of the secrets of some one on his route," said a well-known postal official yesterday. "What a sensation they would create if what they knew could be revealed at one time! The divorce courts would be overcrowded, and rivals for maidens' affections would be parading the streets, armed to the teeth, looking for the other fellow. But there is a barrier to these revelations. The postal laws strictly provide that a carrier must never tell of what he sees, repeat what he hears, nor make public in any manner the address upon a letter. When notified to deliver letters only to the person to whom addressed it is enjoined upon him to remember this rule, especially as regards members of the same family. Well do I remember when I was a carrier a certain maiden on Broad street was receiving letters from a father and son. Whether one knew that the other was writing to the girl I do not know, but this I saw several times: When she received a note from the old gentleman she was very deliberate in her movements, but when I handed her one from the son she was out of the house in a jiffy.

"One of the most annoying things to the carriers is the impudence of 'mashers.' I have had these fellows intercept me and offer $5 or $10 if I would tell who such a lady was, and whether she were married or not. I remember one lady in particular, who came here from a neighboring city and stopped at the residence of a millionaire. She was a magnificent woman. A man would hardly pass her without turning around to take a second look. The mashers nearly went crazy over her, and one met me at nearly every street corner of my route with some question regarding her. I came near getting into half a dozen fights over her, and I was glad when she went home. But the devices of married men and women who are holding clandestine correspondence are ingenious. All such people stand upon a volcano, not knowing the minute it will begin to send forth fire and a ruined reputation. One man used to beg me every day: 'For God's sake don't let my wife get hold of my letters.' The woman was as smart as her husband. She was also holding a secret correspondence, and I was in that, too. She did not want her husband to know of it. I took good care of both, and they enjoyed cheating each other. At one time I have known on my route half a dozen ladies who were resting under the belief that their husbands were holding a correspondence which should not be carried on. Each one would give me minute directions that if I received a letter from such and such a place to be sure and hand it to her, as it was important and interested both. No doubt it did, but then I didn't think three should take a hand in the business; only the husbands received the dainty epistles.

"But the increased facilities of the new office offer the most extended opportunities for sly work. Boxes are cheap, and the latest trick now is for husbands to have their tender epistles sent to these boxes. They have the key and no one else can get into it. If the wife happens to find the key, why she is easily satisfied by being told it belongs to a door at the store or the safe, or something of that sort. You see, only one clerk or so knows anything of your letters. No one has any idea where you live or anything else. But then, postal clerks and letter-carriers learn quickly. Traveling salesmen are becoming heavy patronizers of the boxes since they have become cheap. The excuse for these gentry is that they receive letters they do not wish to be sent home. So the envelopes are dropped into their boxes, and when they return from their tours they find bundles of letters and no one to ask questions that might bother them to answer.

MEN'S summer coats 15c, at the Globe.

The Perils of the Canal.

From the New York World.

A special to the Continent, via the towpath of the Raritan Canal conveys the startling intelligence that the canoe Kittiwake, C. L. Norton, skipper, whose adventurous voyage from Philadelphia was noticed in THE WORLD of a recent date, collided with the cattle-boat Bullpit, loaded with calves for the Philadelphia markets, in tow of a blind mule, twenty-five miles this side of Trenton. According to the story of a Jersey tramp, who claims to have witnessed the disaster, the collision occurred in broad daylight

RAILWAY TICKET RATES REDUCED,
To Chicago, Kansas City, Denver, Omaha, Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Louisville, Nashville, Buffalo and 500 other points.
J. W. Stockbridge, R. R. Ticket Broker,
605 WASHINGTON AVENUE (under Lindell Hotel).

CITY ITEMS.

THE justly famous "Anderson" and Belmont Sour mash whiskies and all other liquors in quantities to suit, at lowest prices, delivered free by James Lupe & Co., 824 and 826 Olive street.

J. I. MAYER & Co.'s New Nickel cigar is still on the boom. Gentle smoker, do you want a 10c Havana filled cigar for 5c. Try J. I. Mayer & Co.'s New Nickel. All druggists and grocers have them on sale.

A DELICATE complexion is the great female attraction. Pozzoni's Complexion Powder gives it.

Dr. E. C. Chase,
922 Olive street. Set of teeth $8.

PRIVATE matters skillfully treated, and medicine furnished. Dr. Dinsbeer, 814 Pine street.

PRIVATE matters skillfully treated and medicines furnished. Dr. Jacques, 705 Chestnut street.

OLD Dr. Whittier, a regular graduate, 617 St. Charles street, as for twenty-five years, may be found from 8 a. m. to 8 p. m., where remarkable cures may be had of blood diseases, impediments to marriage, etc., all diseases of indiscretion, excesses, indulgences. Safe medicines; consultation free. Marriage Guide, 256 pages, sent sealed to any address, 50 cents, or at office.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

The king of the Maories will arrive in London this week.

General Graham will be banqueted by the London press on June 14.

M. Moet denies that his late wife bequeathed anything to Prince Victor.

It is reported as settled that the Egyptian Conference meets June 23.

It is reported that the Union Bank at Uhrichsville, Ohio, has suspended.

Twenty Texas Democratic Counties have declared for Tilden for President.

The loss at the oil tanks fire of the Atlantic Refinery Company foots up $400,000.

The Halidaysburg Pennsylvania, Iron, and Nail Factory burned Sunday. Loss $10,000.

The Jockey Club prize at Chantilly, France, was won by Little Duck, Archduc second.

The Transvaal delegates have agreed upon a basis for a commercial treaty with France.

A petition is being actively circulated in Germany for the pardon of the Polish poet, Krasewski.

The Madrid Slavery Abolition Society has petitioned for the prohibition of negro flogging in Cuba.

Emperor William will lay the foundation stone of the new house of Parliament in Berlin, June 6.

Stafford Northcote is being denounced by agitators for his action on the woman suffrage question.

Fire in the Toronto Mail office wrecked the telephone system of the city and caused $15,000 damages.

Mary Anderson's success in Manchester has been without precedent. Her receipts last week were $10,760.

Strikes among the mechanics and laborers have again broken out in Dallas and trouble is anticipated.

The graves of communists were decorated in Paris Sunday, and "Vive La Commune" was a frequent cry.

Trabjoin Kittleson of Zumbrata, Minn., chopped his wife to death with a hatchet and then committed suicide.

The salary of Charles H. Coombs of Montesa, Mo., an officer of his house, has been raised from $1,200 to $2,000.

It is claimed in England that the introduction of cheap Swiss and American watches is ruining the English industry.

On account of the memory of the late Prince Leopold the Queen's Birthday was a very solemn affair in London.

George Anderson, a farmer of Bowling Green, Ohio, aged 75 years, was beaten to death Saturday by his insane wife.

Over 400 branches of the Irish National League have implored Michael Davitt to abandon his projected tour of the world.

London is threatened with a small-pox scare. The malady is alarmingly prevalent in several of the Metropolitan districts.

Fifty-three passengers and nine of the crew of the French brig Senorine, which went ashore at Grand Barrs, N. B., Friday, were lost.

A boiler explosion at Carr, Ryder & Wheeler's Planing Mill, Dubuque, Iowa, Saturday afternoon killed five persons and injured many others.

Ten messengers are on their way to Khartoum. A thousand rifles have been sent to the Governor of Dongola, whose loyalty is established.

The West Side Bank suspended at 1:30 p. m. Saturday. President Moore says they closed because the American Exchange refused to clear for them.

A notice has been sent to the St. Paul and Manitoba Railroad, that no hogs could be imported from the United States to Manitoba for breeding purposes.

The number of British visitors to America this summer will be extraordinarily large. One hundred members of Parliament have already secured ocean tickets.

A powerful organization called the New Era is alleged to have been established a year ago in the interest of Ben Butler. It is composed chiefly of Greenbackers.

Benjamin Johnson was found guilty of the murder of the Taylor family at Avondale, Ohio, and his fellow-murderer, Ingalls, hanged himself in Jail a short while ago.

Minister Shaw, of Madagascar fame, who has returned to London, bitterly denounces Granville and is the pet of the Conservatives. He intends to push his claim for damages.

The Senate bill will be reported forfeiting land grants opposite the uncompleted portion of the Northern Pacific main and branch lines and the Atlantic and Pacific Railroads.

A Senate bill proposes to amend the pension laws so as to permit the pensioning of officers and men of the marine service, female nurses, scouts and quartermasters' employes.

In the suit between the Western Union and Baltimore and Ohio Telegraph Companies, Chief Justice Waite gave a decision Saturday in favor of the Baltimore and Ohio Company.

The Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Maine and New Hampshire delegates to the Greenback Convention, have left for Indianapolis. It is probable that Butler will be the nominee of the convention.

Charles Chappell, a 70-year-old fisherman of Norwich, Conn., died of heart disease while out in his boat. His death grip on the tiller and his swaying body steered the boat into the harbor.

England wanted to command the Turkish expedition to Suakim, the Porte wouldn't have it that way, and negotiations are now pending for a mixed expedition of English and Turkish troops.

Delaney, the Invincible informer, testifies that the Tynan "No. 1," was present at the Phœnix Park murders, and that Brennan, secretary of the Land League, was secretary of the Fenian directory.

Timothy Sullivan, a section boss of the Boston and Maine Road, had his two daughters, Nellie, aged 18, and Hannah, 16, outraged by a man named Timothy Lowe. Nellie died and Lowe has been arrested.

A crusade against piano playing has begun in Berlin. It is claimed the constant practicing causes great annoyance and depreciates real estate, and a municipal ordinance is prayed for to restrict it to certain hours.

In a collision between two trains of the West Shore Road at Savannah, N. Y., Sunday night, A. H. Waterbury, of Newark; John Wright, Savannah, and Michael Duddy, Rochester, were killed. A large number of passengers were injured.

President Adam Brahender, of the Erie County Savings Bank, has returned to Erie, and has been jailed. He has assigned over his private property, valued at $100,000, to his creditors, but still the stockholders will lose from $200,000 to $250,000.

THE pick of the Virginia tobacco crop is used in Richmond Straight Cut Cigarettes.

War Among Clothing Merchants.

The public could not but notice that some time ago the Globe Clothing House, 714 and 716 Franklin avenue, advertised men's union cassimere suits at $2 50, and boys' suits at $1. A certain Fifth street house, which was fast losing its trade, saw that it had to do something, and accordingly advertised men's and boys' suits at the same prices. The Globe, who succeeded in buying $100,000 bankrupt stock in Boston, at once reduced their men's suits to $1 75 and boys' suits to 75 cents each. Of course the Globe could easily sell them cheaper than their competitor, as they bought their bankrupt stock 33½ cents on the dollar.

Moral—Buy your clothing where you can save money.

The Veitch Funeral.

The funeral of the late Isaac M. Veitch yesterday afternoon was one of the most imposing ever witnessed in this city. Hundreds of people thronged the parlors of the family residence, and the floral remembrances were countless. The services took place at the Central Presbyterian Church, Drs. Brank and Tudor officiating. The cortege was a very large one, and was made up principally by large delegations from the various lodges of Odd Fellows. There were over 150 carriages in line. The regular Presbyterian services took place at the grave. The many organizations with which the deceased was connected were all represented, among them the City Mission and Tract Society.

"Rough on Rats."

Clears out rats, mice, roaches, flies, ants, bedbugs, skunks, chipmunk, gopher. 15c. Druggists.

It is Strange, Is it Not?

Other houses sell Middlesex and Assabet flannel suits at $12 50; our price, $9. Fine imported corkscrew suits are sold elsewhere at $30; our price, $10 and $12 50 in the great Boston bankrupt sale of clothing this week at the

GLOBE, 714 and 716 Franklin avenue.

DISCIPLINING.

The League Directors in Chicago Waking Up.

Games Saturday and Sunday—A New Tricycle—Diamond Chips—Sporting Notes and Sundries.

The unusual reverses sustained by the Chicago League Club, and the wretched place they hold in the present fight has stirred the directors of the Club up to an appreciation of the fact that something must be done, and that quickly. The Chicago Tribune of yesterday has the following very sharp criticism of the situation: "Chicago is now at the very foot of the list—a position the Chicago club has at no time occupied since 1879. It is a club capable of the best and worst playing of any in the league, and it has with extraordinary persistency done its worst this year. Capt. Anson in April laid out a programme very different from that which he has followed. He declared that he was not going to stand any foolishness this season—no late hours, no bumming, no indifferent play; that he would fine every man who fell short of strict obedience in this respect, and double the fine for each succeeding offense. Evidently he has not kept to his plan of action. President Spalding last week wrote him a very severe letter, ordering him to be more strict in discipline than ever before, and even to hire detectives, if necessary, to find out whether any of the players slipped out of the hotels after 11 o'clock and went on a carousal. Two of the players were fined $50 each for drunkenness while in Boston, and if half of the reports are true, two or three more should have lost most of their salaries in fines long before this. That such a condition of things should have existed now for two seasons forcibly suggests the necessity for sterner measures than any that have yet been enforced. The black-list and expulsion yet remain, and should be brought into operation. If the places of four of the regulars should be filled by an equal number of the reserves the club would be no worse off, and it might be improved at least to the extent of not losing games on account of drunkenness."

Although the reports concerning the St. Louis club have been exaggerated, a great deal in the above applies to their recent ill-success and a stricter policy will be inaugurated and insisted upon. It is in the power of the directors to strike at the root of the evil and, as will be seen elsewhere, they have taken the initial steps in that direction. The utility of the Reserve idea is being practically demonstrated and it will be applied "where it will do the most good" no matter who has to be sacrificed.

Yesterday's Local Games.

The heavy rain yesterday threw a damper over local operations. At each of the parks the audience had to be content with three innings and rain checks.

The Allegheny and St. Louis Reserves opened with the home club in advance, making two tallies. The visitors tied this in the record, and rain caused a cessation of hostilities. After awhile play was resumed, the home reserves making four runs. Rain again broke forth heavily, and after waiting the stipulated half hour, play was suspended, although the sun came out merrily a few minutes after.

At the Union Park the Prickly Ash Bitters took hold of the Unionists in a decidedly business like style, and from the way they closed them up in a triple play it looked as though the big batters had a rather lengthier contract on hand than they had found with any of the prentice teams they have been practicing with. The P. A. Bs. are a strong and powerful young team and full of fine sporting local talent. The game promised to be a most exciting one.

Games Saturday and Yesterday.

At the Union grounds on Saturday a splendid audience gathered to see the last of the present St. Louis series here with the Unions of Boston. Bond and Crane were the visitors' battery. The former pitched one of his old-time games, and succeeded in beating Dunlap's men for the first time this season. The result, which was a big surprise to every one, was a score of 8 to 1 in favor of Boston, the local team getting their only tally in the ninth inning. Dunlap's batted Hodnett all over the field. The game was well played, and the crowd cheered the visitors all through it.

At Chicago, the Chicago Unions beat the Baltimores by a score of 3 to 2; and the Altoonas scored another victory, beating the Washingtons by a score of 8 to 2. At Cincinnati the home club beat the Keystones by a score of 22 to 6. Yesterday Cincinnati again defeated the Keystones by a score of 8 to 7. At Chicago the Baltimore Unions beat the Chicagos by a score of 4 to 0.

The League series on Saturday resulted in the following events: The Providence gave the New York a terrific thrashing by a score of 19 to 5, giving the Providence men the lead in the race. The Bostons are keeping up well, and knocked out the Philadelphias by a score of 13 to 0. Chicago kept on its steady run of defeat, the Buffalos doing them up by a score of 8 to 4. The Detroits beat the Clevelands by a score of 14 to 2, but still have the distinction of being on the end.

The American Association series was continued, Cincinnati beating the Toledos by a score of 11 to 2; the Athletics beat the Pittsburg by a score of 10 to 1; the Mets beat the Washingtons by a score of 8 to 3; the Baltimores took a trophy from the Brooklyns by a score of 4 to 3, and Louisville beat the Indianapolis by a score of 5 to 1. The leaders all took a step forward with the exception of the St. Louis, who did not meet the Columbus. Yesterday the latter resumed their series at Columbus, and St. Louis received another defeat by a score of 5 to 2. The attendance was large, and the visitors and the umpire were very badly treated. St. Louis was outbatted in the ratio of 2 to one; the base hits standing 8 to 4. The St. Louis played a fair game, but were lamentably weak at the stick. In the fielding Quest and Deasly took the honors. The Louisville again beat the Indianapolis by a score of 5 to 1.

A New Tricycle.

There is in course of construction in this city a new patented tricycle, which, if it accomplishes all the designer and manufacturer claims for it, will prove a decided innovation in this class of locomotion. The machine, of course, has three wheels, as the name itself implies, like all other tricycles, but in several very essential features its make-up is a new one to the public. It has a body like that of a dog-cart or lady's phaeton. The seat is raised and placed upon the frame similar in design to one of the above spoken-of carriages. The front of the body is protected by a dash board and the sides are of a good height. The machine is propelled like that of a rowing machine, with the appurtenances similar to those used in a gymnasium. The motion is like that of rowing a boat, with the motive power directly in front of the rider, who bends forward and recovering each movement sends the tricycle along at a rapid rate. The machine has an automatic movement on the small side-wheel consisting of a lever with handle attached, which works up and down on a circular notched plate. This arrangement enables the rider to remain in a natural position going along the side of a hill, or up and down a grade. It is an excellent feature, and will prove of great advantage to ladies who are fearful of going too fast down hill, or of an upset on a side of a road. The motive power is manipulated by a ratchet pully, upon which a link belt chain passes. Something new in the nature of a rolling spring, which can be attached and detached going over rough places, in order to regulate the speed, is also a part of this new-fangled tricycle. The large or 'driving-wheel will be 38 inches, and the front will be 20 inches, while the side wheel will be 28 inches. The driving-wheel has an excellent idea in the nature of a covering, a protection which the ladies particularly will appreciate, as it keeps the dust, dirt and mud from entering their domain. The driving-wheel carries two-thirds of the weight, and upon it depends the degree of speed which can be attained.

Off for the East.

Goldsby, the excellent left fielder of the St. Louis club, left for the East last evening, and will join the St. Louis Browns in New York, playing there tomorrow in their opening series with the Mets. He will be a great addition to the outfield and undoubtedly to their batting strength, being a better man at the stick than several of the men now on the team. Harry Wheeler has been called home and will probably report here to-day or to-morrow morning.

St. Louis vs Philadelphia.

The Keystone Club of Philadelphia will be the team opposing the St. Louis Unions during the coming week. They play games here to-morrow, Thursday and Friday. Friday being Decoration Day, games will be played in the morning and afternoon. Buck Weaver is again pitching for the Keystones, and with him in the points it took the Cincinnati team twelve innings to defeat the Keystones, the score standing 8 to 7. Besides Weaver the Keystones have Luff, McCormick, Hoover and several other well known professionals with them.

Bob Ferguson's Case.

Bob Ferguson denies ever having signed with the New York League Club. He was asked his terms and gave them. These were higher than expected and the engagement hung fire. At last, when urgent demands for his services came from Washington and Pittsburg, he went to Mr. Day and asked him what conclusion he had reached. Ferguson positively declined to sign with the club unless under a special contract, which ignored all reservation of his services after the close of the season, and which also required his services only as a player, and not as a captain or manager, neither of which positions he would take in the New York Club. Finally, when he found that there was a minority in the team who were opposed to him, he declined to enter the club, and at once signed as manager of the Pittsburg team for 1884, the entire control of that team being placed in his hands. The whole of his business transactions were with John B. Day, Capt. Price having nothing to do with the engagement at all. Connor, Welch, Gillespie and Ewing wanted him in the team, he says, and all he intended to do was to play in the infield, having nothing whatever to do with the team in any other respect. The report of his signing and then being "kicked out of the team" is erroneous in every respect.

Diamond Chips.

Jim Galvin is all right again, and is pitching a fine game for Buffalo.

The Quick Steps defeated the Benton Blues yesterday by a score of 17 to 4.

Schotten's nine defeated the Meyer-Bain nine yesterday by a score of 16 to 8.

The little Deasleys began their season by defeating the Blue Clippers by a score of 26 to 25.

The Apollo Base Ball Club defeated the Haydock Brothers by a score of 6 to 0 in five innings.

The Pittsburg Club did not make a single hit off Atkinson, the Athletic pitcher, on Saturday.

The original Crescents received a drubbing yesterday from the Salenas by a score of 17 to 6.

The Lathams beat the Diamonds at the Christian Brothers' College yesterday by a score of 13 to 3.

The Pony Grays were defeated by Lebanon Woodcracks, of Lebanon, Ill., by a score of 10 to 7 yesterday.

The Spear Head base-ball club defeated the Star Sprinkler base-ball club yesterday by a score of 17 to 6.

Cahill was released by the Philadelphia Club last Tuesday. He can play with the Columbus team on May 30.

The Cincinnati Union has signed old Sam Crane as a second baseman. The Mets dropped him as worthless.

The Eclipse defeated a strong picked nine yesterday by a score of 25 to 5. The Eclipse knocked out their own battery.

The Cleveland Reserves, who were transferred to Akron, will be here this week and will continue their series with the St. Louis Reserves.

The Chicago Union players are beginning to "jump." Two of them left last week, and more are apt to follow. The Mullane matter has not had a good effect on professional ball playing.

George Seward, while umpiring the Metropolitan-Washington game on Saturday, in New York, was overcome by the heat, and the game had to be called at the end of the seventh inning.

Some definite rule should be made in regard to a ball lodging in a catcher's mask in cases of a foul tip. The umpires generally give the batsman out, but the decision always provokes an argument.

The Westerns and Lyons played at Compton Avenue Park yesterday. The Lyons had two men out in the fifth innings, when rain stopped the game; the score was Westerns 2; Lyons 1; base hits: Westerns 5; Lyons 2.

The Lacledes from Marine avenue were batted unmercifully yesterday by the Anheuser-Busch nine and defeated by the one-sided score of 25 to 1. The Lacledes worked hard but Vogel's delivery was too much for them.

Saturday afternoon the clerks of Samuel Cupples Woodenware Company defeated the porters of the same house by a score of 8 to 6. The clerks attribute their success to the effective pitching of McClelland. The catching of Heintz for the porters was also a feature of the game.

A dispatch received from the manager of the Keystone Club of Philadelphia, this morning, asked that only one game be played on Decoration day and that the one scheduled for the morning of that day be played on the afternoon of the following day (Saturday). The request was granted.

The Leubries have organized a club with players as follows: T. Brightenstone, c.; W. Gorman, p.; J. Shea, 1 b.; J. Burke, 2 b.; M. Hartnett, s. s.; D. Miller, 3 b.; T. Gorman, l. f.; H. Friedneyr, c. f.; T. Fox, r. f. Challenges will be received from all clubs under 15 years of age.

The rulers of G. D. Barnard & Co. defeated the binders Saturday by a score of 22 to 7. This nine having defeated the lithographers, printers, and binders are now the representative team of the firm, and would like to hear from nines connected with other stationery houses. Address all challenges to Joseph Rogers, care G. D. Barnard & Co.

The St. Louis Bank Note Co. Base-ball Club have organized for the season, and will receive challenges from any commercial house in the city. The Geo. B. Barnard Base-ball Club were defeated by them Saturday by a score of 16 to 15. The following are the players: Geo. B. Johnson, p.; John Conners, 1 b.; F. Day, s. s.; John Clar, l. f.; Fred Clar, c. f.; Wm. Plogky, r. f.; Jas. Young, p.; Frank Bradley, c.; E. Meyers, 1 b. and captain. Address 409 North Fourth street, care St. Louis Bank Note Co.

The facts in the case of the Chicago "jumping" are thus detailed in the Times: "Manager Hengle of the Chicago Unions is justly indignant over the attempt of the Northwestern League clubs to seduce his players. Last week the St. Paul Club, through their manager, John Hunter, induced Billy Foley, the third baseman of the Chicago Unions, to jump engagements with them. He left, however, and with the St. Paul team yesterday in Terre Haute. He was promised $300 a month more. The Unions have also had five other men approached by the St. Paul Club, it is said, among them being Kreig, the catcher. It will hardly pay any respectable player to jump his contract, as the club that gets him never has a good opinion of him as a man afterward. Manager Hengle says he wants to deny the story that he is to desert the club.

Sporting Sundries.

Woodside and Morgan went as far as Washington on their trip across the continent on bicycles, and then gave it up as a poor job. Too much work and no pay.

There are twenty-one bookmakers on the ground at Louisville this year. They did not put in an appearance on the opening day, owing to not having come to terms with the official pool-sellers. They pay in the neighborhood of $15,000 for ten days' racing.

Buchanan is well engaged the present season. He meets General Harding at Latonia and Chicago. The son of Great Tom makes his first appearance this season on the 31st instant, in the Hindoo Stakes. He is in the Chicago Derby at Washington Park, and also in a number of other stakes.

The English stallion Stylites arrived in New York on Wednesday on the National steamer Erin, from London May 7. He stood the voyage, which was very rough, extremely well. Stylites is a bay, foaled in 1876, and is a son of Hermit, from Corinbra, by Kingston; second dam Calcavella, by Bird catcher; third dam Caroline, by Irish Drone, etc.

The English Derby will be run at Epsom on Wednesday, May 28. The betting on the event is as follows: Four to 1 against Queen Adelaide (taken and offered); 7 to 1 against Harvester (taken and offered); 8 to 1 against Talisman (taken and offered); 10 to 1 against St. Medard (taken); 10 to 1 against Richmond (offered, 100 to 9 taken); 20 to 1 against Borneo (taken and offered); and from 20 to 200 to 1 against the others.

Albert Hamm, the New Bedford sculler, who is matched to row George W. Hosmer, is one of a family of ten children, four of whom give promise of becoming excellent oarsman. One remarkable fact concerning the family is that none of the members know what it is to drink or smoke, and liquor and tobacco are unknown in the house. The father is now 55 years of age, and is considered one of the most powerful men in Sambro.

Ex-Governor Leland Stanford has canceled all the valuable engagements of his horses for 1884. Neither his trotters nor his runners will appear on the turf. His only child, a bright and manly boy, in whom were centered the fondest hopes, recently died of fever, at Rome, and now the great house of Stanford is without an heir. The bereavement weighs heavily upon the hearts of the parents, and it has changed for a time the current of their lives.

Buchanan, which won the American Derby this year, is a full brother to Harry Gilmore; their dam was one of the last of the Wagner mares. She was bred in 1861, and for many years drew a buggy. Mr. James Guest often proposed to her owner to breed the mare to Buckden and get a racehorse, but his invariable answer was: "No, she's too good a buggy mare, and I couldn't spare her." The gentleman at last consented to send her to Buckden, and the result was Harry Gilmore. The second time it was tried, and the outcome was Buchanan, the Derby winner. Since then the old mare has had Jim Guest in 1882, and Lewis Clark in 1883, both by Buckden. These are not isolated cases; the dams of both Teddington and Sir Tatton Sykes were reckoned worthless mares for breeding, and the lame mare, by Androssan, and dam of Beeswing, was sold for almost nothing.

CIGARETTE smokers who want the best should smoke the Richmond Straight Cut, No. 1.

Grandfathers and Grandmothers, Fathers and Mothers, Brothers and Sisters.

HERE IS SOME CANDY FOR THE BOYS.

150 children's suits at 75c; better grades at $1 50. Boys' suits up to 17 years, $1 50; better styles at $2 50. Our $5 all-wool cassimere suits are sold elsewhere at $10. Remember, this is the great Boston bankrupt stock, and is to be had only at the

GLOBE, 714 and 716 Franklin avenue.

A Lost Boy.

A boy about 4 years of age, having light hair, wearing a blue waist and pants and a straw hat, was found yesterday at Keokuk street and Jefferson avenue. He was taken in charge by the police, who await the call of parents.

Union Cassimere Knee Pants Only 25 Cents.
In the great Boston bankrupt sale of clothing this week at the GLOBE, 714 and 716 Franklin avenue.

"Shtop a Leedle"

Before you throw away a cool $25; for that is just the difference between the "FAMOUS" price for an IMPORTED CORKSCREW CUTAWAY SUIT and the figure a merchant tailor would ask you for the identical same fabric, cut and trimmed the same way, and in no respect superior to the suit we offer you at $25, on which the custom price would be $50. And remember, citizen with an eye to economy, that our $25 Suit IS A $35 SUIT. Then you say, "Why do you sell it for $25?" We will tell you, gentle stranger: These elegant Suits belong to our great $86,500 purchase of Men's and Boys' Fine Clothing made ten days ago in New York and Philadelphia, and we beat the record so bad on Low Buying that we can beat our competitors $10 on a suit and merchant tailors $25. If you think the amount is worth saving now is YOUR TIME TO INVEST. We mention this as "one among a thousand" GRAND BARGAINS in the best grade of Clothing we show this week at

FAMOUS
SHOE AND CLOTHING CO.

SIX STORES UNDER ONE ROOF.
CLOTHING, SHOES,
FURNISHINGS, HATS,
MILLINERY, CHINA.
ANNEX DEPARTMENTS:
Parasols, Books, Trunks, Satchels, and Hammocks.
Base Ball Cap goes free with every boy's hat or cap bought from Famous.

TWO CHUMS QUARREL

And Attempt to Settle Their Difficulties With a Knife.

Thomas Dwyer and Joseph Tobin are two molders who came to St. Louis a few weeks ago and went to work at the Missouri Pacific Machine Shops. They had a quarrel at their boarding-house a few evenings ago, and Saturday night another quarrel occurred at the shops. They agreed to settle the matter in a fight and set to in pugilistic style. Tobin, it is claimed, drew a knife which he attempted to use on Dwyer, but Dwyer wrested the knife from him, cutting his (Dwyer's) fingers terribly, and then proceeded to use the knife on Tobin. He cut Tobin's arm at the first slash, and then stabbed him three times in the body. Tobin fell to the ground, bleeding profusely. An ambulance conveyed him to the City Hospital. Dwyer was locked up in the Fifth District Station.

The Tale of a Handkerchief

Has been tragically told by Shakespeare, who relates in his great masterpiece, "Othello," of how much mischief this innocent acquisition to the toilet may occasion when used as a medium of prompting jealousy between two fond hearts. We'll casually mention in this connection that "Famous" furnishing goods department is offering, this week, 1,000 dozen gents linen hem-stitched handkerchiefs with fancy borders for 25 cents, that cannot be duplicated anywhere else for less than half a dollar. See our great line of 50c silk scarfs and the enormous variety of underwear we carry at bottom prices.

Competition is Useless.

To-morrow we will show 500 men's suits of all-wool cassimere, in twenty-five styles, worth $15, for $7 50 in the great Boston bankrupt sale of clothing this week at the GLOBE,
714 and 716 Franklin avenue.

A GENTLEMAN residing on Eugenia street writes to say that the Board of Health should investigate the sewer at No. 2134 on that street, as it is out of order.

TEST YOUR BAKING POWDER TO-DAY!
Brands advertised as absolutely pure
CONTAIN AMMONIA.

THE TEST:
Place a can top down on a hot stove until heated, then remove the cover and smell. A chemist will not be required to detect the presence of ammonia.

DOES NOT CONTAIN AMMONIA.
ITS HEALTHFULNESS HAS NEVER BEEN QUESTIONED.
In a million homes for a quarter of a century it has stood the consumers' reliable test,
THE TEST OF THE OVEN.
PRICE BAKING POWDER CO.,
MAKERS OF
Dr. Price's Special Flavoring Extracts,
The strongest, most delicious and natural flavor known, and
Dr. Price's Lupulin Yeast Gems
For Light, Healthy Bread, The Best Dry Hop Yeast in the World.
FOR SALE BY GROCERS.
CHICAGO. ST. LOUIS.

MANHOOD RESTORED.
A victim of early imprudence, causing nervous debility, premature decay, etc., having tried in vain every known remedy, has discovered a simple means of self-cure, which he will send FREE to his fellow-sufferers. Address, J. H. REEVES, 43 Chatham St., New York.

W-E O-W-N
AND ARE SELLING
CLOTHING
In Elegant Styles for Men, Youths, Boys and Children at
LESS MONEY
Than any house in St. Louis, and we'll leave it to you.
$15 Suits for $10. $18 Suits for $12. $20 Suits for $15,
$24 Suits for $18. $28 Suits for $20.
Not only are our Prices extremely LOW, but we are giving away—not a paltry gift that costs less than 5c—but a handsome, reliable and accurate timepiece. We are simply offering unapproachable values in every department, and are selling more Clothing than any house in the city.
F. W. HUMPHREY & CO.,
Retailers of Fine and Good-Fitting Clothes, Broadway, Cor. Pine St.
☞Our new Summer Fashion Book tells how and what to order, and whoever writes for one gets it FREE OF CHARGE.

The J. M. Ward Furniture, Stove and Carpet Co
1111, 1113 and 1115 Franklin Avenue,
An Elegant Stock of NEW and FRESH Goods
Just received and for sale at Greatly Reduced Prices on
WEEKLY OR MONTHLY PAYMENTS.
Call and see us. Open every Evening until 9 o'clock.

CATARRH

COMPLETE TREATMENT $1.
A single dose of Sanford's Radical Cure instantly relieves the most violent Sneezing or Head Colds, clears the Head as by magic, stops watery discharges from the Nose and Eyes, prevents Ringing Noises in the Head, cures Nervous Headache and subdues Chills and Fever. In Chronic Catarrh it cleanses the nasal passages of foul mucus, restores the senses of smell, taste and hearing when affected, frees the head, throat and bronchial tubes of offensive matter, sweetens and purifies the breath, stops the cough and arrests the progress of Catarrh towards Consumption.
One bottle Radical Cure, one box Catarrhal Solvent and one Dr. Sanford's Inhaler, in one package, of all druggists, for $1. Ask for SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE.
POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO., Boston.

PAIN IS THE CRY OF A SUFFERING NERVE
Collins' Voltaic Electric Plaster instantly affects the Nervous System and banishes pain. A perfect Electric Battery combined with a Porous Plaster for 25 cents. It annihilates Pain, vitalizes Weak and Worn Out Parts, Strengthens Tired Muscles, prevents Disease, and does more in one half the time than any other plaster in the world. Sold everywhere.

STOLEN! $200 REWARD!
On the night of May 21, 1884, the safe of
CHARLES WEZLER
Was broken into and the following whisky warehouse receipts stolen therefrom, viz:
20 bris Springwater, Oct., 1881, serial Nos. 5,835 to 5,854; 25 bris Springwater, Nov., 1881, serial Nos. 6,187 to 6,211; 20 bris O. P. C., April and May, 1882, 40 bris Carlisle, Oct., 1881, serial Nos. 14,889 to 14,928; 10 bris Carlisle, Jan., 1882, serial Nos. 17,981 to 17,940; 30 bris Mayfield, Dec., 1881, serial Nos. 26,871 to 26,900; 20 bris Mayfield, April, 1882, serial Nos. 37,243 to 37,262; 12 bris Spring Hill, Dec., 1881, serial Nos. 8,155 to 8,164 and 8,185 to 8,186; 5 bris Spring Hill, April, 1881, serial Nos. 6,432 to 6,936; 25 bris W. S. Hume, Sept., 1881, serial Nos. 27,394 to 27,418; 15 bris W. S. Hume, Feb., 1882, serial Nos. 34,027 to 34,036 and 34,072 to 34,085; 25 bris Old Times, March, 1882, serial Nos. 8,244 to 8,268; 5 bris Old Times, April, 1881, serial Nos. 5,456 to 5,460; 15 bris W. S. Stone, Sept., 1881, serial Nos. 5,125 to 5,139; 60 bris Rolling Fork, Dec., 1881, serial Nos. 6,641 to 6,700; 10 bris Rolling Fork, Jan., 1882, serial Nos. 8,076 to 8,090 and 8,091 to 8,096; 10 bris W. H. Thomas, April 1881, serial Nos. 315 to 324; 100 bris T. W. Samuels, May and June, 1881, serial Nos. 4,576 to 4,625 and 4,901 to 4,950; 5 bris Ky. Dew, April, 1881, 4,676 to 4,801; 100 bris Ky. Dew, April and May, 1882, serial Nos. 962 to 1,061 and 1,317 to 1,386; 10 bris Bel Air, April, 1881, serial Nos. 5,090 to 5,063; 25 bris Bel Air, December, 1881, serial Nos. 7,297 to 7,321; 5 bris Rich Grain, May, 1881, serial Nos. 6,208 to 6,212; 15 bris Rich Grain, Fall, 1881, serial Nos. 7,859 to 7,872; 25 bris Moore & Grisley, April and May, 1881, serial Nos. 1,246 to 1,270 and 1,279 to 1,298; 10 bris Clifton, March, 1881, serial Nos. 1,854 to 1,863; 50 bris Samuel Clay, jr., June, 1881, serial Nos. 5,763 to 5,812; 10 bris Samuel Clay, jr., April, 1881, serial Nos. 5,888 to 5,847; 5 bris Mellwood, May, 1882, serial Nos. 81,447 to 81,451.
Some of these were indorsed in blank.
Also some policies of insurance.
All persons are herewith warned against the purchase of any of said warehouse receipts, or to advance on same, as delivery of the goods has been stopped and duplicates applied for, and as said receipts are of no value to any one except to the undersigned, to whom said loss may cause some inconvenience, a reward of $200 is hereby offered for the return of the same, and no questions will be asked.
CHARLES WEZLER,
No. 214 S. Fourth st., St. Louis, Mo.

G. A. R.
Prepare for Decoration Day.
Every Blue Flannel Garment we sell is Warranted to hold Color. They fit perfectly, are well made and trimmed, and are marked in plain figures at the lowest possible prices. You can buy a full Suit or Coat, Vest and Pants separately, at the same proportionate price. Money refunded in all cases of dissatisfaction.
G. A. R. Coat and Vest Buttons furnished without extra charge. We have three qualities in stock and shall be pleased to have you call and get our prices.
POLACK'S
Men's and Boys' Clothiers,
213 and 215 Broadway, formerly 5th St.
P. S.—Samples furnished country correspondents.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

NOTICE OF ELECTION.—An election for four trustees of the Covenant Mutual Life Insurance Company of St. Louis, to serve for a term of four years, will be held at the office of the company, No. 713 Pine street, on Monday, June 2, 1884; polls to be opened at 9 o'clock a. m. and closed at 12 o'clock m.
E. WILKERSON, President.

OFFICE OF THE TAYLOR MANUFACTURING CO.—St. Louis, Mo., March 24, 1884.—Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the stockholders of the Taylor Manufacturing Company will be held at the office of the company, No. 511 North Main st., in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, on the 28th day of May, 1884, at 9 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of voting upon the proposition then and there to be submitted, to change and enlarge the articles of agreement of said company, so as to embrace within its objects and purposes the manufacture and sale not only of Taylor's Excelsior Yeast Powder, but baking powders of every kind, also all that class of articles generally known as grocers' sundries.
I. E. TAYLOR,
E. S. NORRIS,
J. N. NORRIS,
Majority of Directors.

NOTICE is hereby given that the annual meeting of stockholders of the Charles F. Chouteau Transportation Company will be held at the office of said Company, No. 941 North Second street, in the city of St. Louis, on Wednesday, June 4, 1884, for the election of directors and transacting such other business as may be brought before the meeting. Polls open from 9 o'clock a. m. to 12 o'clock m.
CHAS. C. MAFFITT, President.
PAUL A. FUSZ, Secretary.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN—That the annual meeting of stockholders of the Hsiena and New Orleans Transportation Company will be held at the office of said company, No. 941 N. Second st., in the city of St. Louis, on Wednesday, June 4, 1884, for the election of directors and transacting such other business as may be brought before the meeting. Polls open from 9 o'clock a. m. to 12 o'clock m.
C. C. MAFFITT, President.
PAUL A. FUSZ, Secretary.

NOTICE is hereby given that a meeting of the stockholders of the Collier Shot Tower Company will be held at the office of the company in the city of St. Louis, on June 21, 1884, at 9 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of voting upon a proposition, then and there to be submitted, to increase the capital stock of this company from $50,000, its present authorized capital, to $100,000.
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